20 SEP 2004

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From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF RECEIPT OF RECORD COPY

(PCT Rule 24.2(a))

MEYERS, Hans-Wilhelm Postfach 10 22 41 50462 Köln Germany

Date of mailing (day/month/year) **IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION** 28 April 2003 (28.04.03) Applicant's or agent's file reference International application No. 030640woMebs PCT/EP03/02857

The applicant is hereby notified that the International Bureau has received the record copy of the international application as detailed below.

Name(s) of the applicant(s) and State(s) for which they are applicants:

**EVOTEC NEUROSCIENCES GMBH (for all designated States except US)** VON DER KAMMER, Heinz et al (for US)

International filing date

19 March 2003 (19.03.03)

Priority date(s) claimed

21 March 2002 (21.03.02) 21 March 2002 (21.03.02)

Date of receipt of the record copy

by the International Bureau

15 April 2003 (15.04.03)

List of designated Offices

AP:GH,GM,KE,LS,MW,MZ,SD,SL,SZ,TZ,UG,ZM,ZW

EA:AM,AZ,BY,KG,KZ,MD,RU,TJ,TM

EP:AT,BE,BG,CH,CY,CZ,DE,DK,EE,ES,FI,FR,GB,GR,HU,IE,IT,LU,MC,NL,PT,RO,SE,SI,SK,TR

OA:BF,BJ,CF,CG,CI,CM,GA,GN,GQ,GW,ML,MR,NE,SN,TD,TG

National: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ,

EC,EE,ES,FI,GB,GD,GE,GH,GM,HR,HU,ID,IL,IN,IS,JP,KE,KG,KP,KR,KZ,LC,LK,LR,LS,LT,LU,

LV,MA,MD,MG,MK,MN,MW,MX,MZ,NI,NO,NZ,OM,PH,PL,PT,RO,RU,SC,SD,SE,SG,SK,SL,TJ,TM,TN,

TR,TT,TZ,UA,UG,US,UZ,VC,VN,YU,ZA,ZM,ZW

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Authorized officer:

R. Grenier (Fax 338 8970)

Telephone No. (41-22) 338 8277

Facsimile No. (41-22) 338.89.70

### **PCT**

### NOTIFICATION CONCERNING SUBMISSION OR TRANSMITTAL OF PRIORITY DOCUMENT

(PCT Administrative Instructions, Section 411)

**EVOTEC NEUROSCIENCES GMBH et al** 

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

MEYERS, Hans-Wilh Postfach 10 22 41 50462 Köln

Germany

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0 6. DKT. 2003

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 30 September 2003 (30.09.03)	CS K 7 21 40 0		
Applicant's or agent's file reference 030640woMebs	IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION		
International application No. PCT/EP03/02857	International filing date (day/month/year) 19 March 2003 (19.03.03)		
International publication date (day/month/year)  Not yet published	Priority date (day/month/year) 21 March 2002 (21.03.02)		
Applicant			

- 1. The applicant is hereby notified of the date of receipt (except where the letters "NR" appear in the right-hand column) by the International Bureau of the priority document(s) relating to the earlier application(s) indicated below. Unless otherwise indicated by an asterisk appearing next to a date of receipt, or by the letters "NR", in the right-hand column, the priority document concerned was submitted or transmitted to the International Bureau in compliance with Rule 17.1(a) or (b).
- 2. This updates and replaces any previously issued notification concerning submission or transmittal of priority documents.
- 3. An asterisk(\*) appearing next to a date of receipt, in the right-hand column, denotes a priority document submitted or transmitted to the International Bureau but not in compliance with Rule 17.1(a) or (b). In such a case, the attention of the applicant is directed to Rule 17.1(c) which provides that no designated Office may disregard the priority claim concerned before giving the applicant an opportunity, upon entry into the national phase, to furnish the priority document within a time limit which is reasonable under the circumstances.
- 4. The letters "NR" appearing in the right-hand column denote a priority document which was not received by the International Bureau or which the applicant did not request the receiving Office to prepare and transmit to the International Bureau, as provided by Rule 17.1(a) or (b), respectively. In such a case, the attention of the applicant is directed to Rule 17.1(c) which provides that no designated Office may disregard the priority claim concerned before giving the applicant an opportunity, upon entry into the national phase, to furnish the priority document within a time limit which is reasonable under the circumstances.

Priority date	Priority application No.	Country or regional Office or PCT receiving Office	Date of receipt of priority document
21 Marc 2002 (21.03.02)	02006353.3	EP	16 Sept 2003 (16.09.03)
21 Marc 2002 (21.03.02)	60/365,815	US	12 June 2003 (12.06.03)

ONSPOS

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Authorized officer

Elisabeth KÖNIG (Fax 338 8970)

Telephone No. (41-22) 338 8748

Facsimile No. (41-22) 338.89.70

From the INTERNATION

WO 03/080661 PCT/EP03/02857

### **PCT**

NOTICE INFORMING THE APPLICANT OF THE COMMUNICATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION TO THE DESIGNATED OFFICES

(PCT Rule 47.1(c), first sentence)

MEYERS, Hans-WilherYK Sg W Da Hi HPJME TW JH KB Postfach 10 22 41 50462 Köln ALLEMAGNE 13.0KT. 2003

UREAU

Date of mailing(day/month/year)
02 October 2003 (02.10.03)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 030640woMebs

IMPORTANT NOTICE

International application No. PCT/EP03/02857

International filing date(day/month/year)
19 March 2003 (19.03.03)

Priority date(day/month/year)
21 March 2002 (21.03.02)

Applicant

### **EVOTEC NEUROSCIENCES GMBH**

1. Notice is hereby given that the International Bureau has communicated, as provided in Article 20, the international application to the following designated Offices on the date indicated above as the date of mailing of this notice:

AU, AZ, BY, CH, CN, CO, DE, DZ, HU, JP, KG, KP, KR, MD, MK, MZ, RU, TM, US

In accordance with Rule 47.1(c), third sentence, those Offices will accept the present notice as conclusive evidence that the communication of the international application has duly taken place on the date of mailing indicated above and no copy of the international application is required to be furnished by the applicant to the designated Office(s).

2. The following designated Offices have waived the requirement for such a communication at this time:

AE, AG, AL, AM, AP, AT, BA, BB, BG, BR, BZ, CA, CR, CU, CZ, DK, DM, EA, EC, EE, EP, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MG, MN, MW, MX, NI, NO, NZ, OA, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

The communication will be made to those Offices only upon their request. Furthermore, those Offices do not require the applicant to furnish a copy of the international application (Rule 49.1(a-bis)).

- Enclosed with this notice is a copy of the international application as published by the International Bureau on 02 October 2003 (02.10.03) under No. 03/080661
- 4. TIME LIMITS for filing a demand for international preliminary examination and for entry into the national phase

The applicable time limit for entering the national phase will, subject to what is said in the following paragraph, be 30 MONTHS from the priority date, not only in respect of any elected Office if a demand for international preliminary examination is filed before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date, but also in respect of any designated Office, in the absence of filing of such demand, where Article 22(1) as modified with effect from 1 April 2002 applies in respect of that designated Office. For further details, see *PCT Gazette* No. 44/2001 of 1 November 2001, pages 19926, 19932 and 19934, as well as the *PCT Newsletter*, October and November 2001 and February 2002 issues.

In practice, time limits other than the 30-month time limit will continue to apply, for various periods of time, in respect of certain designated or elected Offices. For regular updates on the applicable time limits (20, 21, 30 or 31 months, or other time limit), Office by Office, refer to the PCT Gazette, the PCT Newsletter and the PCT Applicant's Guide, Volume II, National Chapters, all available from WIPO's Internet site, at http://www.wipo.int/pct/en/index.html.

For filing a demand for international preliminary examination, see the PCT Applicant's Guide, Volume I/A, Chapter IX. Only an applicant who is a national or resident of a PCT Contracting State which is bound by Chapter II has the right to file a demand for international preliminary examination (at present, all PCT Contracting States are bound by Chapter II).

It is the applicant's sole responsibility to monitor all these time limits.

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Authorized officer

Judith Zahra

Telephone No.(41-22) 338.91.11

Form PCT/IB/308 (April 2002)

Facsimile No.(41-22) 740.14.35

# PATENT COOPERATION TREATY PCT



20 SEP 2004

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

Applicant's or agent's file reference  FOR FURTHER see Notification of Transmittal of International Search Report (Form PCT/ISA/220) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.  ACTION					
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)			
PCT/EP 03/02857	19/03/2003	21/03/2002			
Applicant					
EVOTEC NEUROSCIENCES GMBH					
This International Search Report has bee according to Article 18. A copy is being tra	n prepared by this International Searching Aut ansmitted to the International Bureau.	nority and is transmitted to the applicant			
This International Search Report consists  It is also accompanied by	of a total of sheets. a copy of each prior art document cited in this	report.			
Basis of the report					
a. With regard to the language, the language in which it was filed, un	international search was carried out on the balless otherwise indicated under this item.	sis of the international application in the			
the international search w Authority (Rule 23.1(b)).	vas carried out on the basis of a translation of t	he international application furnished to this			
b. With regard to any nucleotide ar was carried out on the basis of th	id/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the in	ternational application, the international search			
l con	onal application in written form.				
filed together with the inte	ernational application in computer readable for	n.			
furnished subsequently to	this Authority in written form.				
furnished subsequently to	this Authority in computer readble form.	•			
	the statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.				
the statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished					
2. X Certain claims were fou	nd unsearchable (See Box I).				
3. Unity of invention is lac	king (see Box II).				
4 Maria accord to the Atalo					
4. With regard to the <b>title</b> ,	shmitted by the applicant				
	the text is approved as submitted by the applicant.  The text has been established by this Authority to read as follows:				
DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC USE OF HUMAN MAGUIN PROTEINS AND NUCLEIC ACIDS FOR NEURODEGENERATIVE DISEASE					
5. With regard to the abstract,					
the text is approved as submitted by the applicant. the text has been established, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this Authority as it appears in Box III. The applicant may, within one month from the date of mailing of this international search report, submit comments to this Authority.					
6. The figure of the <b>drawings</b> to be pub	ished with the abstract is Figure No.	1			
X as suggested by the appl	icant.	None of the figures.			
because the applicant fail	ed to suggest a figure.				
because this figure better	characterizes the invention.				

### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No PCT/EP 02857

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 CO7K14/47 C12M G01N33/53 C07K16/18 C12N15/12 C12N5/10 A61K48/00 A01K67/027 C12Q1/68 A61K38/16 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC **B. FIELDS SEARCHED** Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 C12N C07K G01N C12Q A61K Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) GENSEQ, EMBL, EPO-Internal, WPI Data C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Relevant to claim No. Category ° Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages X DATABASE EMBL 'Online! 11,13, 16 January 2002 (2002-01-16) 14,16, LANIGAN, T.M. AND GUAN, K.L.: "Homo sapiens 20,26, 28,29 connector enhancer of KSR2A mRNA, complete cds." Database accession no. AF418269 XP002210679 Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex. Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but \*A\* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention \*E\* earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention filing date cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed Invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docucitation or other special reason (as specified) \*O\* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled other means document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed \*&\* document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 30/06/2003 18 June 2003 Authorized officer Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016 ALCONADA RODRIG... A

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### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/EP 02857

		PCI/ER	02857
C.(Continu	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED BE RELEVANT		
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages		Relevant to claim No.
X	DATABASE GENSEQ 'Online!  8 November 2000 (2000-11-08) TAKAI,Y. ET AL.: "Rat MAGUIN 1 protein" Database accession no. AAY92942 XP002210736 -& DATABASE WPI Section Ch, Week 200033 Derwent Publications Ltd., London, GB; Class B04, AN 2000-387785 XP002210680 & WO 00 29572 A (KAGAKU GIJUTSU SHINKO JIGYODAN), 25 May 2000 (2000-05-25) abstract		11,13, 14,16, 20,26, 28,29
X	DATABASE GENSEQ 'Online!  8 November 2000 (2000-11-08) TAKAI, Y. ET AL.: "Rat MAGUIN 2 protein" Database accession no. AAY92943 XP002210737 -& DATABASE WPI Section Ch, Week 200033 Derwent Publications Ltd., London, GB; Class B04, AN 2000-387785 XP002210680 & WO 00 29572 A (KAGAKU GIJUTSU SHINKO JIGYODAN), 25 May 2000 (2000-05-25) abstract		11,13, 14,16, 20,26, 28,29
,			

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### FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.2

Claims Nos.: 12-15 (in part) and 19, 21-25 (complete)

Present claim 12 relates to a method of treating or preventing a neurodegenerative disease, said method comprising adminstering to said subject an amount of an agent, wherein said agent is defined by reference to a desirable characterisitc or property, namely, that said agent directly or indirectly modulates the activity or level of the (i) gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2; and/or (ii) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 or human MAGUIN-2 and/or (iii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 and/or a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii). The claims cover the methods that involve the adminastration of an agent having this characteristic or property, whereas the application provides support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT for only a very limited number of such agents. In the present case, the claims so lack support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search of the claimed scope is impossible. Independent of the above reasoning, the claims also lack clarity (Article 6 PCT). An attempt is made to define the agent by reference to a result to be achieved. Again, this lack of clarity in the present case is such as to render a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope impossible. Consequently, the search has been carried out for those parts of the claims which appear to be clear, supported and disclosed, namely those parts relating to the methods which make use of the agent, wherein the agent comprises the human MAGUIN-1 or MAGUIN-2 polypeptide sequences or the corresponding polynucleotide sequence in sense or antisense orientation (see page 14 from the description).

The same objection applies to claim 13, which refers to the above mentioned agent or modulator as such, to claim 14 which refers to pharmaceutical compositions comprising said modulator and to claim 15, which refers to the second medical use of said modulator.

Present claim 19 relates to a method for the identification of a compound for inhibition of binding between a ligand and human MAGUIN-1 or MAGUIN-2, wherein said method implies contacting MAGUIN-1 or MAGUIN-2 with a detectable ligand in the presence of the compound to be tested. The claim cover all possible MAGUIN ligands, whereas the application does not provides support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT for any of such MAGUIN ligandss. In the present case, the claim so lacks support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search of the claim is impossible. Independent of the above reasoning, the claim also lack clarity (Article 6 PCT). An attempt is made to define the product by reference to a result to be achieved. Again, this lack of clarity in the present case is such as to render a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope impossible. Consequently, the search has been not carried out for those claims.

Claims 21-25 relate to methods of producing medicaments and medicaments

### FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

obtained by said method, wherein said medicaments contain a compound which is defined by reference to a desirable characterisitic or property, namely, that the compund can be identified by the methods of claim 18-20. The claims cover all compounds having this characteristic or property, whereas the application provides support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT for none of such compounds. In the present case, the claims so lack support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope is impossible. Independent of the above reasoning, the claims also lack clarity (Article 6 PCT). An attempt is made to define the compound by reference to a result to be achieved. Again, this lack of clarity in the present case is such as to render a meaningful search of the claim impossible. Consequently, the search has not been carried out for those claims.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.

Box I	Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This Inte	ernational Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1. χ	Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
	Although claims 12 and 17 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.
2. X	Claims Nos.: 12-15 (in part) and 19, 21-25 (complete) because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
	see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210
з. 🔲	Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II	Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This Inte	ernational Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
1.	As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2.	As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3.	As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4	No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark	on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
	No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

# PENT COOPERATION TREATY PCT



20 SEP2004

### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

(Rationalised Report according to the Notice of the President of the EPO published in the OJ11/2001)

Applicant's or agent's file reference	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification	on of Transmittal of International kamination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)	
030640wo/Me/sto	1 (1) 1 (1)		Priority date (day/month/year)	
International application No.	International filing date (day)	monin/yeur)		
PCT/EP03/02857 19/03/2003 21/03/2002				
International Patent Classification (IPC) or				
	C07K14/47			
Applicant	•			
EVOTEC NEUROSCIENCES GMB	H ET AL.			
<ol> <li>This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.</li> </ol>				
2. This REPORT consists of a tota	1 of2 sheets, including	g this cover sneet		
This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).				
These annexes consists of a total	of sheets.			
3. This report contains indications re	elating to the following items:			
I X Basis of the report				
II Priority				
III X Non-establishment of	opinion with regard to novelty,	inventive step and	l industrial applicability	
IV Lack of unity of inver			e step or industrial applicability:	
V X Reasoned statement u citations and explanati	ons supporting such statement	noverty, inventiv	e step or industrial applicability;	
VI Certain documents cit	ed			
VII Certain defects in the				
VIII Certain observations	on the international application			
·				
	I Do	te of completion	of this report	
Date of submission of the demand  Date of completion of this report				
20/10/2003				
			EUROP INSCHES PATENTAL	
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/  Authorized officer  DE BUNDEL E R J			R J	
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/  European Patent Office, Gitschiner Str. 103  D-10969 Berlin - Germany  D-10969 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10				
Tel.: (+49-30) 25901-0 Fax: (+49-30) 25901-840  Tel. (+49-89) 2399 2828				
The state of the s				

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) P20476 (October 2002)

## International application No.

#### Basis of the report 1.

The basis of this international preliminary examination is the application as originally filed.

Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial III. applicability

The question of whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step, or to be industrially applicable has not been the subject of the international preliminary examination in respect of the claims which have not been searched (Article 17(2)(a) or (3) and Rule 66.1(e) PCT); see also international search report).

Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability

To the extent that the international preliminary examination has been carried out (see item III above), the following is pointed out:

In light of the documents cited in the international search report, it is considered that the invention as defined in at least some of the claims, which have been the subject of an international search report, does not appear to meet the criteria mentioned in Article 33(1) PCT, i.e. does not appear to be novel and/or to involve an inventive step (see international search report, in particular the documents cited X and/or Y and corresponding claim references).



## 20 SEP 2004

(43) International Publication Date 2 October 2003 (02.10.2003)

PCT

## (10) International Publication Number WO 03/080661 A1

(51) International Patent Classification<sup>7</sup>: C07K 14/47, C12N 15/12, 5/10, C07K 16/18, G01N 33/53, C12Q 1/68, A61K 38/16, 48/00, A01K 67/027

(21) International Application Number: PCT/EP03/02857

(22) International Filing Date: 19 March 2003 (19.03.2003)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data:

02006353.3 60/365,815 21 March 2002 (21.03.2002) EP 21 March 2002 (21.03.2002) US

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): EVOTEC NEUROSCIENCES GMBH [DE/DE]; Schnackenburgallee 114, 22525 Hamburg (DE).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): VON DER KAM-MER, Heinz [DE/DE]; Verbindungsstr. 6d, 22607 Hamburg (DE). HANES, Jozef [SK/DE]; Dornkamp 15, 22869 Schenefeld (DE). **POHLNER, Johannes** [DE/DE]; Quittenweg 11, 22175 Hamburg (DE).

- (74) Agents: MEYERS, Hans-Wilhelm et al.; Postfach 10 22 41, 50462 Köln (DE).
- (81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

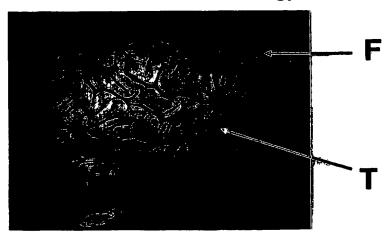
#### Published:

with international search report

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC USE OF HUMAN MAGUIN PROTEINS AND NUCLEIC ACIDS FOR NEURODEGENERATIVE DISEASES

## Identification of Genes Involved in Alzheimer's Disease Pathology



(57) Abstract: The present invention discloses the differential expression of the human MAGUIN-1caveolae-associatedintegral membrane protein flotillin-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 gene in specific brain regions of Alzheimer's disease patients. Based on this finding, this invention provides a method for diagnosing or prognosticating a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, se or other neurodegenerative diseases in a subject patient, or for determining whether a subject is at increased risk of developing such a disease or other related neurodegenerative diseases. Furthermore, this invention provides therapeutic and prophylactic methods for treating or preventing Alzheimer's disease and related neurodegenerative disorders using a human MAGUIN caveolae-associated integral membrane protein genegene.flotillin-1 A method of screening for modulating agents of neurodegenerative diseases is also disclosed.





For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.



## DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC USE OF HUMAN MAGUIN PROTEINS AND NUCLEIC ACIDS FOR NEURODEGENERATIVE DISEASES

The present invention relates to methods of diagnosing, prognosticating and monitoring the progression of neurodegenerative diseases in a subject. Furthermore, methods of therapy control and screening for modulating agents of neurodegenerative diseases are provided. The invention also discloses pharmaceutical compositions, kits, and recombinant animal models.

Neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease (AD), have a strongly debilitating impact on a patient's life. Furthermore, these diseases constitute an enormous health, social, and economic burden. AD is the most common neurodegenerative disease, accounting for about 70% of all dementia cases, and it is probably the most devastating age-related neurodegenerative condition affecting about 10% of the population over 65 years of age and up to 45% over age 85 (for a recent review see Vickers et al., *Progress in Neurobiology* 2000, 60: 139-165). Presently, this amounts to an estimated 12 million cases in the US, Europe, and Japan. This situation will inevitably worsen with the demographic increase in the number of old people ("aging of the baby boomers") in developed countries. The neuropathological hallmarks that occur in the brains of individuals with AD are senile plaques, composed of amyloid-β protein, and profound cytoskeletal changes coinciding with the appearance of abnormal filamentous structures and the formation of neurofibrillary tangles.

The amyloid- $\beta$  (A $\beta$ ) protein evolves from the cleavage of the amyloid precursor protein (APP) by different kinds of proteases. The cleavage by the  $\beta/\gamma$ -secretase leads to the formation of A $\beta$  peptides of different lengths, typically a short more soluble and slow aggregating peptide consisting of 40 amino acids and a longer 42 amino acid peptide, which rapidly aggregates outside the cells, forming the characteristic amyloid plaques (Selkoe, *Physiological Rev* 2001, 81: 741-66; Greenfield et al., *Frontiers Bioscience* 2000, 5: D72-83). Two types of plaques, diffuse plaques and neuritic plaques, can be detected in the brain of AD patients, the latter ones being the classical, most prevalent type. They are primarily found in the cerebral cortex and hippocampus. The neuritic plaques have a diameter of 50 $\mu$ m to 200 $\mu$ m and are composed of insoluble fibrillar amyloids, fragments of dead neurons, of microglia and astrocytes, and other components such as neurotransmitters, apolipoprotein E, glycosaminoglycans,  $\alpha$ 1-antichymotrypsin and others. The generation of toxic A $\beta$  deposits in the brain starts very early in the course of AD, and it is discussed to be a key player for the subsequent



destructive processes leading to AD pathology. The other pathological hallmarks of AD are neurofibrillary tangles (NFTs) and abnormal neurites, described as neuropil threads (Braak and Braak, *Acta Neuropathol* 1991, 82: 239-259). NFTs emerge inside neurons and consist of chemically altered tau, which forms paired helical filaments twisted around each other. Along the formation of NFTs, a loss of neurons can be observed. It is discussed that said neuron loss may be due to a damaged microtubule-associated transport system (Johnson and Jenkins, *J Alzheimers Dis* 1996, 1: 38-58; Johnson and Hartigan, *J Alzheimers Dis* 1999, 1: 329-351). The appearance of neurofibrillary tangles and their increasing number correlates well with the clinical severity of AD (Schmitt et al., *Neurology* 2000, 55: 370-376).

AD is a progressive disease that is associated with early deficits in memory formation and ultimately leads to the complete erosion of higher cognitive function. The cognitive disturbances include among other things memory impairment, aphasia, agnosia and the loss of executive functioning. A characteristic feature of the pathogenesis of AD is the selective vulnerability of particular brain regions and subpopulations of nerve cells to the degenerative process. Specifically, the temporal lobe region and the hippocampus are affected early and more severely during the progression of the disease. On the other hand, neurons within the frontal cortex, occipital cortex, and the cerebellum remain largely intact and are protected from neurodegeneration (Terry et al., *Annals of Neurology* 1981, 10: 184-92).

The age of onset of AD may vary within a range of 50 years, with early-onset AD occurring in people younger than 65 years of age, and late-onset of AD occurring in those older than 65 years. About 10% of all AD cases suffer from early-onset AD, with only 1-2% being familial, inherited cases.

Currently, there is no cure for AD, nor is there an effective treatment to halt the progression of AD or even to diagnose AD ante-mortem with high probability. Several risk factors have been identified that predispose an individual to develop AD, among them most prominently the epsilon 4 allele of the three different existing alleles (epsilon 2, 3, and 4) of the apolipoprotein E gene (ApoE) (Strittmatter et al., *Proc Natl Acad Sci USA* 1993, 90: 1977-81; Roses, *Ann NY Acad Sci* 1998, 855: 738-43). The polymorphic plasmaprotein ApoE plays a role in the intercellular cholesterol and phospholipid transport by binding low-density lipoprotein receptors, and it seems to play a role in neurite growth and regeneration. Efforts to detect further susceptibility genes and disease-linked polymorphisms, lead to the assumption that specific regions and genes on human chromosomes 10 and 12 may be associated with late-onset AD (Myers et al., *Science* 2000, 290: 2304-5; Bertram et al., *Science* 2000, 290: 2303; Scott et al., *Am J Hum Genet* 2000, 66: 922-32).

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Although there are rare examples of early-onset AD which have been attributed to genetic defects in the genes for amyloid precursor protein (APP) on chromosome 21, presenilin-1 on chromosome 14, and presenilin-2 on chromosome 1, the prevalent form of late-onset sporadic AD is of hitherto unknown etiologic origin. The mutations found to date account for only half of the familial AD cases, which is less than 2% of all AD patients. The late onset and complex pathogenesis of neurodegenerative disorders pose a formidable challenge to the development of therapeutic and diagnostic agents. It is pivotal to expand the pool of potential drug targets and diagnostic markers. It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide insight into the pathogenesis of neurological diseases and to provide methods, materials, agents, compositions, and animal models which are suited inter alia for the diagnosis and development of a treatment of these diseases. This object has been solved by the features of the independent claims. The subclaims define preferred embodiments of the present invention.

Neurons conduct signals in the form of electrical impulses. The communication between the cells of a neuronal network involves several chemical steps, including the production, release, and transport of signal molecules and the recognition of such messengers by a receptor. These steps take place at the anatomical contact of an axon with the dendrites (axonodendritic), the cell body (axonosomatic), or rarely with the axon of another neuron, and also between neurons and cells of muscle- and gland tissue. Trillions of such specialized cell junctions (synapses) in the human brain are crucial for controlling mental activity and learning processes (Tessier-Lavigne and Goodman, Science 1996, 274: 1123-1133). A synapse is composed of the presynaptic element, the synaptic cleft with a spacing distance of about 20-30 nm and the postsynaptic component. They are responsible for altering the membrane potential of the postsynaptic neuron or other effector cells. The quality and intensity of information transferred relies on the number, location, and distribution of synapses. The basis of learning and memory is believed to be due to brain plasticity, i.e. to the plasticity of synapses. The storage and processing of information cause alterations in the structure, chemistry, and strength of synapses and the formation of new synapses (Poirazi and Mel. Neuron 2001, 29: 779-796). The postsynaptic density (PSD) is a specialized synaptic signaling assemblage, composed of a specific set of proteins which are assembled together and linked to the cytoplasmic face of the postsynaptic membrane. An important function of the postsynaptic density is the provision of a structural matrix consisting of cytoskeletal and regulatory proteins which localize and accumulate neurotransmitter receptors (e.g. glutamate receptors) and anchor signaling molecules at the postsynaptic membrane (Sheng and Kim, Current Opinion Neurobiology 1996, 6: 602-608). Neurotransmitter receptors convert the extracellular chemical signals into intracellular signals. Neurotransmitters are released from the presynaptic membrane into the synaptic cleft via exocytotic processes (vesicle formation). At the postsynaptic membrane they are bound by their specific receptors, resulting in the generation of second messengers. Thus, neurotransmitters function as mediators of nerve impulse transmission across the synapse. The PSD organizes and regulates postsynaptic signal transduction (Kim and Huganir, Current Opinion Cell Biology 1999, 11:248-254). To date, several components of the PSD have been identified, among them the prototypic synaptic scaffolding protein postsynaptic density (PSD)-95/synapse-associated protein (SAP) 90. PSD-95/SAP90 and its isoforms belong to a family of membrane-associated guanylate kinases (MAGUK) (Hirao et al., Journal of Biological Chemistry 1998, 273: 21105-21110; Hirao et al., Journal of Biological Chemistry 2000, 275: 2966-2972). The members of the MAGUK protein family are multiple PDZ-domain containing proteins which interact with many neuronal adhesion proteins, receptors (e.g. N-methyl-Daspartate (NMDA)) and ion-channels (e.g. potassium channels) through these domains and mediate their assembling at the PSD (Kim et al., Neuron 1996, 17: 103-113).

In this context, a novel neuronal membrane-associated guanylate kinase-interacting protein, denoted MAGUIN, was found by Yao et al. (Journal of Biological Chemistry 1999, 274: 11889-11896). Using the PDZ-domain sequence of the neurospecific synaptic scaffolding molecule (S-SCAM) as bait, the authors screened a rat brain yeast two-hybrid library and obtained several positive clones, among them two clones subsequently named rat MAGUIN-1 and rat MAGUIN-2 (GenBank accession numbers AF102853 and AF102854, respectively). A Northern blot analysis of different rat tissues with a rat MAGUIN-1 probe revealed brain specific hybridization signals at 4.4 kDa and 5.4 kDa. MAGUIN proteins have a chimerical molecular structure consisting of several protein modules, an N-terminally located sterile alpha-motif (SAM) (aa 8-75), a PDZdomain (aa 156-296) and a C-terminally located Pleckstrin-homology (PH)-domain (aa 571-667). The Sterile Alpha Motif (SAM) contains four different domain structures, spanning approximately 70 amino acids generating a compact five-helix bundle with a highly conserved hydrophobic core. This motif was found to be part of a number of types of proteins, including signal transduction proteins, playing a role in mediating protein-protein interactions or DNA binding (Schultz et al., Protein Science 1997, 6: 249-253). The term PDZ is named after three proteins (i.e. PSD-95/SAP90, Drosophila discs-large tumor suppressor protein (Dlg-A) and the tight junction protein ZO-1), originally identified as proteins sharing the same repeats of about 90 amino acids. These amino acids form a distinctive structure of two  $\alpha$  helices and six  $\beta$  sheets which mediate the interaction with the carboxyl termini of various proteins. Often, PDZ- domains of different proteins can heterodimerize with each other. The target proteins are transmembrane receptors, ion channels, or signaling proteins. PDZ-domain binding seems to be important in receptor clustering and in recruiting signal transduction molecules to the plasma membrane. PDZ-domain harboring proteins are for example tyrosine phosphatases and the previously described membrane-associated guanylate kinase-like proteins (Doyle et al., *Cell* 1996, 85: 1067-1076). The Pleckstrin-homology (PH)-domain forms an anti-parallel perpendicular  $\beta$ -sheet sandwich with a succeeding  $\alpha$ -helical structure. The  $\beta$ -sheet-loops are important for high affinity binding to specific phosphatidylinositide phosphates, allowing signaling proteins containing the PH-domain to anchor to membranes, for example as studied for GTP binding proteins, protein kinases and phospholipase C isoforms (Lemmon et al., *Trends Cell Biology* 1997, 7: 237-242).

Rat MAGUIN-1 and rat MAGUIN-2 cover 3099 and 2691 nucleotides of coding sequence, respectively, (GenBank accession numbers AF102853, AF102854) which encode for proteins of 1032 aa amino acids (rat MAGUIN-1) (GenBank accession number aad04568) and 896 amino acids (rat MAGUIN-2) (GenBank accession number aad04567), respectively. Rat MAGUIN-2 lacks the 3' terminal PDZ binding motif of rat MAGUIN-1. In neurons, the rat MAGUIN proteins are localized in the cell body and in neurites where they are associated with the plasma-membrane via their PH-domains. Full-length rat MAGUIN-1 could be recovered from neuronal membrane fractions. Rat MAGUIN-1, but not rat MAGUIN-2, interacts via the PDZ-binding motif with the PDZdomain of PSD-95/SAP90 and the synaptic scaffolding molecule (S-SCAM) (Hirao et al., Journal of Biological Chemistry 1998, 273: 21105-21110). S-SCAM has recently been identified as a multiple PDZ-domain containing protein, interacting with SAP90/PSD-95associated protein (SAPAP), the NMDA receptor, and neuronal adhesion molecules. Additionally, interaction of the PH-domain of rat MAGUIN-1 with the kinase domain of Raf could be confirmed in vitro and in vivo, but their is no evidence for the activation of Raf or its recruitment to the plasma membrane by rat MAGUIN-1.

To date, the precise function of rat MAGUIN-1 and rat MAGUIN-2 is still not clear. Some clues for the role of rat MAGUIN-1 in the cellular context come from particular protein domains and motifs, specific brain expression patterns, and structural homologies to other proteins like CNK (connector enhancer of kinase suppressor of ras (ksr)), as described for the fruit fly. CNK binds kinase suppressor for Ras and Raf kinase, functions in the Ras/MAP kinase pathway, and has been found to play a profound role in the regulation of eye development (Therrien et al., Cell 1998, 95: 343-353). On the basis of the similarities between *Drosophila* CNK (contains SAM, PDZ and PH-domains) and rat MAGUIN-1, rat MAGUIN-1 is discussed as a rodent homolog to CNK. Thus, it is



likely that rat MAGUIN-1 assembles components of synaptic junctions and regulators of the MAP kinase pathway and links them to NMDA receptors and neuronal adhesion molecules. To date, no experiments have been described that show a relationship between a differential expression of human MAGUIN genes, neither on a transcriptional nor on a translational level, and the pathology of neurodegenerative disorders.

The disclosure in the present invention of the human MAGUIN-1 gene and the identification of a link of both human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 to neurodegenerative diseases, particularly Alzheimer's disease, offers new ways, inter alia, for the diagnosis and treatment of such diseases.

The singular forms "a", "an", and "the" as used herein and in the claims include plural reference unless the context dictates otherwise. For example "a cell" means as well a plurality of cells, and so forth. The term "and/or" as used in the present specification and in the claims implies that the phrases before and after this term are to be considered either as alternatives or in combination. For instance, the wording "determination of a level and/or an activity" means that either only a level, or only an activity, or both a level and an activity are determined. The term "level" as used herein is meant to comprise a gage of, or a measure of the amount of, or a concentration of a transcription product, for instance an mRNA, or a translation product, for instance a protein or polypeptide. The term "activity" as used herein shall be understood as a measure for the ability of a transcription product or a translation product to produce a biological effect or a measure for a level of biologically active molecules. The term "activity" also refers to enzymatic activity. The terms "level" and/or "activity" further refer to gene expression levels or gene activity. Gene expression can be defined as the utilization of the information contained in a gene by transcription and translation leading to the production of a gene product. "Dysregulation" shall mean an upregulation or downregulation of gene expression. A gene product comprises either RNA or protein and is the result of expression of a gene. The amount of a gene product can be used to measure how active a gene is. The term "gene" as used in the present specification and in the claims comprises both coding regions (exons) as well as non-coding regions (e.g. non-coding regulatory elements such as promotors or enhancers, introns, leader and trailer sequences). The term "ORF" is an acronym for "open reading frame" and refers to a nucleic acid sequence that does not possess a stop codon in at least one reading frame and therefore can potentially be translated into a sequence of amino acids. "Regulatory elements" as used in the present disclosure shall comprise inducible and non-inducible promotors, enhancers, operators and other elements that drive and regulate gene expression. The term "fragment" as used herein is meant to comprise e.g.

an alternatively spliced, or truncated, or otherwise cleaved transcription product or translation product. The term "derivative" as used herein refers to a mutant, or an RNA-edited, or a chemically modified, or otherwise altered transcription product, or to a mutant, or chemically modified, or otherwise altered translation product. For instance, a "derivative" may be generated by processes such as altered phosphorylation, or glycosylation, or acetylation, or lipidation, or by altered signal peptide cleavage or other types of maturation cleavage. These processes may occur post-translationally. The term "modulator" as used in the present invention and in the claims refers to a molecule capable of changing or altering the level and/or the activity of a gene, or a transcription product of a gene, or a translation product of a gene. Preferably, a "modulator" is capable of changing or altering the biological activity of a transcription product or a translation product of a gene. Said modulation, for instance, may be an increase or a decrease in enzyme activity, a change in binding characteristics, or any other change or alteration in the biological, functional, or immunological properties of said translation product of a gene.

The terms "agent", "reagent", or "compound" refer to any substance, chemical, composition or extract that have a positive or negative biological effect on a cell, tissue, body fluid, or within the context of any biological system, or any assay system examined. They can be agonists, antagonists, partial agonists or inverse agonists of a target. Such agents, reagents, or compounds may be nucleic acids, natural or synthetic peptides or protein complexes, or fusion proteins. They may also be antibodies, organic or anorganic molecules or compositions, small molecules, drugs and any combinations of any of said agents above. They may be used for testing, for diagnostic or for therapeutic purposes. The terms "oligonucleotide primer" or "primer" refer to short nucleic acid sequences which can anneal to a given target polynucleotide by hybridization of the complementary base pairs and can be extended by a polymerase. They may be chosen to be specific to a particular sequence or they may be randomly selected, e.g. they will prime all possible sequences in a mix. The length of primers used herein may vary from 10 nucleotides to 80 nucleotides. "Probes" are short nucleic acid sequences of the nucleic acid sequences described and disclosed herein or sequences complementary therewith. They may comprise full length sequences, or fragments, derivatives, isoforms, or variants of a given sequence. The identification of hybridization complexes between a "probe" and an assayed sample allows the detection of the presence of other similar sequences within that sample. As used herein, "homolog or homology" is a term used in the art to describe the relatedness of a nucleotide or peptide sequence to another nucleotide or peptide sequence, which is determined by the degree of identity and/or similarity between said sequences compared.

The term "variant" as used herein refers to any polypeptide and protein, in reference to polypeptides and proteins disclosed in the present invention, in which one or more amino acids are added and/or substituted and/or deleted and/or inserted at the Nterminus, and/or the C-terminus, and/or within the native amino acid sequences of the native polypeptides or proteins of the present invention. Furthermore, the term "variant" shall include any shorter or longer version of a polypeptide or protein. "Variants" shall also comprise a sequence that has at least about 80% sequence identity, more preferably at least about 90% sequence identity, and most preferably at least about 95% sequence identity with the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO. 1 and/or SEQ ID NO. 2, respectively. Derivatives, variants, and fragments may include, but are not limited to, a functional SAM, a functional PDZ and a functional PH domain or other functional modules within the polypeptide sequence of human MAGUIN-1 and/or human Maguin-2 proteins. "Variants" of a protein molecule shown in SEQ ID NO. 1 and/or SEQ ID NO. 2 may include, for example, proteins with conservative amino acid substitutions in highly conservative regions. For example, isoleucine, valine and leucine can each be substituted for one another. Aspartate and glutamate can be substituted for each other. Glutamine and asparagine can be substituted for each other. Serine and threonine can be substituted for each other. Amino acid substitutions in less conservative regions include, for example, isoleucine, valine and leucine, which can each be substituted for one another. Aspartate and glutamate can be substituted for each other. Glutamine and asparagine can be substituted for each other. Serine and threonine can be substituted for each other. Glycine and alanine can be substituted for each other. Alanine and valine can be substituted for each other. Methionine can be substituted for each of leucine, isoleucine or valine, and vice versa. Lysine and arginine can be substituted for each other. One of aspartate and glutamate can be substituted for one of arginine or lysine, and vice versa. Histidine can be substituted for arginine or lysine, and vice versa. Glutamine and glutamate can be substituted for each other. Asparagine and aspartate can be substituted for each other. Other examples of protein modifications include glycosylation and further post-translational modifications. "Proteins and polypeptides" of the present invention include variants, fragments and chemical derivatives of the protein comprising SEQ ID NO. 1 and/or SEQ ID NO. 2. They can include proteins and polypeptides which can be isolated from nature or which can be produced by recombinant and/or synthetic means. Native proteins or polypeptides refer to naturally-occurring truncated or secreted forms, naturally occurring variant forms (e.g. splice variants) and naturally occurring allelic variants. As used herein, protein and polypeptide refers to a linear series of amino acid residues connected to one another by peptide bonds between the alpha-amino group and carboxy groups of adjacent amino



acid residues. Other covalent bonds, such as amide and disulfide bonds, may also be present.

The term "isolated" as used herein is considered to refer to molecules that are removed from their natural environment, i.e. isolated from a cell or from a living organism in which they normally occur, and that are separated or essentially purified from the coexisting components with which they are found to be associated in nature. This notion further means that the sequences encoding such molecules can be linked by the hand of man to polynucleotides, to which they are not linked in their natural state, and that such molecules can be produced by recombinant and/or synthetic means. Even if for said purposes those sequences may be introduced into living or non-living organisms by methods known to those skilled in the art, and even if those sequences are still present in said organisms, they are still considered to be isolated. In the present invention, the terms "risk", "susceptibility", and "predisposition" are tantamount and are used with respect to the probability of developing a neurodegenerative disease, preferably Alzheimer's disease.

The term 'AD' shall mean Alzheimer's disease. "AD-type neuropathology" as used herein refers to neuropathological, neurophysiological, histopathological and clinical hallmarks as described in the instant invention and as commonly known from state-of-the-art literature (see: Iqbal, Swaab, Winblad and Wisniewski, Alzheimer's Disease and Related Disorders (Etiology, Pathogenesis and Therapeutics), Wiley & Sons, New York, Weinheim, Toronto, 1999; Scinto and Daffner, Early Diagnosis of Alzheimer's Disease, Humana Press, Totowa, New Jersey, 2000; Mayeux and Christen, Epidemiology of Alzheimer's Disease: From Gene to Prevention, Springer Press, Berlin, Heidelberg, New York, 1999; Younkin, Tanzi and Christen, Presenilins and Alzheimer's Disease, Springer Press, Berlin, Heidelberg, New York, 1998).

Neurodegenerative diseases or disorders according to the present invention comprise Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, Huntington's disease, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, Pick's disease, fronto-temporal dementia, progressive nuclear palsy, corticobasal degeneration, cerebro-vascular dementia, multiple system atrophy, argyrophilic grain dementia and other tauopathies, and mild-cognitive impairment. Further conditions involving neurodegenerative processes are, for instance, age-related macular degeneration, narcolepsy, motor neuron diseases, prion diseases, traumatic nerve injury and repair, and multiple sclerosis.

In one aspect, the invention features a method of diagnosing or prognosticating a neurodegenerative disease in a subject, or determining whether a subject is at increased risk of developing said disease. The method comprises: determining a level,



or an activity, or both said level and said activity of (i) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or of (ii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or of (iii) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product in a sample from said subject and comparing said level, and/or said activity to a reference value representing a known disease or health status, thereby diagnosing or prognosticating said neurodegenerative disease in said subject, or determining whether said subject is at increased risk of developing said neurodegenerative disease.

The invention also relates to the construction and the use of primers and probes which are unique to the nucleic acid sequences, or fragments, or variants thereof, as disclosed in the present invention. The oligonucleotide primers and/or probes can be labeled specifically with fluorescent, bioluminescent, magnetic, or radioactive substances. The invention further relates to the detection and the production of said nucleic acid sequences, or fragments and variants thereof, using said specific oligonucleotide primers in appropriate combinations. PCR-analysis, a method well known to those skilled in the art, can be performed with said primer combinations to amplify said gene specific nucleic acid sequences from a sample containing nucleic acids. Such sample may be derived either from healthy or diseased subjects. Whether an amplification results in a specific nucleic acid product or not, and whether a fragment of different length can be obtained or not, may be indicative for a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease. Thus, the invention provides nucleic acid sequences, oligonucleotide primers, and probes of at least 10 bases in length up to the entire coding and gene sequences, useful for the detection of gene mutations and single nucleotide polymorphisms in a given sample comprising nucleic acid sequences to be examined, which may be associated with neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease. This feature has utility for developing rapid DNA-based diagnostic tests, preferably also in the format of a kit.

In a further aspect, the invention features a method of monitoring the progression of a neurodegenerative disease in a subject. A level, or an activity, or both said level and said activity, of (i) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or of (ii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or of (iii) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product in a sample from said subject is determined. Said level and/or said activity is compared to a reference value representing a known disease or health status. Thereby the progression of said neurodegenerative disease in said subject is monitored.



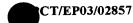
In still a further aspect, the invention features a method of evaluating a treatment for a neurodegenerative disease, comprising determining a level, or an activity, or both said level and said activity of (i) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or of (ii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or of (iii) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product in a sample obtained from a subject being treated for said disease. Said level, or said activity, or both said level and said activity are compared to a reference value representing a known disease or health status, thereby evaluating the treatment for said neurodegenerative disease.

In a preferred embodiment of the herein claimed methods, kits, recombinant animals, molecules, assays, and uses of the instant invention, said gene coding for the membrane-associated guanylate kinase-interacting proteins is the gene coding for the human neuronal membrane-associated guanylate kinase-interacting protein 1 (SEQ ID NO. 5), also termed (MAGUIN-1), and the human neuronal membrane-associated guanylate kinase-interacting protein 2 (SEQ ID NO. 6).

In a further preferred embodiment of the herein claimed methods, kits, recombinant animals, molecules, assays, and uses of the instant invention, said neurodegenerative disease or disorder is Alzheimer's disease, and said subjects suffer from Alzheimer's disease.

The present invention discloses the differential expression and regulation of the human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 gene in specific brain regions of Alzheimer's disease patients. Consequently, human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 and their corresponding translation products may have a causative role in the regional selective neuronal degeneration typically observed in Alzheimer's disease. Alternatively, human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 may confer a neuroprotective function to the remaining surviving nerve cells. Based on these disclosures, the present invention has utility for the diagnostic evaluation and prognosis as well as for the identification of a predisposition to a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease. Furthermore, the present invention provides methods for the diagnostic monitoring of patients undergoing treatment for such a disease.

It is preferred that the sample to be analyzed and determined is selected from the group comprising brain tissue, or other tissues, or other body cells. The sample can also comprise cerebrospinal fluid or other body fluids including saliva, urine, serum plasma,



or mucus. Preferably, the methods of diagnosis, prognosis, monitoring the progression or evaluating a treatment for a neurodegenerative disease, according to the instant invention, can be practiced *ex corpore*, and such methods preferably relate to samples, for instance, body fluids or cells, removed, collected, or isolated from a subject or patient.

In further preferred embodiments, said reference value is that of a level, or an activity, or both said level and said activity of (i) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or of (ii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or of (iii) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product in a sample from a subject not suffering from said neurodegenerative disease.

In preferred embodiments, an alteration in the level and/or activity of a transcription product of the gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 and/or a translation product of the gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 protein in a sample cell, or tissue, or body fluid from said subject relative to a reference value representing a known health status indicates a diagnosis, or prognosis, or increased risk of becoming diseased with a neurodegenerative disease, particularly Alzheimer's disease.

In preferred embodiments, measurement of the level of transcription products of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 is performed in a sample from a subject using a quantitative PCR-analysis with primer combinations to amplify said gene specific sequences from cDNA obtained by reverse transcription of RNA extracted from a sample of a subject. A Northern blot with probes specific for said gene can also be applied. It might also be preferred to measure transcription products by means of chipbased micro-array technologies. These techniques are known to those of ordinary skill in the art (see Sambrook and Russell, *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York, 2001; Schena M., *Microarray Biochip Technology*, Eaton Publishing, Natick, MA, 2000). An example of an immunoassay is the detection and measurement of enzyme activity as disclosed and described in the patent application WO 02/14543.

Furthermore, the level and/or an activity of a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said translation product, and/or the level of activity of said translation product, and/or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, can be detected using an immunoassay, an

activity assay, and/or a binding assay. These assays can measure the amount of binding between said protein molecule and an anti-protein antibody by the use of enzymatic, chromodynamic, radioactive, magnetic, or luminescent labels which are attached to either the anti-protein antibody or a secondary antibody which binds the anti-protein antibody. In addition, other high affinity ligands may be used. Immunoassays which can be used include e.g. ELISAs, Western blots and other techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art (see Harlow and Lane, *Using Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York, 1999 and Edwards R, *Immunodiagnostics: A Practical Approach*, Oxford University Press, Oxford; England, 1999). All these detection techniques may also be employed in the format of microarrays, protein-arrays, antibody microarrays, tissue microarrays, electronic biochip or protein-chip based technologies (see Schena M., *Microarray Biochip Technology*, Eaton Publishing, Natick, MA, 2000).

In a preferred embodiment, the level, or the activity, or both said level and said activity of (i) a transcription product of human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or of (ii) a translation product of human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or of (iii) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product in a series of samples taken from said subject over a period of time is compared, in order to monitor the progression of said disease. In further preferred embodiments, said subject receives a treatment prior to one or more of said sample gatherings. In yet another preferred embodiment, said level and/or activity is determined before and after said treatment of said subject.

In another aspect, the invention features a kit for diagnosing or prognosticating neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease, in a subject, or determining the propensity or predisposition of a subject to develop a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, said kit comprising:

- (a) at least one reagent which is selected from the group consisting of (i) reagents that selectively detect a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 (ii) reagents that selectively detect a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2; and
- (b) instruction for diagnosing, or prognosticating a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, or determining the propensity or predisposition of a subject to develop such a disease by
  - detecting a level, or an activity, or both said level and said activity, of said transcription product and/or said translation product of a gene coding for



human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, in a sample from said subject; and

- diagnosing or prognosticating a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, or determining the propensity or predisposition of said subject to develop such a disease,

wherein a varied level, or activity, or both said level and said activity, of said transcription product and/or said translation product compared to a reference value representing a known health status; or a level, or activity, or both said level and said activity, of said transcription product and/or said translation product similar or equal to a reference value representing a known disease status, indicates a diagnosis or prognosis of a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, or an increased propensity or predisposition of developing such a disease. The kit, according to the present invention, may be particularly useful for the identification of individuals that are at risk of developing a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease. Consequently, the kit, according to the invention, may serve as a means for targeting identified individuals for early preventive measures or therapeutic intervention prior to disease onset, before irreversible damage in the course of the disease has been inflicted. Furthermore, in preferred embodiments, the kit featured in the invention is useful for monitoring a progression of a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, in a subject, as well as monitoring success or failure of therapeutic treatment for such a disease of said subject.

In another aspect, the invention features a method of treating or preventing a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, in a subject comprising the administration to said subject in a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of an agent or agents which directly or indirectly affect a level, or an activity, or both said level and said activity, of (i) a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (ii) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iii) a translation product of said gene, and/or (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii). Said agent may comprise a small molecule, or it may also comprise a peptide, an oligopeptide, or a polypeptide. Said peptide, oligopeptide, or polypeptide may comprise an amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID NO.1 and/or SEQ ID NO.2, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof. An agent for treating or preventing a neurodegenerative disease, in particular AD, according to the instant invention, may also consist of a nucleotide, an oligonucleotide, or a polynucleotide. Said oligonucleotide or polynucleotide may comprise a nucleotide sequence of the gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 protein, either in sense orientation or in antisense orientation.



In preferred embodiments, the method comprises the application of per se known methods of gene therapy and/or antisense nucleic acid technology to administer said agent or agents. In general, gene therapy includes several approaches: molecular replacement of a mutated gene, addition of a new gene resulting in the synthesis of a therapeutic protein, and modulation of endogenous cellular gene expression by recombinant expression methods or by drugs. Gene-transfer techniques are described in detail (see e.g. Behr, *Acc Chem Res* 1993, 26: 274-278 and Mulligan, *Science* 1993, 260: 926-931; the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference) and include direct gene-transfer techniques such as mechanical microinjection of DNA into a cell as well as indirect techniques employing biological vectors (like recombinant viruses, especially retroviruses) or model liposomes, or techniques based on transfection with DNA coprecipitation with polycations, cell membrane pertubation by chemical (solvents, detergents, polymers, enzymes) or physical means (mechanic, osmotic, thermic, electric shocks). The postnatal gene transfer into the central nervous system has been described in detail (see e.g. Wolff, *Curr Opin Neurobiol* 1993, 3: 743-748).

In particular, the invention features a method of treating or preventing a neurodegenerative disease by means of antisense nucleic acid therapy, i.e. the downregulation of an inappropriately expressed or defective gene by the introduction of antisense nucleic acids or derivatives thereof into certain critical cells (see e.g. Gillespie. DN&P 1992, 5: 389-395; Agrawal and Akhtar, Trends Biotechnol 1995, 13: 197-199; Crooke, Biotechnology 1992, 10: 882-6). Apart from hybridization strategies, the application of ribozymes, i.e. RNA molecules that act as enzymes, destroying RNA that carries the message of disease has also been described (see e.g. Barinaga, Science 1993, 262: 1512-1514). In preferred embodiments, the subject to be treated is a human, and therapeutic antisense nucleic acids or derivatives thereof are directed against human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2. It is preferred that cells of the central nervous system, preferably the brain, of a subject are treated in such a way. Cell penetration can be performed by known strategies such as coupling of antisense nucleic acids and derivatives thereof to carrier particles, or the above described techniques. Strategies for administering targeted therapeutic oligodeoxynucleotides are known to those of skill in the art (see e.g. Wickstrom, Trends Biotechnol 1992, 10: 281-287). In some cases, delivery can be performed by mere topical application. Further approaches are directed to intracellular expression of antisense RNA. In this strategy, cells are transformed ex vivo with a recombinant gene that directs the synthesis of an RNA that is complementary to a region of target nucleic acid. Therapeutical use of intracellularly expressed antisense RNA is procedurally similar to gene therapy. A recently developed



method of regulating the intracellular expression of genes by the use of double-stranded RNA, known variously as RNA interference (RNAi), can be another effective approach for nucleic acid therapy (Hannon, *Nature* 2002, 418: 244-251).

In further preferred embodiments, the method comprises grafting donor cells into the central nervous system, preferably the brain, of said subject, or donor cells preferably treated so as to minimize or reduce graft rejection, wherein said donor cells are genetically modified by insertion of at least one transgene encoding said agent or agents. Said transgene might be carried by a viral vector, in particular a retroviral vector. The transgene can be inserted into the donor cells by a nonviral physical transfection of DNA encoding a transgene, in particular by microinjection. Insertion of the transgene can also be performed by electroporation, chemically mediated transfection, in particular calcium phosphate transfection, or liposomal mediated transfection (see Mc Celland and Pardee, Expression Genetics: Accelerated and High-Throughput Methods, Eaton Publishing, Natick, MA, 1999).

In preferred embodiments, said agent for treating and preventing a neurodegenerative disease, in particular AD, is a therapeutic protein which can be administered to said subject, preferably a human, by a process comprising introducing subject cells into said subject, said subject cells having been treated *in vitro* to insert a DNA segment encoding said therapeutic protein, said subject cells expressing *in vivo* in said subject a therapeutically effective amount of said therapeutic protein. Said DNA segment can be inserted into said cells *in vitro* by a viral vector, in particular a retroviral vector.

Methods of treatment, according to the present invention, comprise the application of therapeutic cloning, transplantation, and stem cell therapy using embryonic stem cells or embryonic germ cells and neuronal adult stem cells, combined with any of the previously described cell- and gene therapeutic methods. Stem cells may be totipotent or pluripotent. They may also be organ-specific. Strategies for repairing diseased and/or damaged brain cells or tissue comprise (i) taking donor cells from an adult tissue. Nuclei of those cells are transplanted into unfertilized egg cells from which the genetic material has been removed. Embryonic stem cells are isolated from the blastocyst stage of the cells which underwent somatic cell nuclear transfer. Use of differentiation factors then leads to a directed development of the stem cells to specialized cell types, preferably neuronal cells (Lanza et al., Nature Medicine 1999, 9: 975-977), or (ii) purifying adult stem cells, isolated from the central nervous system, or from bone marrow (mesenchymal stem cells), for in vitro expansion and subsequent grafting and transplantation, or (iii) directly inducing endogenous neural stem cells to proliferate,



migrate, and differentiate into functional neurons (Peterson DA, Curr. Opin. Pharmacol. 2002, 2: 34-42). Adult neural stem cells are of great potential for repairing damaged or diseased brain tissues, as the germinal centers of the adult brain are free of neuronal damage or dysfunction (Colman A, Drug Discovery World 2001, 7: 66-71).

In preferred embodiments, the subject for treatment or prevention, according to the present invention, can be a human, an experimental animal, e.g. a mouse or a rat, a domestic animal, or a non-human primate. The experimental animal can be an animal model for a neurodegenerative disorder, e.g. a transgenic mouse and/or a knock-out mouse with a neurodegenerative phenotype, in particular with an Alzheimer's-type neuropathology.

In a further aspect, the invention features a modulator of an activity, or a level, or both said activity and said level of at least one substance which is selected from the group consisting of (i) a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (ii) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 and/or (iii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii).

In an additional aspect, the invention features a pharmaceutical composition comprising said modulator and preferably a pharmaceutical carrier. Said carrier refers to a diluent, adjuvant, excipient, or vehicle with which the modulator is administered.

In a further aspect, the invention features a modulator of an activity, or a level, or both said activity and said level of at least one substance which is selected from the group consisting of (i) a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (ii) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii) for use in a pharmaceutical composition.

In another aspect, the invention provides for the use of a modulator of an activity, or a level, or both said activity and said level of at least one substance which is selected from the group consisting of (i) a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (ii) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 and/or (iii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of



(i) to (iii) for a preparation of a medicament for treating or preventing a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease.

In one aspect, the present invention also provides a kit comprising one or more containers filled with a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of said pharmaceutical composition.

In a further aspect, the invention features a recombinant, non-human animal comprising a non-native gene sequence coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or a fragment, or a variant, or a derivative thereof. The generation of said recombinant, non-human animal comprises (i) providing a gene targeting construct containing said gene sequence and a selectable marker sequence, and (ii) introducing said targeting construct into a stem cell of a non-human animal, and (iii) introducing said non-human animal stem cell into a non-human embryo, and (iv) transplanting said embryo into a pseudopregnant non-human animal, and (v) allowing said embryo to develop to term, and (vi) identifying a genetically altered non-human animal whose genome comprises a modification of said gene sequence in both alleles, and (vii) breeding the genetically altered non-human animal of step (vi) to obtain a genetically altered non-human animal whose genome comprises a modification of said endogenous gene, wherein said gene is mis-expressed, or under-expressed, or over-expressed, and wherein said disruption or alteration results in said non-human animal exhibiting a predisposition to developing symptoms of neuropathology similar to a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease. Strategies and techniques for the generation and construction of such an animal are known to those of ordinary skill in the art (see e.g. Capecchi, Science 1989, 244: 1288-1292 and Hogan et al., 1994, Manipulating the Mouse Embryo: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York and Jackson and Abbott, Mouse Genetics and Transgenics: A Practical Approach, Oxford University Press, Oxford, England, 1999). It is preferred to make use of such a recombinant non-human animal as an animal model for investigating neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease. Such an animal may be useful for screening, testing and validating compounds, agents and modulators in the development of diagnostics and therapeutics to treat neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease.

In another aspect, the invention features an assay for screening for a modulator of neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease, or related diseases and disorders of one or more substances selected from the group consisting of (i) a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (ii) a transcription

product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii). This screening method comprises (a) contacting a cell with a test compound, and (b) measuring the activity, or the level, or both the activity and the level of one or more substances recited in (i) to (iv), and (c) measuring the activity, or the level, or both the activity and the level of said substances in a control cell not contacted with said test compound, and (d) comparing the levels of the substance in the cells of step (b) and (c), wherein an alteration in the activity and/or level of said substances in the contacted cells indicates that the test compound is a modulator of said diseases and disorders.

In one further aspect, the invention features a screening assay for a modulator of neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease, or related diseases and disorders of one or more substances selected from the group consisting of (i) a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (ii) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii), comprising (a) administering a test compound to a test animal which is predisposed to developing or has already developed symptoms of a neurodegenerative disease or related diseases or disorders, and (b) measuring the activity and/or level of one or more substances recited in (i) to (iv), and (c) measuring the activity and/or level of said substances in a matched control animal which is equally predisposed to developing or has already developed said symptoms and to which animal no such test compound has been administered, and (d) comparing the activity and/or level of the substance in the animals of step (b) and (c), wherein an alteration in the activity and/or level of substances in the test animal indicates that the test compound is a modulator of said diseases and disorders.

In a preferred embodiment, said test animal and/or said control animal is a recombinant, non-human animal which expresses the gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or a fragment, or derivative, or a variant thereof, under the control of a transcriptional regulatory element which is not the native human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 gene transcriptional control regulatory element.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides a method for producing a medicament comprising the steps of (i) identifying a modulator of neurodegenerative diseases by a method of the aforementioned screening assays and (ii) admixing the



modulator with a pharmaceutical carrier. However, said modulator may also be identifiable by other types of screening assays.

In another aspect, the present invention provides for an assay for testing a compound, preferably for screening a plurality of compounds, for inhibition of binding between a ligand and human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof. Said screening assay comprises the steps of (i) adding a liquid suspension of said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, to a plurality of containers, and (ii) adding a compound or a plurality of compounds to be screened for said inhibition to said plurality of containers, and (iii) adding fluorescently labelled ligand to said containers, and (iv) incubating said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or said fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, and said compound or plurality of compounds, and said fluorescently labelled ligand, and (v) measuring the amounts of fluorescence associated with said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or with said fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, and (vi) determining the degree of inhibition by one or more of said compounds of binding of said ligand to said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or said fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof. Instead of utilizing a fluorescently labelled ligand, it might in some aspects be preferred to use any other detectable label known to the person skilled in the art, e.g. radioactive labels, and detect it accordingly. Said method may be useful for the identification of novel compounds as well as for evaluating compounds which have been improved or otherwise optimized in their ability to inhibit the binding of a ligand to a gene product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof. One example of a fluorescent binding assay, in this case based on the use of carrier particles, is disclosed and described in patent application WO 00/52451. A further example is the competitive assay method as described in patent WO 02/01226. Preferred signal detection methods for screening assays of the instant invention are described in the following patent applications: WO 96/13744, WO 98/16814, WO 98/23942, WO 99/17086, WO 99/34195, WO 00/66985, WO 01/59436, WO 01/59416.

In one further embodiment, the present invention provides a method for producing a medicament comprising the steps of (i) identifying a compound as an inhibitor of binding between a ligand and a gene product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 by the aforementioned inhibitory binding assay and (ii) admixing the compound with a pharmaceutical carrier. However, said compound may also be identifiable by other types of screening assays.

In another aspect, the invention features an assay for testing a compound, preferably for screening a plurality of compounds to determine the degree of binding of said compounds to human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or to a fragment, a variant, or derivative thereof. Said screening assay comprises (i) adding a liquid suspension of said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or a fragment, or a variant, or derivative thereof, to a plurality of containers, and (ii) adding a fluorescently labelled compound or a plurality of fluorescently labelled compounds to be screened for said binding to said plurality of containers, and (iii) incubating said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or said fragment, or variant, or derivative thereof, and said fluorescently labelled compound or fluorescently labelled compounds, and (iv) measuring the amounts of fluorescence associated with said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or with said fragment, or variant, or derivative thereof, and (v) determining the degree of binding by one or more of said compounds to said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or said fragment, or variant, or derivative thereof. In this type of assay it might be preferred to use a fluorescent label. However, any other type of detectable label might also be employed. Said method may be useful for the identification of novel compounds as well as for evaluating compounds which have been improved or otherwise optimized in their ability to bind to a human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 gene product, or fragment, or variant, or derivative thereof.

In one further embodiment, the present invention provides a method for producing a medicament comprising the steps of (i) identifying a compound as a binder to a gene product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 by the aforementioned binding assays and (ii) admixing the compound with a pharmaceutical carrier. However, said compound may also be identifiable by other types of screening assays.

In another embodiment, the present invention provides for a medicament obtainable by any of the methods according to the herein claimed screening assays. In one further embodiment, the instant invention provides for a medicament obtained by any of the methods according to the herein claimed screening assays.

The present invention features protein molecules shown in SEQ ID NO. 1, and SEQ ID NO. 2, or fragments, or derivatives, or variants thereof, for use as diagnostic targets for detecting a neurodegenerative disease, preferably Alzheimer's disease.

The present invention further features protein molecules shown in SEQ ID NO. 1 and SEQ ID NO. 2, or fragments, or derivatives, or variants thereof, for use as screening



targets for reagents or compounds preventing, or treating, or ameliorating a neurodegenerative disease, preferably Alzheimer's disease.

The invention further features an antibody specifically immunoreactive with an immunogen, wherein said immunogen is a translation product of the human MAGUIN-1 gene shown in SEQ ID NO. 1, or a fragment, or a variant, or a derivative thereof. The immunogen may comprise immunogenic or antigenic epitopes or portions of a translation product of said gene, wherein said immunogenic or antigenic portion of a translation product is a polypeptide, and wherein said polypeptide elicits an antibody response in an animal, and wherein said polypeptide is immunospecifically bound by said antibody. Methods for generating antibodies are well known in the art (see Harlow et al., Antibodies, A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York, 1988). The term "antibody", as employed in the present invention, encompasses all forms of antibodies known in the art, such as polyclonal, monoclonal, chimeric, recombinatorial, anti-idiotypic, humanized, or single chain antibodies, as well as fragments thereof (see Dubel and Breitling, Recombinant Antibodies, Wiley-Liss, New York, NY, 1999). Antibodies of the present invention are useful, for instance, in a variety of diagnostic and therapeutic methods, based on statein-the-art techniques (see Harlow and Lane, Using Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York, 1999 and Edwards R., Immunodiagnostics: A Practical Approach, Oxford University Press, Oxford, England, 1999) such as enzyme-immuno assays (e.g. enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay. ELISA), radioimmuno assays, chemoluminescence-immuno assays, Westernblot, immunoprecipitation and antibody microarrays. These methods involve the detection of translation products of the human MAGUIN-1 gene.

The invention also features an antibody specifically immunoreactive with an immunogen, wherein said immunogen is a translation product of the human MAGUIN-2 gene shown in SEQ ID NO. 2, or a fragment, a variant, or a derivative thereof.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, said antibodies can be used for detecting the pathological state of a cell in a sample from a subject, comprising immunocytochemical staining of said cell with said antibody, wherein an altered degree of staining, or an altered staining pattern in said cell compared to a cell representing a known health status indicates a pathological state of said cell. The invention is particularly suited to detect pathological structures in the brain of a subject. It is also especially suited to detect pathological cells of the muscular system, prostate, stomach, testis, ovary, adrenal glands, mammary glands, liver, spleen, lung, trachea or placenta.

Preferably, the pathological state relates to a neurodegenerative disease, in particular to Alzheimer's disease. Immunocytochemical staining of a cell can be carried out by a number of different experimental methods well known in the art. It might be preferred, however, to apply an automated method for the detection of antibody binding, wherein the determination of the degree of staining of a cell, or the determination of the cellular or subcellular staining pattern of a cell, or the topological distribution of an antigen on the cell surface or among organelles and other subcellular structures within the cell, are carried out according to the method described in US patent 6150173.

Other features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following description of figures and examples which are illustrative only and not intended to limit the remainder of the disclosure in any way.

Figure 1 depicts the brain regions with selective vulnerability to neuronal loss and degeneration in Alzheimer's disease. Primarily, neurons within the inferior temporal lobe, the entorhinal cortex, the hippocampus, and the amygdala are subject to degenerative processes in Alzheimer's disease (Terry et al., Annals of Neurology 1981, 10:184-192). These brain regions are mostly involved in the processing of learning and memory functions. In contrast, neurons within the frontal cortex, the occipital cortex, and the cerebellum remain largely intact and preserved from neurodegenerative processes in Alzheimer's disease. Brain tissues from the frontal cortex (F), the temporal cortex (T), and the hippocampus (H) of Alzheimer's disease patients and healthy, agematched control individuals were used for the herein disclosed examples. For illustrative purposes, the image of a normal healthy brain was taken from a publication by Strange (Brain Biochemistry and Brain Disorders, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1992, p.4).

Figure 2 discloses the initial identification of the differential expression of the human MAGUIN-1 gene in a fluorescence differential display screen. The figure shows a clipping of a large preparative fluorescent differential display gel. PCR products from the frontal cortex (F) and the temporal cortex (T) of two healthy control subjects and six Alzheimer's diseased patients were loaded in duplicate onto a denaturing polyacrylamide gel (from left to right). PCR products were obtained by amplification of the individual cDNAs with the corresponding one-base-anchor oligonucleotide and the specific Cy3 labelled random primers. The arrow indicates the lane where significant differences in intensity of the signals for human MAGUIN-1 transcript derived from frontal cortex, compared to the signals for human MAGUIN-1 transcript derived from the temporal cortex of Alzheimer's patients exist. The differential expression reflects a down-regulation of human MAGUIN RNA expression in the temporal cortex in



comparison to the frontal cortex of AD patients. Comparing the signals derived from frontal cortex and temporal cortex of healthy non-AD control subjects with each other, no distinction in signal intensity, i.e. no altered expression level can be detected.

Figure 3 and Figure 4 illustrate the verification of the differential expression of human MAGUIN-1 in AD brain tissues by quantitative RT-PCR analysis. Quantification of RT-PCR products from RNA samples collected from the frontal cortex (F) and the temporal cortex (T) of AD patients (Figure 3a) and samples from the frontal cortex (F) and the hippocampus (H) of AD patients (Figure 4a) was performed by the LightCycler rapid thermal cycling technique. Likewise, samples of healthy, age-matched control individuals were compared (Figure 3b for frontal cortex and temporal cortex, Figure 4b for frontal cortex and hippocampus). The data were normalized to the combined average values of a set of standard genes which showed no significant differences in their gene expression levels. Said set of standard genes consisted of genes for cyclophilin B, the ribosomal protein S9, the transferrin receptor, GAPDH, and beta-actin. The figure depicts the kinetics of amplification by plotting the cycle number against the amount of amplified material as measured by its fluorescence. Note that the amplification kinetics of Maguin-1 cDNA from both, the frontal and temporal cortices of a normal control individual, and from the frontal cortex and hippocampus of a normal control individual, respectively, during the exponential phase of the reaction are juxtaposed (Figures 3b and 4b, arrowheads), whereas in Alzheimer's disease (Figures 3a and 4a, arrowheads) there is a significant separation of the corresponding curves, indicating a differential expression of Maguin-1 in the respective analyzed brain regions.

Figure 5 and Figure 6 illustrate the verification of the differential expression of human MAGUIN-2 in AD brain tissues by quantitative RT-PCR analysis. Quantification of RT-PCR products from RNA samples collected from the frontal cortex (F) and the temporal cortex (T) of AD patients (Figure 5a) and samples from the frontal cortex (F) and the hippocampus (H) of AD patients (Figure 6a) was performed by the LightCycler rapid thermal cycling technique. Likewise, samples of healthy, age-matched control individuals were compared (Figure 5b for frontal cortex and temporal cortex, Figure 6b for frontal cortex and hippocampus). The data were normalized to the combined average values of a set of standard genes which showed no significant differences in their gene expression levels. Said set of standard genes consisted of genes for cyclophilin B, the ribosomal protein S9, the transferrin receptor, GAPDH, and beta-actin. The figure depicts the kinetics of amplification by plotting the cycle number against the amount of amplified material as measured by its fluorescence. Note that the amplification kinetics of Maguin-2 cDNA from both, the frontal and temporal cortices of a normal control



individual, and from the frontal cortex and hippocampus of a normal control individual, respectively, during the exponential phase of the reaction are juxtaposed (Figures 5b and 6b, arrowheads), whereas in Alzheimer's disease (Figures 5a and 6a, arrowheads) there is a significant separation of the corresponding curves, indicating a differential expression of Maguin-2 in the respective analyzed brain regions.

Figure 7 discloses the amino acid sequence of the human MAGUIN-1 protein comprising 1034 amino acids; SEQ ID NO. 1. The protein harbors several distinct functional domains which are located as follows: amino acid residues 8 to 75 form the 'Sterile Alpha Motif' (SAM), amino acid residues 156 to 296 constitute the PDZ domain, and the Pleckstrin-homology (PH) domain consists of amino acid residues 572 to 667.

Figure 8 shows an alignment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO.1, human MAGUIN-1, with the rat MAGUIN-1 amino acid sequence (GenBank accession number aad04568). The full length human MAGUIN-1 protein consists of 1034 amino acids (residues given in the single-letter amino acid code).

Figure 9 discloses the amino acid sequence of the human MAGUIN-2 protein comprising 898 amino acids; SEQ ID NO. 2. The protein harbors several distinct functional domains which are located as follows: amino acid residues 8 to 75 form the 'Sterile Alpha Motif' (SAM), amino acid residues 156 to 296 constitute the PDZ domain, and the Pleckstrinhomology (PH) domain consists of amino acid residues 572 to 667.

Figure 10 shows an alignment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO. 2, human MAGUIN-2, with rat MAGUIN-2 amino acid sequence (GenBank accession number aad04567). The full length human MAGUIN-2 protein consists of 898 amino acids (residues given in the single-letter amino acid code).

Figure 11 represents the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO. 3, the coding sequence of the human MAGUIN-1 gene, comprising 3105 nucleotides.

Figure 12 represents the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO. 4, the coding sequence of the human MAGUIN-2 gene, comprising 2697 nucleotides.

Figure 13 shows SEQ ID NO. 5, the nucleotide sequence of the human MAGUIN-1 cDNA, comprising 5749 nucleotides.



Figure 14 shows SEQ ID NO. 6, the nucleotide sequence of the human MAGUIN-2 cDNA; comprising 4350 nucleotides.

Figure 15 depicts SEQ ID NO. 7, the nucleotide sequence of the 50 bp MAGUIN-1 cDNA fragment, identified and obtained by fluorescence differential display and subsequent cloning.

Figure 16 outlines the sequence alignment of SEQ ID NO. 7, the 50 bp human MAGUIN-1 cDNA fragment, with the 3'UTR nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO. 5 (nucleotide 5693 to 5742), the nucleotide sequence of human MAGUIN-1 cDNA.

Figure 17 charts the schematic alignment of SEQ ID NO. 7, the human MAGUIN-1 cDNA fragment, SEQ ID NO. 6, the human MAGUIN-2 cDNA sequence and the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO. 5, the nucleotide sequence of human MAGUIN-1 cDNA, derived from the alignment of EST nucleotide sequences as found in the GenBank genetic sequence database. EST numbers are written on the left side, all sequences are 5' to 3' directed.

Figure 18 depicts human cerebral cortex labeled with an affinity-purified rabbit anti-Maguin-1 antiserum raised against a peptide corresponding to amino acids 914-928 (green signals). Strong immunoreactivity of human Maguin-1 was detected in neuronal cell bodies (indicated by arrowheads) and in neurites, whereas glial cells were immuno-negative (see arrows). The same immunostaining pattern was observed by using another antiserum raised against a peptide mapping to amino acids 973-987 of Maguin-1. Blue signals indicate nuclei stained with DAPI.

Table 1 lists the gene expression levels in the frontal cortex relative to the temporal cortex for the human MAGUIN-1 gene in seven Alzheimer's disease patients, herein identified by internal reference numbers P010, P011, P012, P014, P016, P017, P019 (1.42 to 4.14 fold) and five healthy, age-matched control individuals, herein identified by internal reference numbers C005, C008, C011, C012, C014 (0.30 to 1.36 fold). The values shown are reciprocal values according to the formula described herein.

Table 2 lists the gene expression levels in the frontal cortex relative to the hippocampus for the human MAGUIN-1 gene in six Alzheimer's disease patients, herein identified by internal reference numbers P010, P011, P012, P014, P016, P019 (1.21 to 3.07 fold) and three healthy, age-matched control individuals, herein identified by internal reference



numbers C004, C005, C008 (0.39 to 1.74 fold). The values shown are reciprocal values according to the formula described herein.

Table 3 lists the gene expression levels in the frontal cortex relative to the temporal cortex for the human MAGUIN-2 gene in seven Alzheimer's disease patients, herein identified by internal reference numbers P010, P011, P012, P014, P016, P017, P019 (1.77 to 11.73 fold) and five healthy, age-matched control individuals, herein identified by internal reference numbers C005, C008, C011, C012, C014 (0.30 to 1.42 fold). The values shown are reciprocal values according to the formula described herein.

Table 4 lists the gene expression levels in the frontal cortex relative to the hippocampus for the human MAGUIN-2 gene in six Alzheimer's disease patients, herein identified by internal reference numbers P010, P011, P012, P014, P016, P019 (0.72 to 9.08 fold) and three healthy, age-matched control individuals, herein identified by internal reference numbers C004, C005, C008 (0.46 to 1.69 fold). The values shown are reciprocal values according to the formula described herein.

#### **EXAMPLE I:**

## (i) Brain tissue dissection from patients with Alzheimer's disease:

Brain tissues from Alzheimer's disease patients and age-matched control subjects were collected within 6 hours post-mortem and immediately frozen on dry ice. Sample sections from each tissue were fixed in paraformaldehyde for histopathological confirmation of the diagnosis. Brain areas for differential expression analysis were identified (see Figure 1) and stored at – 80 °C until RNA extractions were performed.

#### (ii) <u>Isolation of total RNA:</u>

Total RNA was extracted from post-mortem brain tissue by using the RNeasy kit (Qiagen) according to the manufacturer's protocol. The accurate RNA concentration and the RNA quality were determined with the DNA LabChip system using the Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer (Agilent Technologies). For additional quality testing of the prepared RNA, i.e. exclusion of partial degradation and testing for DNA contamination, specifically designed intronic GAPDH oligonucleotides and genomic DNA as reference control were utilised to generate a melting curve with the LightCycler technology as described in the manufacturer's protocol (Roche).

## (iii) cDNA synthesis and identification of differentially expressed genes by



#### fluorescence differential display (FDD):

In order to identify changes in gene expression in different tissues we employed a modified and improved differential display (DD) screening method. The original DD screening method is known to those skilled in the art (Liang and Pardee, Science 1995. 267:1186-7). This technique compares two populations of RNA and provides clones of genes that are expressed in one population but not in the other. Several samples can be analyzed simultaneously and both up- and down-regulated genes can be identified in the same experiment. By adjusting and refining several steps in the DD method as well as modifying technical parameters, e.g. increasing redundancy, evaluating optimized reagents and conditions for reverse transcription of total RNA, optimizing polymerase chain reactions (PCR) and separation of the products thereof, a technique was developed which allows for highly reproducible and sensitive results. The applied and improved DD technique was described in detail by von der Kammer et al. (Nucleic Acids Research 1999, 27: 2211-2218). A set of 64 specifically designed random primers were developed (standard set) to achieve a statistically comprehensive analysis of all possible RNA species. Further, the method was modified to generate a preparative DD slab-gel technique, based on the use of fluorescently labelled primers. In the present invention, RNA populations from carefully selected post-mortem brain tissues (frontal and temporal cortex) of Alzheimer's disease patients and age-matched control subjects were compared.

As starting material for the DD analysis we used total RNA, extracted as described above (ii). Equal amounts of 0.05 μg RNA each were transcribed into cDNA in 20 μl reactions containing 0.5 mM each dNTP, 1  $\mu$ l Sensiscript Reverse Transcriptase and 1x RT buffer (Qiagen), 10 U RNase inhibitor (Qiagen) and 1 µM of either one-baseanchor oligonucleotides HT11A, HT11G or HT11C (Liang et al., Nucleic Acids Research 1994, 22: 5763-5764; Zhao et al., Biotechniques 1995, 18: 842-850). Reverse transcription was performed for 60 min at 37 °C with a final denaturation step at 93 °C for 5 min. 2 µI of the obtained cDNA each was subjected to a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) employing the corresponding one-base-anchor oligonucleotide (1 μM) along with either one of the Cy3 labelled random DD primers (1 µM), 1x GeneAmp PCR buffer (Applied Biosystems), 1.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub> (Applied Biosystems), 2 μM dNTP-Mix (dATP, dGTP, dCTP, dTTP Amersham Pharmacia Biotech), 5 % DMSO (Sigma), 1 U AmpliTaq DNA Polymerase (Applied Biosystems) in a 20 µl final volume. PCR conditions were set as follows: one round at 94 °C for 30 sec for denaturing, cooling 1 °C/sec down to 40 °C, 40 °C for 4 min for low-stringency annealing of primer, heating 1 °C/sec up to 72 °C, 72 °C for 1 min for extension. This round was followed by 39 high-stringency cycles: 94

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°C for 30 sec, cooling 1 °C/sec down to 60 °C, 60 °C for 2 min, heating 1 °C/sec up to 72 °C, 72 °C for 1 min. One final step at 72 °C for 5 min was added to the last cycle (PCR cycler: Multi Cycler PTC 200, MJ Research). 8 μl DNA loading buffer were added to the 20 μl PCR product preparation, denatured for 5 min and kept on ice until loading onto a gel. 3.5 μl each were separated on 0.4 mm thick, 6 %-polyacrylamide (Long Ranger)/ 7 M urea sequencing gels in a slab-gel system (Hitachi Genetic Systems) at 2000 V, 60W, 30 mA, for 1 h 40 min. Following completion of the electrophoresis, gels were scanned with a FMBIO II fluorescence-scanner (Hitachi Genetic Systems), using the appropriate FMBIO II Analysis 8.0 software. A full-scale picture was printed, differentially expressed bands marked, excised from the gel, transferred into 1.5 ml containers, overlayed with 200 μl sterile water and kept at –20°C until extraction.

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Elution and reamplification of differential display products: The differential bands were extracted from the gel by boiling in 200 µl H<sub>2</sub>O for 10 min, cooling down on ice and precipitation from the supernatant fluids by using ethanol (Merck) and glycogen/sodium acetate (Merck) at – 20 °C over night, and subsequent centrifugation at 13.000 rpm for 25 min at 4 °C. Pellets were washed twice in ice-cold ethanol (80%), resuspended in 10 mM Tris pH 8.3 (Merck) and dialysed against 10 % glycerol (Merck) for 1 h at room temperature on a 0.025 µm VSWP membrane (Millipore). The obtained preparations were used as templates for reamplification by 15 high-stringency cycles in 25-µl PCR mixtures containing the corresponding primer pairs as used for the differential display PCR (see above) under identical conditions, with the exception of the initial round at 94 °C for 5 min, followed by 15 cycles of: 94 °C for 45 sec, 60 °C for 45 sec, ramp 1°C/sec to 70 °C for 45 sec, and one final step at 72 °C for 5 min.

Cloning and sequencing of differential display products: Re-amplified cDNAs were analyzed with the DNA LabChip system (Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer, Agilent Technologies) and were ligated into the pCR-Blunt II-TOPO vector and transformed into *E.coli* Top10F' cells (Zero Blunt TOPO PCR Cloning Kit, Invitrogen) according to the manufacturer's instructions. Cloned cDNA fragments were sequenced by commercially available sequencing facilities. The results of one such fluorescence differential display experiment for the human MAGUIN-1 gene are shown in Figure 2.

#### (iv) Confirmation of differential expression by quantitative RT-PCR:

Positive corroboration of differential expression of the human MAGUIN-1 gene and human MAGUIN-2 gene was performed using the LightCycler technology (Roche). This technique features rapid thermal cyling for the polymerase chain reaction as well as real-time measurement of fluorescent signals during amplification and therefore allows for highly accurate quantification of RT-PCR products by using a kinetic, rather than an endpoint approach. The ratios of human MAGUIN-1 and human MAGUIN-2 cDNA each



from the temporal cortex and frontal cortex, and from the hippocampus and frontal cortex, respectively, were determined (relative quantification).

First, a standard curve was generated to determine the efficiency of the PCR with specific primers for human MAGUIN-1:

5'-CAGCAAGCAGTTGACGGGA-3'

and 5'-GCCACGAGTCTTGTCAAATTCA -3'

and human MAGUIN-2:

5'-GGGCCTCCCAAAGGGATAT-3'

and 5'-CCCAATGTAGAAAGCTCGCATT-3'.

PCR amplification (95 °C and 1 sec, 56 °C and 5 sec, and 72 °C and 5 sec) was performed in a volume of 20 µl containing Lightcycler-FastStart DNA Master SYBR Green I mix (contains FastStart Taq DNA polymerase, reaction buffer, dNTP mix with dUTP instead of dTTP, SYBR Green I dye, and 1 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>; Roche), 0.5 µM primers, 2 µl of a cDNA dilution series (final concentration of 40, 20, 10, 5, 1 and 0.5 ng human total brain cDNA; Clontech) and depending on the primers used, additional 3 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>. Melting curve analysis revealed a single peak at approximately 80°C and 80.6°C with no visible primer dimers. Quality and size of the PCR product were determined with the DNA LabChip system (Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer, Agilent Technologies). A single peak at the expected size of 121 bp for human MAGUIN-1 and 67 bp for human MAGUIN-2 was observed in the electropherogram of the sample.

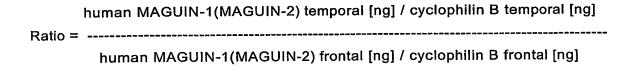
In an analogous manner, the PCR protocol was applied to determine the PCR efficiency of a set of reference genes which were selected as a reference standard for quantification. In the present invention, the mean value of five such reference genes 5'primers the specific cyclophilin В, using determined: (1) was ACTGAAGCACTACGGGCCTG-3' and 5'-AGCCGTTGGTGTCTTTGCC-3' except for MgCl<sub>2</sub> (an additional 1 mM was added instead of 3 mM). Melting curve analysis revealed a single peak at approximately 87 °C with no visible primer dimers. Agarose gel analysis of the PCR product showed one single band of the expected size (62 bp). (2) Ribosomal protein S9 (RPS9), using the specific primers 5'-GGTCAAATTTACCCTGGCCA-3' and 5'- TCTCATCAAGCGTCAGCAGTTC-3' (exception: additional 1 mM MgCl₂ was added instead of 3 mM). Melting curve analysis revealed a single peak at approximately 85°C with no visible primer dimers. Agarose gel analysis of the PCR product showed one single band with the expected size (62 bp). (3) beta-actin, using the specific primers 5'-TGGAACGGTGAAGGTGACA-3' and 5'-GGCAAGGGACTTCCTGTAA-3'. Melting curve analysis revealed a single peak at approximately 87°C with no visible primer dimers. Agarose gel analysis of the PCR product showed one single band with the expected size (142 bp). (4) GAPDH, using the specific primers 5'-CGTCATGGGTGTGAACCATG-

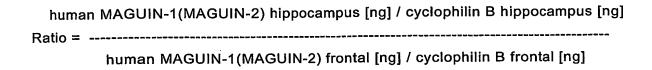


3' and 5'-GCTAAGCAGTTGGTGGTGCAG-3'. Melting curve analysis revealed a single peak at approximately 83°C with no visible primer dimers. Agarose gel analysis of the PCR product showed one single band with the expected size (81 bp). (5) Transferrin receptor TRR, using the specific primers 5'-GTCGCTGGTCAGTTCGTGATT-3' and 5'-AGCAGTTGGCTGTTGTACCTCTC-3'. Melting curve analysis revealed a single peak at approximately 83°C with no visible primer dimers. Agarose gel analysis of the PCR product showed one single band with the expected size (80 bp).

For calculation of the values, first the logarithm of the cDNA concentration was plotted against the threshold cycle number Ct for human MAGUIN-1 and human MAGUIN-2, respectively, and the five reference standard genes. The slopes and the intercepts of the standard curves (i.e. linear regressions) were calculated for all genes. In a second step, cDNAs from temporal cortex and frontal cortex, and from hippocampus and frontal cortex, for human MAGUIN-1 and human MAGUIN-2, respectively, were analyzed in parallel and normalized to cyclophilin B. The Ct values were measured and converted to ng total brain cDNA using the corresponding standard curves:

The values for temporal cortex and frontal cortex of human MAGUIN-1 and human MAGUIN-2 cDNAs, and the values for hippocampus and frontal cortex of human MAGUIN-1 and human MAGUIN-2 cDNAs, respectively, were normalized to cyclophilin B, and the ratios were calculated using the following formulas:





In a third step, the set of reference standard genes was analyzed in parallel to determine the mean average value of the temporal to frontal ratios, and of the hippocampal to frontal ratios, respectively, of expression levels of the reference standard genes for each individual brain sample. As cyclophilin B was analyzed in step



2 and step 3, and the ratio from one gene to another gene remained constant in different runs, it was possible to normalize the values for human MAGUIN-1 and human MAGUIN-2 to the mean average value of the set of reference standard genes instead of normalizing to one single gene alone. The calculation was performed by dividing the ratio shown above by the deviation of cyclophilin B from the mean value of all housekeeping genes. The results of such quantitative RT-PCR analysis for the human MAGUIN-1 gene are shown in Figure 3 and 4 and for the human MAGUIN-2 gene in Figure 5 and 6.

#### (v) Sequence Analysis

Searching the EST database of the GenBank database for sequence similarities to the identified differentially expressed human cDNA fragment, SEQ ID NO. 7, as stated in the present invention, it was found that SEQ ID NO. 7 was identical to portions of the human EST sequences ai817268 and bf115709, (shown in Figure 17). These human ESTs showed high homology to rat (*Rattus norvegicus*) MAGUIN-1. Aligning human ESTs in addition to the identified expressed SEQ ID NO. 7, a complete EST cluster representing the human MAGUIN-1 cDNA, SEQ ID NO. 5, was constructed. The amino acid sequence of a large open reading frame with the potential to encode a protein of 1034 amino acid residues was deduced (SEQ ID NO. 1). The human MAGUIN-1 protein, as denoted herein, is highly homologous to the rat MAGUIN-1 protein. In addition, it encodes a protein (SEQ ID NO. 1) harboring a number of structurally and functionally important domains. One SAM, one PDZ, and one PH domain are located from amino acid residues 8 to 75 (SAM), amino acid residues 156 to 296 (PDZ), and amino acid residues 572 to 667 (PH) (refer to Figure 7).

#### (vi) <u>Immunohistochemistry:</u>

For immunofluorescence staining of Maguin-1 in human brain, frozen sections were prepared from post-mortem pre-central gyrus of a donor person (Cryostat Leica CM3050S) and fixed in acetone for 10 min. After washing in PBS, the sections were pre-incubated with blocking buffer (10% normal goat serum, 0.2% Triton X-100 in PBS) for 30min, and then incubated with affinity-purified rabbit anti-Maguin-1 antisera (1:20-1:50 diluted in blocking buffer, custom-made by Davids Biotechnologie, Regensburg) overnight at 4°C. After rinsing three times in 0.2% Triton X-100/PBS, the sections were incubated with FITC-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (1:150 diluted in 1% BSA/PBS) for 2 hours at room temperature, and then again washed in PBS. Staining of the nuclei was performed by incubation of the sections with 5µM DAPI in PBS for 3min (blue signal). In order to block the autofluoresence of lipofuscin in human brain, the sections were treated with 1% Sudan Black B in 70% ethanol for 2-10 min at room temperature,



sequentially dipped in 70% ethanol, destilled water and PBS. The sections were coverslipped by 'Vectrashield mounting medium' (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA) and observed under an inverted microscope (IX81, Olympus Optical). The digital images were captured with the appropriate software (AnalySiS, Olympus Optical).



#### **CLAIMS**

1. A method of diagnosing or prognosticating a neurodegenerative disease in a subject, or determining whether a subject is at increased risk of developing said disease, comprising:

determining a level and/or an activity of

- (i) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or
- (ii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or
- (iii) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product,

in a sample from said subject and comparing said level and/or said activity to a reference value representing a known disease or health status, thereby diagnosing or prognosticating said neurodegenerative disease in said subject, or determining whether said subject is at increased risk of developing said neurodegenerative disease.

2. A method of monitoring the progression of a neurodegenerative disease in a subject, comprising:

determining a level and/or an activity of

- (i) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or
- (ii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or
- (iii) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product,

in a sample from said subject and comparing said level and/or said activity to a reference value representing a known disease or health status, thereby monitoring the progression of said neurodegenerative disease in said subject.

3. A method of evaluating a treatment for a neurodegenerative disease, comprising:

determining a level and/or an activity of

- (i) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or
- (ii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or

(iii) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product,

in a sample from a subject being treated for said disease and comparing said level and/or said activity to a reference value representing a known disease or health status, thereby evaluating said treatment for said neurodegenerative disease.

- 4. The method according to any of claims 1 to 3 wherein said neurodegenerative disease is Alzheimer's disease.
- 5. The method according to any of claims 1 to 4 wherein said sample is a cell, or a tissue, or a body fluid, in particular cerebrospinal fluid or blood.
- 6. The method according to any of claims 1 to 5 wherein said reference value is that of a level and/or an activity of
  - (i) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or
  - (ii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or
- (iii) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product,

in a sample from a subject not suffering from said neurodegenerative disease.

- 7. The method according to any of claims 1 to 6 wherein an alteration in the level and/or activity of a transcription product of the gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 and/or a translation product of the gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 and/or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, in a sample cell, or tissue, or body fluid, in particular cerebrospinal fluid, from said subject relative to a reference value representing a known health status indicates a diagnosis, or prognosis, or increased risk of Alzheimer's disease in said subject.
- 8. The method according to any of claims 1 to 7, further comprising comparing a level and/or an activity of
  - (i) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or
  - (ii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or
  - (iii) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of said transcription or translation product,

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in a series of samples taken from said subject over a period of time.

- 9. The method according to claim 8, wherein said subject receives a treatment prior to one or more of said sample gatherings.
- 10. The method according to claim 9 wherein said level and/or activity is determined before and after said treatment of said subject.
- 11. A kit for diagnosing or prognosticating a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, in a subject, or determining the propensity or predisposition of a subject to develop such a disease, said kit comprising:
  - (a) at least one reagent which is selected from the group consisting of
    - (i) reagents that selectively detect a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and
    - (ii) reagents that selectively detect a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 and
  - (b) an instruction for diagnosing or prognosticating a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, or determining the propensity or predisposition of a subject to develop such a disease by
    - (i) detecting a level, or an activity, or both said level and said activity, of said transcription product and/or said translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 in a sample from said subject; and
    - (ii) diagnosing or prognosticating a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, or determining the propensity or predisposition of said subject to develop such a disease,
    - wherein a varied level, or activity, or both said level and said activity, of said transcription product and/or said translation product compared to a reference value representing a known health status; or a level, or activity, or both said level and said activity, of said transcription product and/or said translation product similar or equal to a reference value representing a known disease status indicates a diagnosis or prognosis of a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, or an increased propensity or predisposition of developing such a disease.
- 12. A method of treating or preventing a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, in a subject comprising administering to said subject in a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount an agent or agents which directly or



indirectly affect an activity and/or a level of (i) a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (ii) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii).

- 13. A modulator of an activity and/or of a level of at least one substance which is selected from the group consisting of (i) a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (ii) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii).
- 14. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a modulator according to claim 13.
- 15. Use of a modulator of an activity and/or of a level of at least one substance which is selected from the group consisting of (i) a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (ii) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or (iv) a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii) for a preparation of a medicament for treating or preventing a neurodegenerative disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease.
- 16. A recombinant, non-human animal comprising a non-native gene sequence coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 or a fragment, or a derivative, or a variant thereof, said animal being obtainable by:
  - (i) providing a gene targeting construct comprising said gene sequence and a selectable marker sequence, and
  - (ii) introducing said targeting construct into a stem cell of a non-human animal, and
  - (iii) introducing said non-human animal stem cell into a non-human embryo, and
  - (iv) transplanting said embryo into a pseudopregnant non-human animal, and
  - (v) allowing said embryo to develop to term, and
  - (vi) identifying a genetically altered non-human animal whose genome comprises a modification of said gene sequence in both alleles, and
  - (vii) breeding the genetically altered non-human animal of step (vi) to obtain a genetically altered non-human animal whose genome comprises a modification of said endogenous gene, wherein said disruption results in said

neurodegenerative disease or related diseases or disorders.



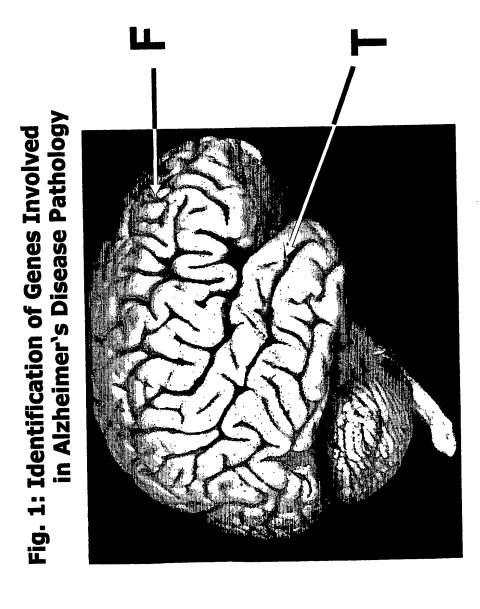
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- Use of the recombinant, non-human animal according to claim 16 for screening, 17. testing, and validating compounds, agents, and modulators in the development of diagnostics and therapeutics to treat neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease.
- 18. An assay for screening for a modulator of neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease, or related diseases or disorders of one or more substances selected from the group consisting of
  - (i) a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or
  - a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human (ii) MAGUIN-2, and/or
  - (iii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, and/or
  - a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (i) to (iii), said method comprising: (iv)
    - (a) contacting a cell with a test compound;
    - (b) measuring the activity and/or level of one or more substances recited in (i) to (iv);
    - (c) measuring the activity and/or level of one or more substances recited in (i) to (iv) in a control cell not contacted with said test compound; and
    - (d) comparing the levels and/or activities of the substance in the cells of step (b) and (c), wherein an alteration in the activity and/or level of substances in the contacted cells indicates that the test compound is a modulator of said diseases or disorders.
- 19. A method of testing a compound, preferably of screening a plurality of compounds, for inhibition of binding between a ligand and human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or fragments, or derivatives, or variants thereof, said method comprising the steps of:
  - (i) adding a liquid suspension of said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or fragments, or derivatives, or variants thereof, to a plurality of containers;
  - (ii) adding a compound, preferably a plurality of compounds, to be screened for said inhibition of binding to said plurality of containers;
  - (iii) adding a detectable ligand, in particular a fluorescently detectable ligand. to said containers:



- (iv) incubating the liquid suspension of said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or said fragments, or derivatives, or variants thereof, and said compound, preferably said plurality of compounds, and said ligand;
- (v) measuring amounts of detectable ligand or fluorescence associated with said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or with said fragments, or derivatives, or variants thereof; and
- (vi) determining the degree of inhibition by one or more of said compounds of binding of said ligand to said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or said fragments, or derivatives, or variants thereof.
- 20. A method of testing a compound, preferably of screening a plurality of compounds, to determine the degree of binding of said compound or compounds to human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or to fragments, or derivatives, or variants thereof, said method comprising the steps of:
- (i) adding a liquid suspension of said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or fragments, or derivatives, or variants thereof, to a plurality of containers;
- (ii) adding a detectable compound, preferably a plurality of detectable compounds, in particular fluorescently detectable compounds, to be screened for said binding to said plurality of containers;
- (iii) incubating the liquid suspension of said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or said fragments, or derivatives, or variants thereof, and said compound, preferably said plurality of compounds;
- (iv) measuring amounts of detectable compound or fluorescence associated with said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or with said fragments, or derivatives, or variants thereof; and
- (v) determining the degree of binding by one or more of said compounds to said human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2, or said fragments, or derivatives, or variants thereof.
- 21. A method for producing a medicament comprising the steps of (i) identifying a modulator of neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease, by a method according to claim 18 and (ii) admixing the modulator with a pharmaceutical carrier.
- 22. A method for producing a medicament comprising the steps of (i) identifying a compound as an inhibitor of binding between a ligand and a human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 gene product by a method according to claim 19 and (ii) admixing the compound with a pharmaceutical carrier.

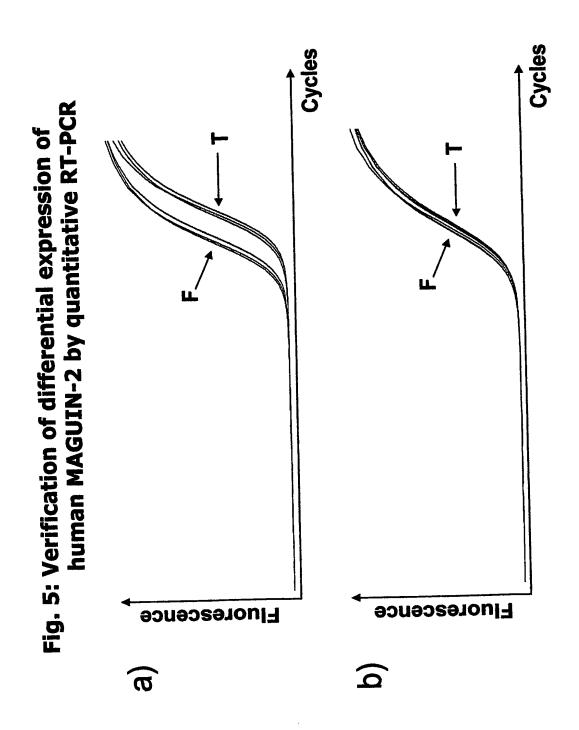
- 23. A method for producing a medicament comprising the steps of (i) identifying a compound as a binder to a human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 gene product by a method according to claim 20 and (ii) admixing the compound with a pharmaceutical carrier.
- 24. A medicament obtainable by any of the methods according to claim 21 to 23.
- 25. A medicament obtained by any of the methods according to claim 21 to 23.
- 26. A protein molecule shown in SEQ ID NO.1 or SEQ ID NO.2, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, for use as a diagnostic target for detecting a neurodegenerative disease, preferably Alzheimer's disease.
- 27. A protein molecule shown in SEQ ID NO. 1 or SEQ ID NO.2, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof, for use as a screening target for reagents or compounds preventing, or treating, or ameliorating a neurodegenerative disease, preferably Alzheimer's disease.
- 28. An antibody specifically immunoreactive with an immunogen, wherein said immunogen is a protein molecule shown in SEQ ID NO. 1, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof.
- 29. An antibody specifically immunoreactive with an immunogen, wherein said immunogen is a protein molecule shown in SEQ ID NO. 2, or a fragment, or derivative, or variant thereof.
- 30. Use of an antibody of claim 28 or 29, for detecting the pathological state of a cell in a sample from a subject, comprising immunocytochemical staining of said cell with said antibody, wherein an altered degree of staining, or an altered staining pattern in said cell compared to a cell representing a known health status indicates a pathological state of said cell.

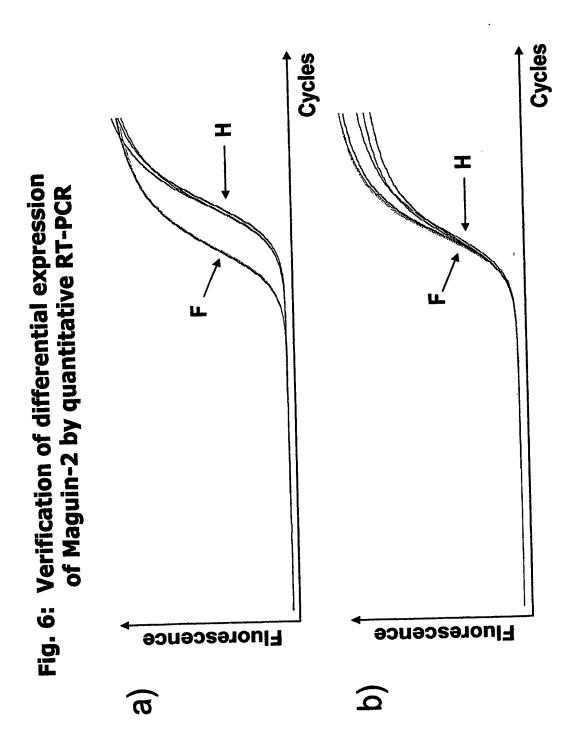


Ц. Identification of differentially expressed LL. genes in a fluorescence differential : 11-, \$1. W **AD Patient** L. 出: 排 .16 4 (: ш 1 : L display screen 镰 фſ 4 eli ilinsida Non-AD Control -Щ. Fig. 2: LL.

Cycles Cycles human MAGUIN-1 by quantitative RT-PCR Fig. 3: Verification of differential expression of Fluorescence Fluorescence 9 <u>a</u>

Cycles Cycles Fig. 4: Verification of differential expression of Maguin-1 by quantitative RT-PCR I I Fluorescence Fluorescence 9 <u>a</u>





## Fig. 7: SEQ ID NO. 1: amino acid sequence of human MAGUIN-1 protein

Length: 1034 aa

1	MALIMEPVSK WSPSQVVDWM KGLDDCLQQY IKNFEREKIS GDQLLRITHQ
51	ELEDLGVSRI GHQELILEAV DLLCALNYGL ETENLKTLSH KLNASAKNLQ
101	NFITGRRRSG HYDGRTSRKL PNDFLTSVVD LIGAAKSLLA WLDRSPFAAV
151	TDYSVTRNNV IQLCLELTTI VQQDCTVYET ENKILHVCKT LSGVCDHIIS
201	LSSDPLVSQS AHLEVIQLAN IKPSEGLGMY IKSTYDGLHV ITGTTENSPA
251	DRCKKIHAGD EVIQVNHQTV VGWQLKNLVN ALREDPSGVI LTLKKRPQSM
301	LTSAPALLKN MRWKPLALQP LIPRSPTSSV ATPSSTISTP TKRDSSALQD
351	LYIPPPPAEP YIPRDEKGNL PCEDLRGHMV GKPVHKGSES PNSFLDQEYR
401	KRFNIVEEDT VLYCYEYEKG RSSSQGRRES TPTYGKLRPI SMPVEYNWVG
451	DYEDPNKMKR DSRRENSLLR YMSNEKIAQE EYMFQRNSKK DTGKKSKKKG
501	DKSNSPTHYS LLPSLQMDAL RQDIMGTPVP ETTLYHTFQQ SSLQHKSKKK
551	NKGPIAGKSK RRISCKDLGR GDCEGWLWKK KDAKSYFSQK WKKYWFVLKD
601	ASLYWYINEE DEKAEGFISL PEFKIDRASE CRKKYAFKAC HPKIKSFYFA
651	AEHLDDMNRW LNRINMLTAG YAERERIKQE QDYWSESDKE EADTPSTPKQ
701	DSPPPPYDTY PRPPSMSCAS PYVEAKHSRL SSTETSQSQS SHEEFRQEVT
751	GSSAVSPIRK TASQRRSWQD LIETPLTSSG LHYLQTLPLE DSVFSDSAAI
801	SPEHRRQSTL PTQKCHLQDH YGPYPLAESE RMQVLNGNGG KPRSFTLPRD
851	SGFNHCCLNA PVSACDPQDD VQPPEVEEEE EEEEEEGEAA GENIGEKSES
901	REEKLGDSLQ DLYRALEQAS LSPLGEHRIS TKMEYKLSFI KRCNDPVMNE
951	KLHRLRILKS TLKAREGEVA IIDKVLDNPD LTSKEFQQWK QMYLDLFLDI
1001	CQNTTSNDPL SISSEVDVIT SSLAHTHSYI ETHV*

## -8/26-

# Fig. 8: Alignment of SEQ ID NO. 1, human MAGUIN-1, with rat MAGUIN-1

Length: 1034 aa

1	MALIMEPVSKWSPSQVVDWMKGLDDCLQQYIKNFEREKISGDQLLRITHQ	50
	MALIMEPVSKWSPSQVVDWMKGLDDCLQQYIKNFEREKISGDQLLRITHQ MALIMEPVSKWSPSQVVDWMKGLDDCLQQYIKNFEREKISGDQLLRITHQ	
51	ELEDLGVSRIGHQELILEAVDILICALNIGHEIENERIESINGALISTES CONTROLLED CONT	100
51	ELEDLGVSRIGHQELILEAVDLLCALNYGLETENLKTLSHKLNASAKNLQ	100
101	NFITGRRRSGHYDGRTSRKLPNDFLTSVVDLIGAAKSLLAWLDRSPFAAV	150
101	NFITGRRSGHIDGRIDRICH NDFILTSVVDLIGAAKSLLAWLDRSPFAAV NFITGRRSGHYDGRISRKLPNDFLTSVVDLIGAAKSLLAWLDRSPFAAV	150
151	TDYSVTRNNVIQLCLELTTIVQQDCTVYETENKILHVCKTLSGVCDHIIS	200
151	TDYSVIRNNVIQLCLELTIVQQDCTVYETENKILHVCKTLSGVCDHIIS	200
201	LSSDPLVSQSAHLEVIQLANIKPSEGLGMYIKSTYDGLHVITGTTENSPA	250
201	LSSDPLVSQSAHLEVIQLANIKPSEGLGMYIKSTYDGLHVITGTTENSPA LSSDPLVSQSAHLEVIQLANIKPSEGLGMYIKSTYDGLHVITGTTENSPA	250
251	DRCKKIHAGDEVIQVNHQTVVGWQLKNLVNALREDPSGVILTLKKRPQSM	300
251	DRCKTHAGDEVIQVIII	300
301	LTSAPALLKNMRWKPLALQPLIPRSPTSSVATPSSTISTPTKRDSSALQD	350
301	LTSAPALLKNMRWKT LTDQ1 	350
		400
	LYIPPPPAEPIIFKOLKONDIO OD LIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	400
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	450
	KRFNIVEEDIVLICIEIEKOKOSSQOIKESIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	
45:	DVEDDNYWYDDSPRENSIJRYMSNEKIAOEEYMFORNSKKDTGKKSKKKG	
45	DYEDPNRMROSKIEROSETTO	

## -9/26-

	DKSNSPTHYSLLPSLQMDALRQDIMGTPVPETTLYHTFQQSSLQHKSKKK	
501	DKSTSPTHYSLLPSLQMDALRQDIMGTPVPETTLYHTFQQSSLQHKSKKK	550
551	NKGPIAGKSKRRISCKDLGRGDCEGWLWKKKDAKSYFSOKWKKYWFVLKD	600
551	NKGAIAGKSKRRISCKDLGRGDCEGWLWKKKDAKSYFSQKWKKYWFVLKD	600
601	ASLYWYINEEDEKAEGFISLPEFKIDRASECRKKYAFKACHPKIKSFYFA	650
601	ASLIWITNEEDERGEST 10212111111111111111111111111111111111	650
651	A DUT DIMNIUMI NICI NIMI I ACTA ABRERTROCODI MODIODICIDIZIDI E E E E E E E	700
651	ABHIDDMIKW DIKTING THE ABHIDMIKW DIKTING THE ABHIDDMIKW DIKTING THE ABHIDMIKW DIKTI	700
701	DSPPPPYDTYPRPPSMSCASPYVEAKHSRLSSTETSQSQSSHEEFRQEVT	750
		750
	GGGAVERIBETA SORRSWODI.TETPLTSSGLHYLOTLPLEDSVFSDSAAI	800
		800
801	SPEHRRQSTLPTQKCHLQDHYGPYPLAESERMQVLNGNGGKPRSFTLPRD	850
801		850
	GGENTIGGI NA DVGA CDRODDVOPPEVEEEEEEEEEEGEAAGENIGEKSES	900
		898
	DEEKLODGI ODI YEAL FOASI SPIGEHRISTKMEYKLSFIKRCNDPVMNE	
	REEKIGDSLODDIKADEQASISIISIISIISIISIISIISIISIISIISIISIISIIS	
		1000
	KLHRLRILKSILKAREGEVAIIDKVLDNPDLTSKEFQQWKQMYLDLFLDI	
	CONTISUDPLSISSEVDVITSSLAHTHSYIETHV 1034	
	CONTTSNDPLSISSEVDVIISSLAHINSILEINV 1031	
00	0 LAUGUREVOLOFIC LESSEATA LESSOTTUTUOTTUTA TAA TAA	

## -10/26-

## Fig. 9: SEQ ID NO. 2: amino acid sequence of human MAGUIN-2 protein

#### Length: 898 aa

1	MALIMEPVSK WSPSQVVDWM KGLDDCLQQY IKNFEREKIS GDQLLRITHQ
51	ELEDLGVSRI GHQELILEAV DLLCALNYGL ETENLKTLSH KLNASAKNLQ
101	NFITGRRRSG HYDGRTSRKL PNDFLTSVVD LIGAAKSLLA WLDRSPFAAV
151	TDYSVTRNNV IQLCLELTTI VQQDCTVYET ENKILHVCKT LSGVCDHIIS
201	LSSDPLVSQS AHLEVIQLAN IKPSEGLGMY IKSTYDGLHV ITGTTENSPA
251	DRCKKIHAGD EVIQVNHQTV VGWQLKNLVN ALREDPSGVI LTLKKRPQSM
	LTSAPALLKN MRWKPLALQP LIPRSPTSSV ATPSSTISTP TKRDSSALQD
	LYIPPPPAEP YIPRDEKGNL PCEDLRGHMV GKPVHKGSES PNSFLDQEYR
401	KRFNIVEEDT VLYCYEYEKG RSSSQGRRES TPTYGKLRPI SMPVEYNWVG
	DYEDPNKMKR DSRRENSLLR YMSNEKIAQE EYMFQRNSKK DTGKKSKKKG
	DKSNSPTHYS LLPSLQMDAL RQDIMGTPVP ETTLYHTFQQ SSLQHKSKKK
	NKGPIAGKSK RRISCKDLGR GDCEGWLWKK KDAKSYFSQK WKKYWFVLKI
	ASLYWYINEE DEKAEGFISL PEFKIDRASE CRKKYAFKAC HPKIKSFYFA
	AEHLDDMNRW LNRINMLTAG YAERERIKQE QDYWSESDKE EADTPSTPKQ
	DSPPPPYDTY PRPPSMSCAS PYVEAKHSRL SSTETSQSQS SHEEFRQEVT
	GSSAVSPIRK TASQRRSWQD LIETPLTSSG LHYLQTLPLE DSVFSDSAAI
	SPEUD POSTI PTOKCHI ODH YGPYPLAESE RMOVLNGNGG KPRSFTLPRD

851 SGFNHCCLNA PVSACDPQDD VQPPEVEEEE EEEEEEGEAA GENIGEKS\*



## -11/26-

# igure 10: Alignment of SEQ ID NO. 2, human MAGUIN-2, with rat MAGUIN-2

Length: 898 aa

	MALIMEPVSKWSPSQVVDWMKGLDDCLQQYIKNFEREKISGDQLLRITHQ	50
1	MALIMEPVSKWSPSQVVDWMKGLDDCLQQY1KNFEREKISGDQLLLKIIAQ	50
51	ELEDLGVSRIGHQELILEAVDLLCALNYGLETENLKTLSHKLNASAKNLQ	100
51	ELEDLGVSRIGHQELILEAVDLLCALNYGLETENLKTLSHKLNASARNIQ	100
101	NFITGRRRSGHYDGRTSRKLPNDFLTSVVDLIGAAKSLLAWLDRSPFAAV	150
101	NFITGRRRSGHYDGRTSRKLPNDFLTSVVDLIGAAKSLLAWLDRSPFAAV	150
151	TDYSVTRNNVIQLCLELTTIVQQDCTVYETENKILHVCKTLSGVCDHIIS	200
151		200
201	LSSDPLVSQSAHLEVIQLANIKPSEGLGMYIKSTYDGLHVITGTTENSPA	250
201	LSSDPHVSQSAIDEVIQUENTIAL DESCRIPTION OF THE STATEMENT OF	250
251	DRCKKIHAGDEVIQVNHQTVVGWQLKNLVNALREDPSGVILTLKKRPQSM	300
251	DRCKTHAGDEVIQVIII	300
301	LTSAPALLKNMRWKPLALQPLIPRSPTSSVATPSSTISTPTKRDSSALQD	350
301		350
	TYT DDDDAEDYT DRDEKGNI PCEDLRGHMVGKPVHKGSESPNSFLDQEYR	
351		
401		
	DVEDDNYMKRDSRRENSIJRYMSNEKIAOEEYMFQRNSKKDTGKKSKKKG	500
451	L DIEDERIGHTOOM	

## -12/26-

501	DKSNSPTHYSLLPSLQMDALRQDIMGTPVPETTLYHTFQQSSLQHKSKKK	550
501	DKSTSPTHYSLLPSLQMDALRQDIMGTPVPETTLYHTFQQSSLQHKSKKK	550
551	NKGPIAGKSKRRISCKDLGRGDCEGWLWKKKDAKSYFSOKWKKYWFVLKD	600
551	TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	600
501	ASLYWYINEEDEKAEGFISLPEFKIDRASECRKKYAFKACHPKIKSFYFA	650
601		650
651	AEHLDDMNRWLNRINMLTAGYAERERIKQEQDYWSESDKEEADTPSTPKQ	700
651	THE THE TWO DODGE COVER A DEPOSIT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	700
701	DSPPPPYDTYPRPPSMSCASPYVEAKHSRLSSTETSQSQSSHEEFRQEVT	750
701	DSPPPPYDTYPRPPSMSCASPYVEAKHSRLSSTETSQSQSSHEEFRQEVT	750
751	GSSAVSPIRKTASORRSWODLIETPLTSSGLHYLOTLPLEDSVFSDSAAI	800
751	GSSAVSPIRKTASQRRSWQDLIETPLTSSGLHYLQTLPLEDSVFSDSAAI	800
801	SPEHRRQSTLPTQKCHLQDHYGPYPLAESERMQVLNGNGGKPRSFTLPRD	850
801	SPEHRRQSTLPTQKCHLQDHYGPYPLAESERMQVLNGNGGKPRSFTLPRD	850
851	SGFNHCCLNAPVSACDPODDVOPPEVEREEEEEEEEGEAAGENIGEKS {	98
851	SGFNHCCLNAPVSACDPQDDIQPPEVEEEEEEEEE.EAAGENIGEKS	96



## -13/26-Fig. 11: SEQ ID NO. 3: nucleotide sequence of human MAGUIN-1 coding sequence

Length: 3105 bp

						TO A CITICO A TIC
1	ATGGCTCTGA	TAATGGAACC	GGTGAGCAAA	TGGTCTCCGA	GTCAAGTAGT (	JGACIGGAIG
			<u>ሮሮአሮሮአሮጥልጥ</u>	ATTAAGAACT	TIGMONGOGW ,	OLT IOIII OLIO
		maamaaaaa T	ጥአሮአሮአሞሮልር	GAGCTAGAAG	WICIGGGGT A	CACCOCO
		$\mathbf{x}$	<u>ሮሮል አሮሮልሮባግ</u>	GACCITCIGI	GIGCHIION	11111000
		3 mam 3 3 3 3 3 7 7	$\alpha$	AAGTTGAATG	CHICIGCOUP .	twarr or or or or
		070077007C	አአሮሮልርጥርርር	CATTAIGAIG	GGAGGACCAG	CCC1444
			አርጥጥርጥርርልጥ	C''I'GA'I''I'GGAG	CAGCCAAGAG	101001100
			TCCTCCTCTC	ACAGACTATI	CWGITYCHYO	
			יוייוים מיז א מיז א א	CALLACACAC	WITGINCIOT	
			יוייו אם אם מידיבותים	CHITCITGGAG	TCIGIONCON	CTTT CTTTTT
			でして とり はいいい	GCTCACCTGG	MAGIGATION	MOTOGRA
		~~~~ ~ ~~~~	CCCTATCTAT	ATTAAATCIA	CHIMIGHIOO	00200
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		* * ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	ጥሮአርኔልርጣየ፥ነነሩ	(ずしけけげしてして)	MOTIGUATA	111001
		* ~~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	ጥርሬጥርጥጥልጥር	TTAACTTTGA	MAMAGCGACC	1 01 101 10 01 1
			አርጥሮልልልልል።	ATGAGATGGA	MGCCCCTTCC	10100::
		$\alpha \times x \land \alpha \times \alpha \times \alpha \wedge \alpha \wedge$	አአሮሮኔሮሮርሞ"	GCCACGCCTT	CCMGCWCCWT	0170
		지 이지 어때만 어떤다.	-CCTCCDGGAT	CTCTACATIC		TOCITOTIO
		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	אממא א מרכידיוי	CCTTCTCAAG	MCCICEGEOG	11011111
		MOON BY YOUGH	ላግሞር ልይምግጥለ	CCAAATTCAT	TICIGGATCA	COLTAIN
		*	አሮአአርኒአጥል(ግ	(PICTITIATALL	CCTVTCVVTTV	10.11
		~~~~~~~~~~~		ACCCCAACTI	MIGGCWWGCI	100:100-1-
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			, which variation (**C.,	I GAACAIC	. Tracerona	
		וייין אינות אונות	' CXCTCCAGG	A TAIGLAGAAA	T GUGGGGGGT	
		- ~~~~~m~~~~~	* TCACAAGGA	A (HANGCAGALE	7 CICCUICUIC	11041
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294	1 TTGACATCT	A AAGAATICC	N MCWWIGGWE	C AGTATTICT	T CTGAAGTAG	A TGTAATCACT
300	1 TGTCAAAAT	A CCACCTCAA	W IGHCCCHCI	T CAAACGCAT	G TCTAA	
306	1 TCCTCTCTA	G CACACACTC	A TICATACAI	T GAAACGCAT		



## -14/26-Fig. 12: SEQ ID NO. 4: nucleotide sequence of human MAGUIN-2 coding sequence

Length: 2697 bp

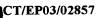
	•				
1	ATGGCTCTGA	TAATGGAACC	GGTGAGCAAA	TGGTCTCCGA	GTCAAGTAGT
51	GGACTGGATG	AAAGGTCTTG	ATGACTGTTT	GCAGCAGTAT	ATTAAGAACT
101	TTGAGAGGGA		GGGGACCAGC	TGCTGCGCAT	
151	GAGCTAGAAG		CAGCCGCATT	GGCCATCAGG	
201	CCAACCACTT	GACCTTCTGT	GTGCATTGAA	TTATGGCTTG	
251	ATCTAAAAAC	CCTTTCTCAC	AAGTTGAATG	CATCTGCCAA	AAATCTGCAG
301	<b>አ አጥጥጥጥ Δ ΤΙ Δ</b>	CAGGAAGGAG	AAGGAGTGGC	CATTATGATG	GGAGGACCAG
351	CCGAAAATTG	CCAAACGACT	TTCTGACCTC	AGTTGTGGAT	CTGATTGGAG
401	CAGCCAAGAG	TCTGCTTGCC	TGGTTGGACA	GGTCACCATT	TGCTGCTGTG
451	ACAGACTATT	CAGTTACAAG	AAATAATGTC	ATACAACTCT	
501	AACAACAATT	GTGCAACAGG	ATTGTACTGT	ATATGAAACA	
551	<b>ጥጥርጥጥር እ ርርጥ</b>	GTGTAAAACT	CTTTCTGGAG	TCTGTGACCA	
601	CTCTCGTCAG	ATCCTCTGGT	TTCACAGTCT	GCTCACCTGG	AAGTGATTCA
651	CCTCCCAAAC	ATTAAACCAA	GCGAAGGGCT	GGGTATGTAT	ATTAAATCTA
701	CATATGATGG	CCTCCATGTA	ATTACTGGAA	CCACAGAAAA	TTCACCTGCA
751	CATCGGTGCA	AGAAAATCCA	TGCTGGCGAT	GAAGTGATTC	AAGTTAATCA
801	<b>ምሮ</b> እርእርፕርፕር	GTGGGGTGGC	AGTTGAAAAA	TTTGGTGAAT	GCACTACGAG
851	ACCACCCGAG	TGGTGTTATC	TTAACTTTGA	AAAAGCGACC	TCAGAGCATG
901	ርጥጥልሮርጥሮልር	CACCAGCTTT	ACTGAAAAAT	ATGAGATGGA	AGCCCCTTGC
951	ጥርጥርርር ልርርርጥ	CTTATACCTA	GAAGTCCCAC	AAGCAGCGTT	GCCACGCCTT
1001	CCAGCACCAT	CAGTACACCC	ACCAAAAGAG	ACAGTTCTGC	CCTCCAGGAT
1051	ርጥርጥል ሮልጥፐር	CCCCTCCTCC	TGCAGAACCA	TATATTCCCA	GGGATGAAAA
1101	አርርአ አ አ ርርጥጥ	CCTTGTGAAG	ACCTCAGAGG	ACATATGGTG	GGCAAGCCAG
1151	ጥር ር እጥ እርርርር	ATCTGAATCA	CCAAATTCAT	TTCTGGATCA	GGAATATCGA
1201	አአርአርአጥጥፕ	ΔTATTGTCGA	AGAAGATACT	GTCTTATATT	GCTATGAATA
1251	ጥሮአአአአአርርል	AGATCAAGTA	GTCAAGGAAG	ACGAGAAAGC	ACCCCAACTT
1301	አጥርርርር እ አርርርጥ	ACGACCTATA	TCTATGCCAG	TGGAATATAA	TTGGGTGGG
1351	GACTATGAAG	ATCCAAATAA	GATGAAGAGA	. GATAGTAGAA	GAGAAAACTC
1401	ጥርጥን ርጥጥርርር	TATATGAGCA	ATGAAAAGAT	' TGCTCAAGAA	GAATACATGT
1451	ጥጥሮልሮልሮልልል	CAGCAAAAAG	GACACAGGGA	AGAAGTCAAA	AAAGAAGGGT
1501	GATAAGAGTA	ATAGCCCAAC	TCACTATTCA	L TTGCTACCTA	GTTTACAAAT
1551	GGATGCACTG	AGACAAGACA	TCATGGGCAC	TCCTGTGCCA	GAGACCACAC
1601		ATTTCAGCAG	TCCTCACTGC	: AGCACAAATC	
1651	AACAAAGGTC	CTATAGCAGG	CAAGAGCAAA	A AGACGAATTI	
1701	TCTTGGCCGT		AGGGCTGGCT	TTGGAAAAAC	
1751	AGAGTTACTT	TTCACAGAAA		T ATTGGTTTGT	
1801	GCATCCCTTT	T ATTGGTATAT	TAATGAGGAG		
1851	CATTAGCCTC		AAATTGATAC	AGCCAGTGAF	TGCCGCAAAA
1901	AATATGCATT	CAAAGCCTGT		A TCAAAAGCTT	
1951	GCTGAACATO	TTGATGATAT	GAACAGGTG	G CTTAACAGA	TTAATATGCT
2001	CACTCCACCA	TATGCAGAAA	GAGAGAGGA	r taagcagga?	CAAGATTACT
2051	CCA CTCA CA CA	TGACAAGGAA	GAAGCAGAT	A CTCCATCAAC	ACCAAAACAA
2101	CAMACCCCTC	" " CACCCCCATA	TGATACATAC	CCACGACCTC	CUTCGATGAG
2151	mmadadada ar	r	AAGCAAAAC	A TAGCCGACT	r TCCTCCACGG
2201	አረአረምምርምር?	N GTCTCAGTCT	r TCTCATGAG(	G AGTTTCGCCA	A GGAAGTAACT
2251	CCCACCACTC	<sup>2</sup>	CATTCGCAA	G ACAGCCAGT	AGCGCCGCTC
2301	CHICAGN CCN	ኮ <b>ጥጥልልጥጥ</b> ርልር/	A CGCCACTGA	C AAGTTCAGG	2 TTACACTATC
2351	mman an amar	r cccccrcccac	GATTCTGTC'	T TCTCTGACT	2 CGCGGCCATC
2401	maaaaa a a a a	C ACAGGCGGC	A GTCTACCCT	G CCAACTCAGA	A AATGCCACCI
2451	CC2 CC2 TC2	$\sigma$ $\pi \lambda \pi G G G C C \Delta T$	r ACCCCTTAG	C TGAGAGTGAG	3 AGGATGCAAG
2501	maama a arca	C ABATGGGGG	AAGCCTCGA	A GTTTTACTC	I GCCTCGAGAI
2551	A COCCOMMO	» አርሮኔሞፕርርፕር	; TCTGAaTGC	T CCAGTTAGT	3 CCIGIGACCC
2601	አሪአሪሪአጥርሽ	C GTGCAACCC	CAGAGGTGG.	a ggaagagga	3 GAGGAGGAGG
2651	AGGAGGAAG	G GGAGGCAGC	A GGGGAAAAC	A TAGGAGAAA	A AAGCTAA



## -15/26-Fig. 13: SEQ ID NO. 5: nucleotide sequence of human MAGUIN-1 cDNA

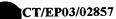
Length: 5749 bp

1	CGGGCAGCTA	GTCGTGCTCG	GGGCTTCACT	CCCGCGCGTG	AGGCGAGCGG	GCAAGTTGGC
61	TCACCCCCTG	CGGCAGAGGC	TGCTTCCCTC	GGCGACGCGA	CCCCTCAGCA	ACTCAAGCTA
727	ጥር እ እ ርጥር እ እር	CTCCCTAGGG	ACGGAGACCG	GAGCGGAGCG	GCGGAGGCAG	CAGCAGCAGC
101	ACCACCACCA	GCAGCAGCAG	CAGCCGCCGC	CGCCGCCGCC	TTAGCGGGAA	CTGAGCAGAC
241	CCCCCCCCCA	CCCACGACTC	CTGCACGTTT	ACCTCCCTGT	CGCCGTTCCT	GCCGGCGGTT
201	GGCTDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD	CGTTACAGCC	GCGAGACCCG	ACACACAAAA	GCCGCTTTCT	CCGCGCCCCC
361	CCCCCACCCA	GGCTGCGGCC	AGCAAGGGAC	CCCACCTGAG	AGCAGCTCGG	GCTGCTGAGT
421	ጥሮሬጥጥጥጥሮጥር	TCTGAGCTCT	GCGCTCTGCA	CGGAACCGAC	CCCGTACCCA	TGGCTCTGAT
481	አአጥርርአአርርር	CTCACCAAAT	GGTCTCCGAG	TCAAGTAGTG	GACTGGATGA	AAGGTCTTGA
E / 1	ጥር እ ርጥርጥጥጥር	CAGCAGTATA	TTAAGAACTT	TGAGAGGGAG	AAGATCAGTG	GGGACCAGCT
601	COTCCCCATT	ACACATCAGG	ACCTAGAAGA	TCTGGGGGTC	AGCCGCATTG	GCCATCAGGA
661	አርጥርአጥርጥጥር	GAAGCAGTTG	ACCTTCTGTG	TGCATTGAAT	TATGGCTTGG	AAACAGAAAA
721	ጥርሞአአአአአርሮ	CTTTCTCACA	AGTTGAATGC	ATCTGCCAAA	AATCTGCAGA	ATTTTATAAC
781	ACCAACGAGA	AGGAGTGGCC	ATTATGATGG	GAGGACCAGC	CGAAAATTGC	CAAACGACTT
841	TOTAL COTO	GTTGTGGATC	TGATTGGAGC	AGCCAAGAGT	CTGCTTGCCT	GGTTGGACAG
901	CTCACCATTT	CCTCCTCTCA	CAGACTATTC	AGTTACAAGA	AATAATGTCA	TACAACTCTG
961	<b>ሪሪ</b> ሞሪሪ እርጥጥ እ	አ <b>ር</b> አልሮ አልጥሞር፤	TGCAACAGGA	TTGTACTGTA	TATGAAACAG	AGAATAAAAT
1021	<b>ጥርጥጥር እርርጥር</b>	TGTAAAACTC	TTTCTGGAGT	CTGTGACCAC	ATCATATCCC	TGTCGTCAGA
1001	ጥርርጥርጥርርጥጥ	TCACAGTCTG	CTCACCTGGA	AGTGATTCAA	CTGGCAAACA	TTAAACCAAG
17/1	CCAACCCCTC	GGTATGTATA	TTAAATCTAC	ATATGATGGC	CTCCATGTAA	TTACTGGAAC
1201	<b>ማ ማ ማ ማ አ አ አ አ ጥ</b>	ጥሮልሮሮጥሮሮልር	ATCGGTGCAA	GAAAATCCAT	GCTGGCGATG	AAGTGATTCA
1261	አርጥጥአአጥሮልጥ	CAGACTGTGG	TGGGGTGGCA	GTTGAAAAAT	TTGGTGAATG	CACTACGAGA
1221	CCACCCGACT	CCጥርጥጥ Δጥርጥ	TAACTTTGAA	AAAGCGACCT	CAGAGCATGC	TTACCTCAGC
1201	አ <i>ርርአርር</i> ጥጥጥሽ	CTCDDDDDDDD	TGAGATGGAA	GCCCCTTGCT	CTGCAGCCTC	TTATACCTAG
1441	A A CITICOCA CA	ልሮሮልሮሮሮሞሞር	CCACGCCTTC	CAGCACCATC	AGTACACCCA	CCAAAAGAGA
1501	CA CHITCHICAC	ርጥሮሮልፎሮልጥሮ	TCTACATTCC	CCCTCCTCCT	GCAGAACCAT	ATATTCCCAG
1561	CCDTCDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD	CCAAACCTTC	CTTGTGAAGA	CCTCAGAGGA	CATATGGTGG	GCAAGCCAGT
1621	COMBANCOS	ጥርጥርል እጥሮልሮ	CAAATTCATT	TCTGGATCAG	GAATAICGAA	AGAGATTTAA
1681	መአመመርመርር እ እ	CANCATACTG	TCTTATATTG	CTATGAATAT	GAAAAAGGAA	GATCAAGTAG
1741	TO A A COA A CA	CGAGAAAGCA	CCCCAACTTA	TGGCAAGCTA	CGACCTATAT	CTATGCCAGT
1801	<i>ሮሮእ</i> አጥአጥአ አጥ	тесстессе	ACTATGAAGA	TCCAAATAAG	ATGAAGAGAG	ATAGTAGAAG
1861	አ ር አ አ አ አ ር ጥር ጥ	<b>で中ない中中ではは中</b>	ATATGAGCAA	TGAAAAGATT	GCTCAAGAAG	AATACATGTT
1921	THE TAKE A A A C	ACCANANACC	ACACAGGGAA	GAAGTCAAAA	AAGAAGGGTG	ATAAGAGTAA
1981	TO COCO A COT	י ראַרייאַיייראַייי	TGCTACCTAG	TTTACAAATG	GATGCACTGA	GACAAGACAT
2041	CARCCCCACT	י רריזימיזימרר <b>א</b> מ	AGACCACACT	' ATACCATACA	TTTCAGCAGT	CCTCACTGCA
2101	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	$\lambda \lambda C \lambda \lambda C \lambda \lambda A \lambda \lambda$	ACAAAGGTCC	' TATAGCAGGC	AAGAGCAAAA	GACGAATTIC
2161	mmCCNNNCNT	י רייייממרימיים	຺຺ຒຓຨຆຓຓຨຐ	. GGGCTGGCTT	' 'I'GGAAAAAGA	AAGATGCGAA
2221	CA CIMITA CITITA	· ጥሮአሮአርአአአጥ	CCDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD	TTGGTTTGTC	CTAAAGGATG	CATCCCTTTA
2281	かかくくかみかみかず	י אאיימאממאממ	ATGAAAAAGC	AGAAGGATTC	ATTAGCCTGC	CIGAATITAA
2341	አ አጥጥር አጥስር አ	CCCACTCAAT	GCCGCAAAAA	ATATGCATTC	AAAGCCTGTC	ATCCTAAAAT
2401	CANARCOUNT	י ייים יייייייייים בייים	CTGAACATCT	' TGATGATATG	AACAGGTGGC	TIAACAGAAI
2461	ጥ አ አጥ አጥር ርጥር	LACTECACEAT	ATGCAGAAAG	AGAGAGGATT	' AAGCAGGAAC	: AAGATTACTG
2521	CA CINCA CA CIT	י פאפאאפפאאפ	NAGCAGATAC	TCCATCAACA	CCAAAACAAG	ATAGCCCTCC
2501	አረረረረረንሞእባ	፣ <b>ር</b> ልጥአርአጥአርር	' CACGACCTCC	CTCGATGAGI	TGCGCCAGIC	, CITAIGIGGA
0645	**********		· ∼∼™℃℃∆℃€€₹	A GACTTCTCAC	TCTCAGICII	CICHIGAGGA
270		፤ <b>ር</b> እአረጥአአርጥር	. ccaccagtgc	: AGTGTCTCCC	ATTOGCAAGA	CAGCCAGICA
2761		י יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	י ምልልጥጥGAGAC	: GCCACTGACA	AGIICAGGCI	. IMCMCIMICI
2821	L TCAGACTCTG	CCCCTGGAGG	ATTCTGTCT	CTCTGACTCC	: GCGGCCATCT	CCCCAGAGCA



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2941 CCCCTTAGCT GAGATGAGA GGATGCAGA ATGCCACCT CAGGATCACT ATGGGCCATA 3001 TITTACTCTG CCCCCAGAGATA GGATGCAGT GCTAATGGA AATGGGGGCA AGCCTCGAAG 3121 GGAGGAGGG CAGGAGGAGG GGAAACAT AGGAGGAGG AGCACCACA 3121 GGAGGAAGG GAGGCAGG GGAAACAT AGGAGAAAAA AGTGAAACCA GAGAGGAGA 3121 AGGAGAACAT CATATCCAGA ATTTATACAG GGCACTGGAG CAGCCACTA 3221 AGGAGAACAA CTATATCCAA CACAGAGAAAAAA 3301 TGATCCTGTA ATGAAGACA ATTTATACAG GGCACTGGAG CAGCCACTT 3221 AGGAGAAGGA AGTAGAACAC GCACTTTC TCAAAACCA 3301 CAGCCCACTAA ATGAAGACA ATTATACAG GGCACTGGAG CAGCCACTTA 3301 CAGCCCACTAA ATGAAGAAC AGAGTGAAACA 3421 AGGAGAAGGA AGAGGAACAAAA AGTGAAAGCA CTTTAAAGGA 3421 AGGATCCCAA CAATGGAAC ATATCACCG GCTGTAGAAT CTCAAAAACA 3421 AGAATTCCAA CAATGGAAC AGATGACCAC TATATCCATAA 3421 AGACCCACTAA CAATGGAAC AGATGTACCC CACCTTTTC TGAAGTACCT GCACCACTTAC 3541 ACCACTCAT TCATCACTGA AAAGCACTTT TCAAAATACA 3601 TACCTGCTG TACTCTAAC AAGGCATTT TTAATAGAC GTATTCTTTT TTAAAAGAC TTCAAATACA 3601 TACCTGCTG TACTCTAAC AAGGCATTT TTAATAGAC AGTATTACACTT CCTCTCTAC 3611 CACCACTCAT TAATGAGCAT TTAATATAA GGTAGTTTT TTAATAGACT GCCACTCTAC 3621 CCCCATTACT TAATGAGCAT TTAATATAA GGTAGCTTTT TTATACAGT GTGGACACT 3721 CCACTATCT TAATGAGCAT TTTAATATCA TTAATTACACT TAATTCAATGT 3781 CACTGTGCAC TTCAAGTAGT AAAACCACAA AAGCCATATA 3781 CAGGGGGCT TCAAGTAGT AAAACCACAA AAGCCATTTT ATTTACAGAC AATCCACTGTT 4021 AAGAATTTTC TTAATAGTT TATAACACTT CAAAAGTTTA AAACCCACA AATCCACACTTTCAGGT 4021 AAGAATTTTC TTAATAGTT CACAAAGTTT AAAACCACAC AATCCACTTTT TAATGAGTA 4141 CTAATATTCG TTTAATAGTT CACAAAGTTT TAATGCAGA AATCCACATTTTTTTTTCAGGT 4221 AGAACCAAAAT GAAGACCTAA GCAAAATTAA CACACACCC 433AAGGAAAT GAAGACTAA AACCACACA AATCCACACT TAAAACCACAC AATCCACACCC 433AAGGAAAT GAAGACTAA AACCACAC AAGGCTATAA CAAACCACCC 434AAGGAAAT GAAGACTAA CACACACCC CATAAAGAAAA AACCACACCAC							
3001 TTTTACTCTC CCTCGGGATA GCGGGTTCAA CCATTGCTGT CTGAATGCTC CAGTTAGTGC 3061 CTGTGACCCA CAGGATGACG TGCAACCCC AGAGGTGGAG GAAGAGAGAGAAA 3121 GGAGGAAGG GAGGCAGCAG GGAAAACAT AGGAGAAAAA AGTGAAAGAGAAAA 3121 GGAGGAAGG CAGGCCAGAG GGAAAACAT AGGAGAAAAA AGTGAAAGAGAAAA 31241 AGGAGAACAT CTATTTCAA CCAAGATGGA ATACAGAGTA TCATTTATAA AAAGATGTAA 3241 AGGAGAACAT CGTATTTCAA CCAAGATGGA ATACAGAGTA TCATTTATAA AAAGATGTAA 3301 TGAACCCTGAA ATGAATCACA CAATGAGAGA AATCAGACAT TGACACCTAGAGACA CAATGAGAGGA AAATCAGACAT TGACACCTAGAAACAA ACTACCACG GCTGGAGATT TCATAAAGACCA CTTAAAGGCA 3421 AGAACTCCAA CAATGAGAACA AGATGACACA CAATCAGACT TGACACCTAGAGACA CAATCAGACTA TCATACATTA GACCACCTGA GTATTTCTTC TGACATCATA TACCACACTAGAGACA CAATCAGACTA TCATACACTAG AAACGCACATTA GACCACCTAGAACTA TCATACACTAG AAACGCACATTA GACCACCTAGA TACCTTAAATG TAACCACACTATA GACCACCTAGA 3601 TACCTGGTGG TACCTCGACA AAGTGATATA GGTACACTATA GACCACTATAT 3601 TACCTGCTGG TACCTGAGAA AAGTGATATA GATGAGACATATA GACCACTATATA GACCACTA AAACCACAA AAGCCACAA AAGCCACAA AAGCCACAA AAGCCACAA AAGCCACAA AAGCCACAA AAGCCACAA AAGCCACAA AAGCCACAA AAAACCACAA AAAACCACAA AAAAACCACAA AAAAACCAA CACCAC	2881	CAGGCGGCAG	TCTACCCTGC	CAACTCAGAA	ATGCCACCTG	CAGGATCACT	ATGGGCCATA
3121 GGAGGAGGG GAGGAGCACAG GGGAAAACAT AGGAGAGAGA ATTATATAGA GAGAGAGAAAA AGTGAAAGCA GAGAAACAT AGGAGAACAT AGGAGAACAT AGGAGAACAT AGGAGAACAT AGGAGACAT CATTGCACCT TATTGCAGA ATTATACAG GCCACTGGAGATT CATTTATACAG GAGAGACAT ATTATACAG GCCACTGGAGATT CATTTATACAA AGTCACACCT TCAAAAGCAC ATTATACACCAG CTGAGAAATT CTCAAAAGCAC CTTTAAAAGC CAGAGAGAGCACACCACAC	2941	CCCCTTAGCT	GAGAGTGAGA	GGATGCAAGT	GCTAAATGGA	AATGGGGGCA	AGCCTCGAAG
3121 GGAGGAGGG GAGGAGCACAG GGGAAAACAT AGGAGAGAGA ATTATATAGA GAGAGAGAAAA AGTGAAAGCA GAGAAACAT AGGAGAACAT AGGAGAACAT AGGAGAACAT AGGAGAACAT AGGAGACAT CATTGCACCT TATTGCAGA ATTATACAG GCCACTGGAGATT CATTTATACAG GAGAGACAT ATTATACAG GCCACTGGAGATT CATTTATACAA AGTCACACCT TCAAAAGCAC ATTATACACCAG CTGAGAAATT CTCAAAAGCAC CTTTAAAAGC CAGAGAGAGCACACCACAC							
3121 GAGGARGGG GAGGAGCAG GGGAARACAT AGGAGAARAA AGTGAARGCA GAGGAGAATA 3181 GTTAGGAGAC TCATTGCAAG ATTTATACAG GGCACTGGAG CAGGCCAGCT GTTCCACCACT 3241 AGGAGAACGC CGTATTCCAA CCAAGATGGA ATTCAAGACT CAGGCCACTC 3301 TGATCCTGTA ATGAATGAAA AACTACACCG GCTGAGAAAT CCAAAAGCA CTTTAATAG 3301 TGATCCTGTA ATGAATGAAA AACTACACCG GCTGAGAAAT CCACAAAGCA CTTTAAAGGC 3421 AGGATACCAA CAATGGAAGC AGATGTACCT CGACCTTTC TGAGATCTGA 3421 AGGATCCAA GACCCACTGA GTATTTCTC TGAGATCTGA ATTCACACTC 3481 CACCTCAAAT GACCCACTGA GTATTTCTC TGAGATCTGAT TTGGCATCCAG 3501 TACCTGCTGG TACTCTGAAC AAGTATATAA GGTAGTTTTT TATATCAATCT CCACTCTTGA 3601 TACCTGCTGG TACTCTGAAC AAGTATATAA GGTAGTTTT ATATCAATCT GGCACCTTG 3601 TACCTGCTGG TACTCTGAAC AAGTATATATA GTTAGAACTA ATATGAACA AGCCATCTG 3721 CCACTATCTT TAATGACTA TTTACAAACT TTTATATACAACT ATATGAACA AGCCATCTG GGTCACAATA 3721 CCACTACCTT TAATGACT TTTAATGACT TAAAAATTAAC TTTTGCAAAC AGTCTATAC 3781 CATGTGCAAA ATCAACTGC TTTAATGACT TAAAAATTAAC TTTTTGCAAAC ATTCTAAAC 3781 CACGGAGACCC TTCTAGACGTA AACACCACA AAGCGAGTTT TCAAAACTTAAC 3781 CACGCCATC TTTAATGT TAAAAATTAAC TTTTTCCAACA TAATTCAAAT 3781 CACGACACCC TTGTGGGTGG GAAAGAATTT AAACCTTTT TATATTTATAT TATATCAACT 3781 CACGACACCC TTGTGGGTGG GAAAGAATTT AAACCTTTT TATATTTATT TATATTATT TAATAACAAG ACTTCAAAAG TAAATCACAT TTTTTCAGGT 4021 AGAACCTACA CAAGACCTA CAAAAGTTA AACCTTTTT TATATTTATT TATATTATT TAAAATTTAC 4021 AGAACCTACA CAAGACCTA GAAAAATTAG ACAGCATCA AGTTAAAGAAAA GTTCAAGATAA 4141 CTAAATATTCG TCTTAATAGT CACAAAACTTA TTTCTTGGTT GTAAAGAAAA GTTCAAGGTAT 4201 CAAATCTATG AGAACCTTG GTGTATCAGG GCAAACCTCT TTTATTTTTT 421 TAGACACACCC AGAAGAGCTT GTAAAACTAA AATTTCATCT GTGAAAGCTA TTTTTTTTTT	3001	TTTTACTCTG	CCTCGAGATA	GCGGGTTCAA	CCATTGCTGT	CTGAATGCTC	CAGTTAGTGC
3121 GAGGARGGG GAGGAGCAG GGGAARACAT AGGAGAARAA AGTGAARGCA GAGGAGAATA 3181 GTTAGGAGAC TCATTGCAAG ATTTATACAG GGCACTGGAG CAGGCCAGCT GTTCCACCACT 3241 AGGAGAACGC CGTATTCCAA CCAAGATGGA ATTCAAGACT CAGGCCACTC 3301 TGATCCTGTA ATGAATGAAA AACTACACCG GCTGAGAAAT CCAAAAGCA CTTTAATAG 3301 TGATCCTGTA ATGAATGAAA AACTACACCG GCTGAGAAAT CCACAAAGCA CTTTAAAGGC 3421 AGGATACCAA CAATGGAAGC AGATGTACCT CGACCTTTC TGAGATCTGA 3421 AGGATCCAA GACCCACTGA GTATTTCTC TGAGATCTGA ATTCACACTC 3481 CACCTCAAAT GACCCACTGA GTATTTCTC TGAGATCTGAT TTGGCATCCAG 3501 TACCTGCTGG TACTCTGAAC AAGTATATAA GGTAGTTTTT TATATCAATCT CCACTCTTGA 3601 TACCTGCTGG TACTCTGAAC AAGTATATAA GGTAGTTTT ATATCAATCT GGCACCTTG 3601 TACCTGCTGG TACTCTGAAC AAGTATATATA GTTAGAACTA ATATGAACA AGCCATCTG 3721 CCACTATCTT TAATGACTA TTTACAAACT TTTATATACAACT ATATGAACA AGCCATCTG GGTCACAATA 3721 CCACTACCTT TAATGACT TTTAATGACT TAAAAATTAAC TTTTGCAAAC AGTCTATAC 3781 CATGTGCAAA ATCAACTGC TTTAATGACT TAAAAATTAAC TTTTTGCAAAC ATTCTAAAC 3781 CACGGAGACCC TTCTAGACGTA AACACCACA AAGCGAGTTT TCAAAACTTAAC 3781 CACGCCATC TTTAATGT TAAAAATTAAC TTTTTCCAACA TAATTCAAAT 3781 CACGACACCC TTGTGGGTGG GAAAGAATTT AAACCTTTT TATATTTATAT TATATCAACT 3781 CACGACACCC TTGTGGGTGG GAAAGAATTT AAACCTTTT TATATTTATT TATATTATT TAATAACAAG ACTTCAAAAG TAAATCACAT TTTTTCAGGT 4021 AGAACCTACA CAAGACCTA CAAAAGTTA AACCTTTTT TATATTTATT TATATTATT TAAAATTTAC 4021 AGAACCTACA CAAGACCTA GAAAAATTAG ACAGCATCA AGTTAAAGAAAA GTTCAAGATAA 4141 CTAAATATTCG TCTTAATAGT CACAAAACTTA TTTCTTGGTT GTAAAGAAAA GTTCAAGGTAT 4201 CAAATCTATG AGAACCTTG GTGTATCAGG GCAAACCTCT TTTATTTTTT 421 TAGACACACCC AGAAGAGCTT GTAAAACTAA AATTTCATCT GTGAAAGCTA TTTTTTTTTT	3061	CTGTGACCCA	CAGGATGACG	TGCAACCCCC	AGAGGTGGAG	GAAGAGGAGG	AGGAGGAGGA
3141 AGAGAGACT CGTATTCAA CCAAGATGGA CAGGCCAGTC TGTCACCACT 3241 AGAGAGACAT CGTATTCAA CCAAGATGGA ATACAAGCTA TCATTTATAA AAAGATGTAA 3301 TGATCCTGTA ATGAATGAAA AACTACACCG GCTGAGAATT CTCAAAAGCA CTTTAAAGGC 3361 CAGAGAAGGG GAAGTAGCCA TTATCCATAA AGTCCTAGAC AATCCAGACT TGACATCTAA 3421 AGAATTCCAA CAATGGAAGC AGATGTACCT CGACCTTTTC TGGAATATCAT GTCAAAATAC 3481 CACCTCAAAT GACCCACTGA GTATTTCTTC TGAAGTGAGT TGACCATCTAA 3481 CACCCTCAAT GACCCACTGA GTATTTCTTC TGAAGTGAGT TGACATCTAA 3541 ACACACTCAT TCATACATTG AAACGCATGT TTATCATATAT GTACATCTAGACTATACTTG TACCTGAGAC TACCTTAGACTAGA AAGCGATGTT TATTCACATCT TCATACATTG AAACGCATGT TTATCAAAACT ATATGAAACA AACGCATTATAT GTGCACACT 3661 TGACCAAGCTA TACTTTAATG TTACCAAACT ATATGAAACA AACGCATCATAT GTGCACACT 3721 CCACTATCTT TAATGAGCAT TTTATATTATTT TATTATGCAAC AGTGCTCAGAC 3781 CACGTGTGGT TCAAGTGGT TAAATGCAT TTTATATTTT TATTATGCAAC AGTGCTCAGAC 3781 CACGTGTGGT TCAAGTGGT AAAAACCACAA AAGCGATTATT TTATTCATATAT GTACACACT 3781 CACGACACTC TTGTGGGTGG GAAAGAATTT AAAACCACAA AAGCATTATT TTTTTCAGAT 3781 CACGACACTC TTGTGGGTGG GAAAAATAGA AACCATTTTT TATTATTATAT 3781 CACGACACACC TTGTGGGTGG GAAAAATAGA AACCATTTTT TATATTATAT	3121	GGAGGAAGGG	GAGGCAGCAG	GGGAAAACAT	AGGAGAAAAA	AGTGAAAGCA	GAGAAGAAAA
3301 TGATCCTGTA ATGAATGAA AACTACACCG GCTGAGAATT TCATATATAA AAAGATGTAA 3301 TGATCCTGTA ATGAATGAAA AACTACACCG GCTGAGAATT CTCATAAGCA CTTTAAAGGC 3421 AGAATTCCAA CAATGGACC ATATCACCG GCTGAGAATT CTCATAAGCA TGACACTCAA 3481 CACCTCAAAT GACCACCTGA GTATTCTTCT CTGAGATGACT TGACAATAC 3481 CACCTCAAAT GACCACCTGA GTATTCTTCT CTGAGATGACT GCTCATAGCACT 3541 ACACACTCAT TCATACATTG AAACGCATGT CTAAATGTAT TCTGCCTTCG 3541 ACACACTCAT TCATACATTG AAACGCATGT CTAAATGTAT TCTGCCTTCG 3661 TACCTGCTGG TACTCTGAAC AAGTATATAA GGTAGTTTTT ATATCAATGT GTGACACAT 3721 CCACTATCTT TAATGAGCAT TTGATATATT TATATCAACA AACCCATATAT 3781 CATGTGCAAA ATCACTCTC TTAATGACAT ATCATTATGT TTACAAACT ACCCATATATT 3781 CATGTGCAAA 3841 ACAGGTGGTG TTCAAATGAT AAAACCCACA AAGGCACTTT TCTATCATATT 3781 CATGTGCAAA 3841 ACAGGTGGTG TTCAAATGAT AAAACCCACA AAGGCACTTT TCTATCTTTC 3781 CACGGTGGTG TTCAAATATT TATATGCAAC AGTGCTCAGC TTATGTTTAC 3781 CACGGTGGTG TTCAAATATT AAAACCACAA AAGCCATTTT TCTATCATATG GTCACAATA 3781 CACGGACATCC TTGTGGGTG GAAAGAATTA AAACCCTTTT TATATTTATT TATATCAAGT TTTTTCAAAAC 4021 AAGAATTTTC TTAAACCATG CACAAAATAGA AATCCTTTT TATATTTATT 4081 GAGGCACATC CAAGAGCCTA GCAAAATAGA AACCCTTTATTATTATT TATATATCATT TTTATTTA	3181	GTTAGGAGAC	TCATTGCAAG	ATTTATACAG	GGCACTGGAG	CAGGCCAGTC	TGTCACCACT
3301 TGATCCTGTA ATGARGAA AACTACACCG GCTGAGAATT CTCAAAAGCA CTTTAAAGGC 3361 CAGAGAAGG GAAGTAGCA TATCGATAA AGTCCTAGAC AATCCAGACT TGACATCTAA 3421 AGAATTCCAA CAATGGACCA TATCGATACA CACCCTTTC TTGGATATCT GCCAAAATAC 3481 CACCTCAAAT GACCCACTGA GTATTCTTC TGAGTAGAT CTTGACTTC GCCACTTTG 3541 ACACACTCAT TCATACATTG AAACGCATGT CTAAATGTAT TCTGCCTTCA GACCACTCTGG 3661 TACCTGCTGT TCATACATTG AAACGCATGT CTAAATGTAT TCTGCCTTCA GACCACTCTGG 3661 TACCTGCTGT TACTTGAACAT AAACGCATGT CTAAATGTAT TCTGCCTTCA GACCACTCTGG 3661 TGACAAGCTA TACTTTAATG TTACCAAACT ATATGAAACA AACCCATATAT GGTCACAATA 3721 CCACTATCT TAAAGACCA TTATATGACAT TTATATGCAAC AGTCCTCAGC TTATGTTTAC 3781 CATGTGCAAA ATCAACTGT TTTAATGACAT TATATGAACA AGCCATATAT GGTCACAATA 3781 CACGTGGCTA AACCCACA AAAGCCACA AAGCCACTTT TCTATCTTTG 3901 CTCCCTTTAA GTTAAATTTT TATAAACACA ACTTCAAAGA TAATTCAACAT TCTATCTTTG 3901 CTCCCTTTAA GTTAAATTTT TATAAACACA ACTTCAAAAG TAAATCACAT TTTTTCAGGT 3901 CAGACCAAAAT CAGAGACATT TAAAACCACA AAGCCACTTT TATATTTTT TAAAACATG CACAAAATGA AAGCCACTTA TTTTTCAGGT 4021 AAGAATTTC TTAAACATTG CACAAAATGA AAGCCACTTA ATTTTTTTT GTGAAATGTA 4081 GAGCGCATAA CAGAACCTTG GTGTATCAGG GAAAACCTTA AGAACACTTG ACAAACACTTG GTGTATCAGG GAAAACCTTG TAAAAACACACA AATTTTTTTT TTTTTTTTTT	3241	AGGAGAACAT	CGTATTTCAA	CCAAGATGGA	ATACAAGCTA	TCATTTATAA	AAAGATGTAA
3421 AGAATTCCAA CAATGGAAGC AGATGACCC TAACTCAGACT TGGCATCTAAA 3421 AGAATTCCAA CAATGGAAGC AGATGTACCT CGACCTTTC TTGGAATACT GTCAAAATAC 3481 CACCTCAAAT GACCACTGA GTATTCTCT TGAAGTAGAT GTAATACTT 3481 CACCACTCAT TCATACATTG 3481 CACCACTCAT TCATACATTG 3481 CACCACTCAT TCATACATTG 3601 TACCTGCTGG TACTCTGAAC AGATGTATATA GGTAGTTTT TAATCACATGT GTCAAAATGACACT 3601 TACCTGCTGG TACTCTGAAC AGATGTATATA GGTAGTTTT TAATCACATGT GTGGAACACT 3601 TACCACACTT TAATGAGCAT TTTAATGACAC AGATGTATATA GGTAGTATTT TAATCACATGT GTGGAACACT 3721 CCACTATCTT TAATGAGCAT TTGTATATTT TATATGCAAC AGTGCTCAGG TTATGTTTAC 3721 CCACTATCTT TAATGAGCAT TTGTATATTT TATATGCAAC AGTGCTCAGG TTATGTTTAC 3721 CCACTATCTT TAATGAGCAT TTGTATATTT TATATGCAAC AGTGCTCAGG TTATGTTTAC 3721 CCACTATCTT TAATGAGCAT TAATGAGACA AGACCACAA AGACCACTAA AGCCACATAC TTTTTCAAGT 3721 CCACTATCTT TAATGAGCAT TAATACACAT TATATACACAT TTTTCAAGT 3721 CCACCACTTAAA TCAACTGCTC TTAATGACAT TAAAACTAACA TTTTTCAAGCT 3721 CCACCACTACA GTAAACACTAC AGAGCATTA TAAAACCACACA AATCCAAACACAA AATCCAAACAT 3841 ACAGGACATC TTGTAGGTGG GAAAGAATTT AAAACCTACAT TTTTTCATGGT 4021 AAGAATTTC TTAAACATTG CACAAAGTTT AAAACCTACAA TTTTTATTTTT GTGAAATGTA 4021 CAAAACTATC AGAACACTC GTGAAACACTA GTCAAACACTA GTTAAACACAT GTGAAAACACACAA AATCCAACACAA AATCCAACACAA AATCCAACACAA AATCCAACACAA AATCCAACACAA AATCCAAACACTA AAACACACAA AATCCAACACAA AATCCAACACAA AATCCAACACAA AATCCAACACACAA AAACACACAA AATCCAAACACAA AATCCAACACAA AATCCAACACACAA AAACACACAA AATCCAACACACAA AATCCAACACACAA AATCCAACACACAA AATCCAACACACAA AATCCAACACACAA AATCCAACACACAA AATCCAACACACAA AATCCAACACACAAAAAAAA	3301	TGATCCTGTA	ATGAATGAAA	AACTACACCG	GCTGAGAATT	CTCAAAAGCA	CTTTAAAGGC
3421 AGAATTCCAA CAATGGAAGC AGATGTACT CGACCTTTC TTGGATATTC GTCAAAATAC 3481 CACCTCAAAT GACCACTGA GTATTCTCT TGAAGTAGAT GTAATCACTT CCTCTAGC 3541 ACACACTCAT TCATACATTG AAACGCATGT CTAAATGTAT TCTGCCTTCA GACCACTCAG 3601 TACCTGCTGG TACTTCAAAC AAGTATATAA GGTAGTTTT ATATCAATGT GTGGAACACT 3761 CACCACTCTT TAATGAGCAT TTGTATATTT TATATGAAACA AACCATATAT GGTCACAATA 37721 CCACTATCTT TAATGAGCAT TTGTATATTT TATATGAAACA AACCATATAT GGTCACAATA 37841 ACAGGTGGT TTCAAGTAGT TTGTATATTT TATATGCAAC AGCGTCTAG CTTATGTTAC 37841 ACAGGTGGT TTCAAGTAGT AAAACCACAA AAGCGAGTTT TTTTGCAAAA AATCTATATT 38901 CTCCCTTTAA GTTAATTTTA TATAAACAAG ACTTCAAAAG TATATCAATG GTCACCTTTTA 3901 CTCCCTTTAA GTTAATTTTA TATAAACAAG ACTTCAAAAG TATATCAACAC 3901 CTCCCTTTAA GTTAATTTTA TATAAACAAG ACTTCAAAAG TATATCATAT GTCACACTTT 4021 AAGAATTTC TTAAACATTG CACAAAGTTT AAACCCTCTT TATATTTTTT TAAAAATTC 4021 AAGAATTTC TAAACATTG CACAAAGTTT AAACCTCTATTT TATATTTTTT GAAAATTG 4021 CAAATCTATG AGAACACTTG GTGAAACTAA AGACCATCGA 4041 CAAATCTATG AGACACTTG GTGAACGAAA AATTTGAACT 4201 CAAATCTATG AGACACTTG GTGAACGAGA AATTTGAAGA 4381 TAACACACC AGAAAGGCAG CACAAGATTA TATATTATAT	3361	CAGAGAAGGG	GAAGTAGCCA	TTATCGATAA	AGTCCTAGAC	AATCCAGACT	TGACATCTAA
3481 CACCTCAAAT GACCACTGA GAATTCTTC TGAAGTAGAT GTAATCACT CCTCTCTAGC 3641 ACACTCACT TCATACATTG AAACGCATGT CTAAAATGTAT TCTGCCTTCA GACCATCTAG 3661 TGACAAGCTA TACTTTAATG TACCAAACT ATATGAAACA ATATCAATGT GTGGAACACT 3781 CATGTGCAAA ATCACTGTC TTTAATGTATT TATATGCAAC AGTGCTAGC TATGTTAC 3781 CATGTGCAAA ATCACTGTC TTTAATGTCAT TATATGAAAC AGTGCTCAGC TTATGTTTAC 3781 CATGTGCAAA ATCACTGTC TTTAATGTCAAC AGTGCTCAGC TTATGTTTAC 3781 CACGTATCT TAATGAGCAT TGTAATTTT TATATGCAAC AGTGCTCAGC TTATGTTTAC 3781 CACGTGCAAA ATCACTGTC TTTAATGTCAAC AGTGCTCAGC TTATGTTTAC 3781 CACGTGCAAA ATCACTGTC TTTAATGTACT TAAAATTAAC TTTTGCAAAC AATTCTAAAT 3841 ACAGGTGGTC TTCAAGTAGT AAAACCACAA AAGGCAGTTT TCTATCATG GTCATCTTTT 3901 CTCCCTTTAA GTTAATTTTA TATAAACACA ACTTCAAAAG TTAATTTATT TAAAACACACA AAGGCAGTTT TCTATCATG GTCATCTTTT 4021 AAGAATTTC TTAAACATTG CACAAAATAGA ACTTCAAAAG TTTATTTATT AAAAAGATCACAT TTTTTCAGGT 4041 GAACCAAAAAT TGAAGACTAG GCAAAAATAGA AGACCATCA CATAAGAAAAA GTTCAGGTAT 4201 CAAATCTATG AGAACACTG GTGTATCAGG GCAAAACTTG 4201 CAAATCTATG AGAACACAC AGAGCATA TATATACTA GTAAACACACA 4441 TGTTTTTAAAACACAC AGAACACTA TATATACACAC AATTGTAACAC 4441 TGTTTTTAAAACACAC AGAACACTA TATAAAAAACA AACTGAACT 4501 CACTTAGTT CCCAACTTT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA AACTGACTT 4501 CACTTAGTT CCCAACTTT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA ACTGAAATACA ACACTGAAAAA 4621 ATAAAAAAATGA CACACTTC TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA ACTGAAATTA TACTTCCAGCT 4641 ATGAAAATGA ACTTCCACCTTC TAAAGAACAA CAAGGTATAA ACTGAAATAA ACACTGAAAT 4621 ATAAAAAATGA CACACTTC TAAGGACCAA GCAGGTGATG GTCATTCAAA GAGATGTCAC 4681 ATTGAAAATGA AGTTCAAGCTA TATTAAAACAC TAGTATATA TACTTCCAGGT 4681 ATTGAAAATGA AGTTCAAGCTA TATTAAAACAC TAGTATATA ACCTGCATT 4681 ATCAAAAATGA AGTTCAAGCTA TATTAAAAACA TATTATTAC CACACTCTA TATTAAAAACA TATTATTAC CACACTCTT TAAAGACCAA TATTATAACT TAGAGGTTA AATTGAAGAC ACTTCAAAA AGACCTCCT TAAAAAAAAAA	3421	AGAATTCCAA	CAATGGAAGC	AGATGTACCT	CGACCTTTTC	TTGGATATCT	GTCAAAATAC
3541 ACACACTCAT TCATACATTE 3661 TACTGCTGG TACTCTGAC AAGGTATATAA GGTAGTTTT ATATCATGT GTGGAACACT 3721 CCACTATCTT TAATGAGCAT TTACCAAACT ATATGAACAC AACCATATAT GGTCACAATA 3721 CCACTATCTT TAATGAGCAT TTACCAAACT ATATGAACAC 3781 CATGTGCAAA ATCACTGTC TTAATGACT 3781 CATGTGCAAA ATCACTGTC TTAATGACT 3781 CACGGTGGTC TCAAGTAGT AAAACCACAA AAGCCACATATACC 3781 CACGGTGGTC TCAAGTAGT AAAACCACAA AAGCCACATATACC 3781 CACGGTGGTC TCAAGTAGT AAAACCACAA AAGCCACAT AAGCCACTT 3901 CTCCCTTTAA GTTAATTTTA TATAAACAAG ACTTCAAAAG 3901 CTCCCTTTAA GTTAATTTTA TATAAACAAG ACTTCAAAAG 3901 CTCCCTTTAA GTTAATTTTA TATAAACAAG ACTTCAAAAG 3901 CTCCCTTTAA GTAAACATTG GAAAAGAATT AAACCACAA AAGCCACTT TTAATTTTT TATATTATT TAAAACCACG TAAAACAAAA AACCACAAAAAG ACTTCAAAAAG TAAACACACA AAGCCACTT TTTATATTTT TAAAACAAGA TTATTTTTT TTTATTTTT GTGAAAATGT AAACCACAA AAGCCACTGT TAAAAAAAAAA	3481	CACCTCAAAT	GACCCACTGA	GTATTTCTTC	TGAAGTAGAT	GTAATCACTT	CCTCTCTAGC
3601 TACCTGCTGG TACTCTGAAC AAGTATATAA GGTAGTTTT ATATCAARCT GTGAACACTA TACTTTAATG TTACCAAACT ATATGAAACA AACCATATAT GGTCACAATA ATATGAACAC AGCATATAT TACTTAATG TTACCAAACT ATATGAAACA AACCATATAT GGTCACAATA TACTTTACCAACT TTATGATTAT TATATGCAAC AACCATATAT GGTCACAATA ATATGAACAC AACCATATAT GATCACACACA AAGCAGTTT TATATGCAACAC AATTCTAAATTACAACACACAA AAGCAGTTT TCTATCTATAT GATCACACACA AAGCAGTTT TCTATCTATAT GATCACACACA AAGCAGTTT TCTATCATAT GATCACACACA AAGCAGATT TATATATATATACAACACACACA AAGCAGATTT TATATTATAT	3541	ACACACTCAT	TCATACATTG	AAACGCATGT	CTAAATGTAT	TCTGCCTTCA	GACCATCTAG
3721 CCACTATCTT TAATGAGCAT TTGTATATTT TATATGCAAC AGTGCTCAGC TTATGTTTAC 3781 CATGTGCAAA ATCACTGTC TTTAAATGCATC TAAAATTAAC TTTTGCAAAC AATTCTAAAT 3841 ACAGGTGGTC TCAAGTAGT AAAACCACAA AAGGCAGTT TCTATCTATG GTCATCTTT 3901 CTCCCTTTAA GTTAATTTA TATAAACAG ACTTCAAAAG TAAATCACAT TTTTCAGGT 3961 GCAGACATCC TTGTGGGTGG GAAAGAATT AAACCTTTT TATATTATTA TAAAATGTTCT 4021 AAGAATTTC TTAAACATTG CACAAAAGTT AAACCTTTTT TATATTATTA TAAAATGTTCT 4021 AAGAATTTC TTAAACATTG CACAAAAGTT AAACCTTTTT TATATTATTT GTGAAATGTA 4081 GATGCGCATA CAAGAGCTAA GCAAAATGAA AGGCATTA TTTATATTATT GTGAAATGTA 4081 CAAATCTATG CTTAATAGT CTATAACAT GTGAAAGCTAA AGTTAAATGAAA 4081 CAAAACCACC AGAACACTG GTGTATCAGG GCAAAATGAA AGTTAAATGAAA 4261 AGACCAAAAT TGAAGATAGA GCTGCTTTAT TTCTTTGGTT TAAACTTTC 4321 TAGTGATGAG ATGCTGATTG TGTACAGAAG AATTTCTGGTT TAAAACTTCC 4321 TAGTGATGAG ATGCTGATTG TGTACAGAAG AATTTCTGGTT TAAAACTTCC 4321 TAGTGATGAG AGCCTAAT TGAACACACCA TAAAAAAAAAA	3601	TACCTGCTGG	TACTCTGAAC	AAGTATATAA	GGTAGTTTTT	ATATCAATGT	GTGGAACACT
3721 CCACTATCTT TAATGAGCAT TTGTATATTT TATATGCAAC AGTGCTCAGC TTATGTTTAC 3781 CATGTGCAAA ATCACTGTC TTTAAATGCATC TAAAATTAAC TTTTGCAAAC AATTCTAAAT 3841 ACAGGTGGTC TCAAGTAGT AAAACCACAA AAGGCAGTT TCTATCTATG GTCATCTTT 3901 CTCCCTTTAA GTTAATTTA TATAAACAG ACTTCAAAAG TAAATCACAT TTTTCAGGT 3961 GCAGACATCC TTGTGGGTGG GAAAGAATT AAACCTTTT TATATTATTA TAAAATGTTCT 4021 AAGAATTTC TTAAACATTG CACAAAAGTT AAACCTTTTT TATATTATTA TAAAATGTTCT 4021 AAGAATTTC TTAAACATTG CACAAAAGTT AAACCTTTTT TATATTATTT GTGAAATGTA 4081 GATGCGCATA CAAGAGCTAA GCAAAATGAA AGGCATTA TTTATATTATT GTGAAATGTA 4081 CAAATCTATG CTTAATAGT CTATAACAT GTGAAAGCTAA AGTTAAATGAAA 4081 CAAAACCACC AGAACACTG GTGTATCAGG GCAAAATGAA AGTTAAATGAAA 4261 AGACCAAAAT TGAAGATAGA GCTGCTTTAT TTCTTTGGTT TAAACTTTC 4321 TAGTGATGAG ATGCTGATTG TGTACAGAAG AATTTCTGGTT TAAAACTTCC 4321 TAGTGATGAG ATGCTGATTG TGTACAGAAG AATTTCTGGTT TAAAACTTCC 4321 TAGTGATGAG AGCCTAAT TGAACACACCA TAAAAAAAAAA	3661	TGACAAGCTA	TACTTTAATG	TTACCAAACT	ATATGAAACA	AACCATATAT	GGTCACAATA
3781 CATGTGCAAA ATCAACTGTC TTTAATGACT TAAAATTAAC TTTTGCAAAC AATCTTAAAT 3841 ACAGGTGGTC TTCAAGTAGT AAAACCACAA AAGGCAGTTT TCTATCTATG GTCATCTTT 3901 CTCCCTTTAA GTTAATTTA TATAAACAAG ACTTCAAAAG TAAATCACAT TTTTTCAGGT 3961 GCAGACATCC TTGTGGGTGG GAAAGAATTT AAACCTTTT TATATTATTA TAAAACTCTCT 4021 AAGAATTTC TTAAACATTG CACAAAGTTT AATGCTGTAG TTTTATTTTT GTGAAATGTA 4081 GATGCGCATA CAAGAGCTAA GCAAAATAGA AGACCATCGA CATAAGAAAA GTTCAGGTAT 4141 CTAATATTCG TCTTAATAGT CTATTAACTT GTGAAAGCTA AGTTAATGGA ATTATTCT 4201 CAAATCTATG AGAACATCG GTGTATCAGG GCAAAGCTTT GTAAAGAAAA GTTCAGGTAT 4261 AGACCAAAAT TGAAGATAGA GCTGCTTTAT TTTCTTGGTT TAAAATCTTC 4321 TAGTGATGAG ATGCTGATTG TGTACAGAG AATTTGAGAG GGGATTTTTA TAAATCTTC 4321 TAGTGATGAG ATGCTGATTG TGTACAGACA AATTTGAGAG GGGATTTTTA TAAATCTTC 4321 TAGTGATGAG ATGCTGATTG TGTACAGACA AATTTGAGAG GGGATTTTTA AAAACCTACC 4441 TGTTTTTAAA CTCCAACTCT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA ACTGAAATGA 4501 CACTTAGTTT CCAATTTTC CCTAGTCAC TAATTAAACT TAGGTAATAA ACCACACTCA 4441 TGTTTTTAAA CTCCAACTCT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA ACTGAAATGA ACCACACTCA 4561 AGGGAAGTAC AATATTTCC CCTAGTCAC TAATTAAACT TAGGTAATTA TACTCAGGT 4681 ATGAAAATGT ACTTCCCTTC TAAAGGACAA CAAGGTATTA ACTGAAATGA ACCACTGAAAA 4621 ATAAAAATGT ACTTCCCTTC TAAGAGACAA CAAGGTATTA ACTGACACTTC 4681 ATTGAATTAT GAGAGAAACA ATTTAGAGGT TTTTTTCCTG GCTTCATAAA 4741 GAGTGAATTA GATCCACTCT TAAGAGACAA CAATTTACACTTTC 4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTGCTG TTTTTTCCAG GCAGGTGATG GCAACCTCCT TTACACTTCT 4801 TTTGAAAGTG ACCACACAT GAAAATGACT TCATTATTTA GCGCTTGTT 4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTGCTG TTTTTTCCAG GAGGAGAAAG GCAGCTCCT TTACTCATATT 4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTGCTG TTTTTTCCAG GAGGAGAAAG GCACCCCTT TTACTCATATT 4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTGCTG TTTTTTCCAG GAGGAGAAAG GCAGCTCTT TTACACACTTC 4921 ATATCCTAAA ACCACCACA CAATTGCTG TTTTTCCAG GAGGAGAAAG GCAGCCTCT TTACACACTAC 4921 ATATCCTAAA ACCACCAA CAATTGCTG CAGTGAATAT TTTTGCTGTA GAGGAGAAG 5041 TAAAAAAACC CACAGAT TAACTGTTT TACAGGTG CAATTTTTAT TTTTCTT TTTTCTT TTTTTTTTTT	3721	CCACTATCTT	TAATGAGCAT	TTGTATATTT	TATATGCAAC	AGTGCTCAGC	TTATGTTTAC
3841 ACAGGTGGTC TTCAAGTAGT AAAACCACAA AAGGCAGTTT TCTATCTATG GTCATCTTTT 3901 CTCCCTTTAA GTTAATTTTA TATAAACAAG ACTTCAAAAAG 3961 GCAGACATCC TTGTGGGTGG GAAAGAATTT AAACCTTTTT TATATCACAT TTTTCAGGT 4021 AAGAATTTCC TATAAACATT CACAAAAGTTT AAACCTTTTT TATATTTATT AAAACTGACT 4081 GATGCGCATA CACAAAAGTTT AATGCTGTAG 4141 CTAATATCG TCTTAATAGT CTATTAACTT GTGAAAAGCTA CATAAGAAAA GTTCAGGTAT 4201 CACAACATT GAACACTTG GTGTATCAGG GCAAAACTTA AATGCTTTT 4201 CACAACTTG AGAACACTTG GTGTATCAGG GCAAAGCTTT GTAAGAAGAT TATATTCT 4201 CACAACACCC AGAAAGGCAG CTAACAGCTA TTTCTTTGTTAACTA 4381 TAACACACCC AGAAAGGCAG CTAACAGCTA AATTTCAGGAG GGGATTTTA AAAACTGACT 4441 TGTTTTAAA CTCCAACTCT TAAAACACAC CAAGGGTATA ACTTAAAAACAC 4501 CACTTAGGTT CACACTCT TAAAACACAC CAAGGGTATA ACTCAAATGA ACCACACTCA 4501 CACTTAGGTT CACACTCT TAAAACACAC CAAGGGTATA ACTCAAAATGA ACCACACTCA 4501 CACTTAGGTT CACACTCT TAAAACACAC CAAGGGTATA ACTCAAAATGA ACCACACTCA 4501 CACTTAGGTT AATTTCCC CCTAGTCCAC GAAGGTATA ACTGAAAATGA ACCACACTCA 4501 CACTTAGGTT AATTTCCC CCTAGTCCAC GAAGGTATA ACTGAAAATGA ACCACACTCA 4501 CACATAGGTA AATTTCCCTC CCTAGTCCAC GAAGGTATA ACTGAAAATGA ACCACACTCA 4501 CACACAGCAC AATTTCCCAC GAAGGTATA ACTGAAAATGA ACCACCACTCA 4501 TATAAAAATTA GAGAGAAAA AATTTACAGGT TTTTTTCCTC GCTTCATGAA TTCTCTCAGGT 4501 TTTGAAAGTG ACCACGAGGA AAAATGACT GAAGGTATA TTCTCTCT GCTTCATAAA 4701 GAGGGAACA AATTTAGGGT GAAAATGACT CCATTCAAAA 4701 GAGGGAACA AATTTAGGGT GAAAATGACT CCATTTCAAAA 4701 GAGGGAACA AATTTCCCTC AATTTCTCT GAAGAACAC CACTTAGAA TTCTCTTTAAAAACAC CACATGAAAAACAC CACATGAAAAACAC CACATGAAAAACAC CACATGAAAAACAC CACATGAAAACAC CACACTAGAA TTTTTTCTCTG GAGGAGAAAG AACCTCCCT TTACTATTCT 4921 ATATCCTAAA ATCCAAGCTT AAAAAACAC CACTTAGAATTC TATCTTTTCAGGAGAAAAAACAC CACTAGAATATC TATCTTTCTT TAGGGAGAAA AACCTCCCT TTACTATTCTT TAGGAGAAAAAACAC CACTAGAAAAACAC CACTAGAAAAACAC CACTAGAAAAACAC CACTAGAAAAACAC CACTAGAAAAAACAC CACTAGAAAAACAC CACTAGAAAAAACAC CACTAGAAAAAAACAC ATTTTTTTTT CACAGAACAC CATTTTCAAAAAAAAAA	3781	CATGTGCAAA	ATCAACTGTC	TTTAATGACT	TAAAATTAAC	TTTTGCAAAC	AATTCTAAAT
3901 CTCCCTTTAA GTTAATTTA TATAAACAG ACTTCAAAAG TAAATCACAT TTTTCAGGT 3961 GCAGACATCC TTTGTGGTGG GAAAGAATTT AAACCTTTTT TATATTATT AAAATGTTCT 4021 AAGAATTTC TTAAACATTG CACAAAGTTT AAACCTTTTT TATATTATT AAAATGTTCT 4081 GATGCGCATA CAAGAGCTAA GCAAAATAGA AGAGCATCGA CATAAGAAAA GTTCAGGTAT 4141 CTAATATTCG TCTTAATAGT CTATTAACTT GTGAAAGCTA AGATAATTCG AGAACACTTG GTGTATCAGG GCAAAGCTTT TATATATGA AGAACACTTG GTGTATCAGG GCAAAGCTTT TAAAACTTCC TTTATTTTC 4201 CACAATCTATG AGAACACTTG GTGTATCAGG GCAAAGCTTT TAAAAACTACAC AGAAAGCAAA TGAACACACTG GTGTATCAGG GCAAAGCTTT TAAAATCTCC TTTATTTTTTTTTT	3841	ACAGGTGGTC	TTCAAGTAGT	AAAACCACAA	AAGGCAGTTT	TCTATCTATG	GTCATCTTTT
3961 GCAGACATCC TTGTGGGTGG GAAAGAATTT AAACCTTTTT TATATTATT AAAATGTCT 4021 AAGAATTTT TTAAACATTG CACAAAGTTT AATGCTGTAG TTTATTTTTT GTGAAATGTA 4081 GATGCGCATA CAAGAGCTAA GCAAAAATAGA AGAGCATCGA CATAAGAAAA GTTCAGGTAT 4141 CTAATATTCG TCTTAATAGT CTATTAACCTT GTGAAAGCTA AGTTAATGGA AATATTATTC 4201 CAAATCTATG AGAACACTTG GTGTATCAGG GCAAAGCTT GTAAAGATAT TTTGTTAACTA 4261 AGACCAAAAT TGAAGATAGA GCTGCTTTAT TTTCTTGGTT TAAAATCTTC 4321 TAGTGATGAG ATGCTGATTG TGTACAGACA AATTTTGAGAG GGAATTTTAA 4381 TAACCACCC AGAAAGGCAG CTAACAGCTA TATATATATA TAAATTTCAGC 4381 TAACACACCC AGAAAGGCAG CTAACAGCTA TATATATATA TAAATTTCAGC 4381 TAACACACCC CAAATTTCC CCTAGTCCAC 4441 TGTTTTAAA CTCCAACTCT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA ACTCACACTCA 4441 TGTTTTAAA CTCCAACTCT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA ACCACACACTCA 4501 CACTTAGTTT CCCAACTCT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA ACCACACACTCA 4681 ATTGAAATAT GAGAGAACA ATTTTAGAGGT TATATAAACA ACACTGAAAA 4621 ATAAAAAATGT ACTCCCCTTC TAAGGAGCAA GCAGGTGATG GTCATTCAAA ACACTGAAAA 4621 ATAAAAAATGT ACTCCCCTTC TAAGGAGCAA GCAGGTGATG GCAGGTGATG GCAGTTGATA 4801 TTTGAAAGT ACTCCCCTTC TAAGGAGCAA GCAGGTGATG GCAGTTTAAA 4741 GAGTGGATGA AGTCTAAGGA AAAGTCCCTT TAATATATTT CCATTTATAT 4801 TTTGAAAGTG ACTCACACAT TATATATTCAG GCAGCTGATAT 4801 TTTGAAAGTG ACCACACT TAATTAGAGGT TTTTTTCCTG GCTGCATAAT 4801 TTTGAAAGTG ACCACACTT AATCACGCTT TAATTTTCCTG GAGGAGAAAG GGAACCCCCT TTACTATAT 4801 TTTGAAAGTC ACATTGCTG TTTTTTTCAG GAGGAGAAAG GGAACCCCCT TTACTATAT 4801 TTTGAAAACCC ACACGCGGGAA TCTTTTTTCTAG GAGGAGAAAG GGAACCCCCT TTACTATAT 4801 TAAAAAACCC ACACGCGGGAA TCTTTTTTCTAG GAGGAGAAAG GAACCCCCT TTACTATAT 5041 TAAAAAACCC ACACGCGGGAA TCTTTTTTCTAG GAGAGAAATAT TTTTGCTGTA AATCACTATC 5041 TAAAAAAAAACC ACTGGACAT TAAATTTG GAGCACAT TAAATTTTG GAGACCACT TAAATTTACT 5221 GCCAGTGTA ATTTTTAT CATTTAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	3901	CTCCCTTTAA	GTTAATTTTA	TATAAACAAG	ACTTCAAAAG	TAAATCACAT	TTTTTCAGGT
4021 AAGAATTTC CAGAGGTAA GCAAAAGTTT AATGCTGTAG TTTATTTT GTGAAATGTA 4081 GATGCGCATA CAAGAGCTAA GCAAAATAGA AGAGCATCGA CATAAGAAAA 4141 CTAATATTCG TCTTAATAGT CTATATACTT GTGAAAGCTA AGTTAATGGA AATATTATC 4201 CAAATCTATG AGACACTTG GTGTATCAGG GCAAAGCTAT GTAAGAATAT TTTTTTACTA 4261 AGACCAAAAT TGAAGATAGA GCTGCTTTAT TTTCTTGGTT TAATTCTC 4321 TAGTGATGAG ATGCTGATTG TGTACAGAGA AATTTGAGGA GGAATTTTA AAAACTACTC 4381 TAACACACCC AGAAAGGCAG CTAACAGCTA TATATATATA TAAATTTCAG CCCAAACTCA 4441 TGTTTTTAAA CTCCAACTCT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA ACTGAAATGA ATCAACTTC 4501 CACTTAGTTT CCAATTTTCC CCTAGTCCAC TAATTAAACT TAGGTAATTA TACTTCAGGT 4561 AGGGAAGTAC AATATGTTTA GTTCAGGCT GATGTGTT TAGAAAAACA ACACTGAAAA 4621 ATAAAAATGT ACTCCCTTC TAAAGAGCAA GCAGGTGATG GTCATTCAAA ACCACTGAAAA 4681 ATTGAATTAT GAGAGAACA ATTTAGAGGT TTTTTCCTG GTCTCATCAAAAAACA ACACTGAAAA 4741 GAGTGATGA AGTCTAAGGA AAAGTCCTCT TCATATATTT CCATTTATATA GCGTCTTTTT 4861 GTACAAGTCA ACCAGCAT GAAAATGACT TCATTATATA GCGTCTTTTTCCTG 4921 ATAACAACTC CAATTTGCT GAAAATGACT TCATTATATA GCGTCTTTTTTCCTG 4921 ATAACCTACA ACCAGCAT AAACACCCTT TACAATTCC 4921 ATAACCTACA ACCAGCAT AAACACCCTT TACAAATTCC 4921 ATAACCTACT TAAGAGTC AATCACTTCT AACCAGCAT TAAATTATCC 4921 ATAACCTCC CAAGCGGGA TCTTTTTCTT TCTGTGTTT TTTGCTGTT TTACAACTCT TAAAAAACTC CAAGCGAGA TCTTTTTCTT TCTGTGTTT TTAGTGTCTG GAGGAAAGG 5041 TAAAAACTCC CAAGCGGGA TCTTTTTCTT TCTGTTTTGCTGTT GAGGAAAGA 5041 TAAAAACTCC CAAGCGGGA TCTTTTTCTT TGCTGTTA AACCACCCTT TTACAATTCT 5221 GTCCAGTGTA TTAGAGGTC CTGTACAGCA TTAATTTTTTTTTT	3961	GCAGACATCC	TTGTGGGTGG	GAAAGAATTT	AAACCTTTTT	TATATTTATT	AAAATGTTCT
4081 GATGCGCATA CAAGAGCTAA GCAAAATAGA AGAGCATCGA CATAAGAAAA GTTCAGGTAT 4141 CTAATATTCG TCTTAATAGT CTATTAACTT GTGAAAGCTA 4261 AGACCATAG AGAACACTTG GTGATCAGG GCAAAACTTT TAAAATCTTC 4201 CAAATCTATG AGAACACTG GTGATCAGG GCAAAACTTT TAAAATCTTC 4321 TAGTGATGAG ATGCTGATTG TGTACAGAAG AATTTTATTT 4321 TAGTGATGAG ATGCTGATTG TGTACAGAAG AATTTGAGAG GGGATTTTTA AAAACTTCC 4441 TGTTTTTAAA CTCCAACTCT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA ACTGAAATGA ATCAACTCT 4501 CACTTAGTTT CCAATTTCC CCTAGTCCAC TAATTAAAAC ACCTGAAACA 4621 ATAAAAATGT ACTCCCTCC CTAGGGGA GCAGGTGATG GCTCATGATAA 4741 GAGTGGATGA AGTCTAAGGA AAGTCCTCT TCATGATTT TAGAGTAGA ACCTGAAAA 4861 ATTGAATTAT GAGAGAACA AATTTCCTG GAAAATGA ACCTGAAAA 4861 GTACAAGTCA ACCACCAT TATATATACA GCGTCTTTATA 4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTCCT GAAAATAGAC ACCTGAAAA 4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTCCT GAAAATAGAC ACCTGATATA 4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTCCT GAAAATAGAC ACCTGATAAT 4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTCCT GAAAATAGAC ACCTCTTT 4881 ACTTTCATCT TTAAGAGT ACCAGCGT GAAAATAGAC GGGAGAAAG GCAGCTCT TTACTATACAGGT TTAATATTCCTG GCTCCATAAT 4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTGCTG GAAAATAGAC GGGAGAAAG GGAACCTCCT TTACTATACAGCTT TTAAGAGTC CAATTTACAGCTT TTACAGGTT TTACAGGTT TTACAGGTT TTACAGGTC CAGTGAAAA 4861 GTACAAGTCA ACCACCAGT GAAAATAGAC ACCCCTTT TTACTATCTC 4921 ATATCCTAAA ATCTACTTCT AGAGAAAACCC CAATTGAAAACCC CAGTGAAAAT TTACAGCTTT TTACAGTCT GAGAGAAAAACCC TTTGCACAGA TCTTTTTCTT 5041 TAAAAACTCC CAGCGGGGA TCTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	4021	AAGAATTTTC	TTAAACATTG	CACAAAGTTT	AATGCTGTAG	TTTTATTTT	GTGAAATGTA
4141 CTAATATTCG TCTTAATAGT CTATTAACTT GTGAAAGCTA AGTTAATGGA AATATATTC 4201 CAAATCTATG AGAACACTTG GTGTATCAGG GCAAAGCTTT TTTGTAACTA 4201 AGACCAAAAT TGAAGATAGA GCTGCTTTAT TTTCTTGGTT TAAATCTTCC TTTATTTTTG 4321 TAGTGATGAG ATGCTGATTG TGTACAGAGA AATATATATA TAAATCTTCC TTTATTTTTG 4321 TAGTGATGAG ATGCTGATTG TGTACAGAGA AATATATATA TAAATCTCA CCCAAACTCA 4441 TGTTTTAAA CTCCAACTCT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA ACTGAAATGA ATCACACCA 4441 TGTTTTAAA CTCCAACTCT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA ACTGAAATGA ATCACACTCA 4501 CACTTAGTTT CCAATTTTCC CCTAGTCCAC TAATTAAACT TAGGTAATTA TACTTCAAGGT 4561 AGGGAAGTAC AATATGTTA GTTTCAGGCT GATGTGTT TAGGAAAAAAAAAA	4081	GATGCGCATA	CAAGAGCTAA	GCAAAATAGA	AGAGCATCGA	CATAAGAAAA	GTTCAGGTAT
4201 CAAATCTATE AGAACACTTE GTGTATCAGG GCAAAGCTTT TAAATCTACTA 4261 AGACCAAAAT TGAAGATAGA GCTGCTTTAT TTTTCTTGTT 4321 TAGTGATGAG ATGCTGATTG TGTACAGAAG AATTTGAGAG GGGATTTTTA AAAACTGACT 4381 TAACACACCC AGAAAGGCAG CTAACAGCTA TATATATATA TAAATTCAG CCCAAACTCA 4441 TGTTTTTAAA CTCCAACTCT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATA ACTGAAATGA ATCAACTTC 4501 CACTTAGTTT CCAACTCT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA ACTGAAATGA ATCAACTTC 4561 AGGGAAGTAC AATATGTTA GTTTCAGGCT GAAGGTAGTAT ATAAAAAAAAAA	4141	CTAATATTCG	TCTTAATAGT	CTATTAACTT	GTGAAAGCTA	AGTTAATGGA	AATATTATTC
4261 AGACCAAAAT  4321 TAGTGATGAG  4381 TAACACACCC  4441 TATTTTTAAA  4561 CACTTAGTTT  4561 AGGAAGTAC  4621 ATAAAAATGT  4621 ATAAAAATGT  4681 ATTGAATATA  4741 GAGTGATAG  4861 ATTGAAAGTA  4861 ATTGAAAGTA  4861 TATCAAGGAA  4861 ATTGAAAGTA  4861 ATTGAAAGTA  4861 ATACAAGCCA  4861 ATTGAAAGTA  4861 ATTGAAAGTA  4861 ATACAAGCCA  4861 ATACAAGTA  4861 ATACAAGTA  4861 ATACAAGTA  4861 ATACAAGTC  4861 ATACAAGTC  4861 ATACAAGTC  4861 ATACAAGTC  4861 ATTGAAAGT  4861 ATACAAGTC  4861 ATACAAGT	4201	CAAATCTATG	AGAACACTTG	GTGTATCAGG	GCAAAGCTTT	GTAAGATGTT	TTTGTAACTA
4321 TAGTGATGAG 4381 TAACACACCC 4441 TGTTTTAAA CTCCAACTCT 4501 CACTTAGTTT 4501 CACTTAGTTC 4501 ATAAAAATGT 4621 ATAAAAATGT 4621 ATAAAAATGT 4741 GAGTGATGA 4741 GAGTGAAATG 4741 GAGTGATGA 4741 GAGTGATGA 4741 GAGTGATGA 4741 GAGTGATGA 4741 GAGTGATGA 4741 GAGTGAAAA 47	4261	AGACCAAAAT	TGAAGATAGA	GCTGCTTTAT	TTTCTTGGTT	TAAATCTTCC	TTTATTTTTG
4381 TAACACACCC AGAAAGGCAG CTAACAGCTA TATATATATA TAAATTTCAG CCCAAACTCA 4441 TGTTTTTAAA CTCCAACTCT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA ACTGAAATGA 4501 CACTTAGTTT CCAATTTTCC CCTAGTCCAC TAATTAAACT TAGGTAATTA TACTTCAGGT 4561 AGGGAAGTAC AATGTTTA GTTTCAGGCT GATGTGTGTT TAAAAAACA ACACGTAAAA 4621 ATAAAAATGT ACTCCCTTC TAAGGAGCAA GCAGGTGATG GTCATTCAAA GAGATGTCAC 4681 ATTGAATTAT GAGAGAACA ATTTAGAGGT TTTTTCCTG GCTTCATGAA TTGTTCATA 4741 GAGTGGATGA AGTCTAAGGA AAAGTCCTCT TCATATATTT CCATTTATAA GCGTCTTGTT 4801 TTTGAAAGTG ATCACAGCAT GAAAATGACT GTGCTGTTT TTAGTGTCTG GCTGCATAAT 4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTGCTG TTTTTTTCAG GAGGAGAAAA GCACCCCTT TTACTATAT 4921 ATATCCTAAA ATCTACTCT AATCAGCTT ATACTGTTGC CTGTACAGCT CAGTGAAAT 4981 ACTTCATCT TTAAGAGTTC AGATATATC CAGTGAAAT TTTTTCTTT GAGGAGAAG 5041 TAAAAACTCC CACGGGGG ACCTCT TTTTTTTCTT TGCTTTATAA ACCACCATTG AATCACTATC 5101 GTTTTGCAGA CTTTGCACAA CTGTACAGGA GAGTGGCCTT TCTACAGCAC ATTTTCAGTA 5161 ATCCTATATT TAGGCACAA CTGTACAGGA GAGTGGCCTT TCTACAGCAC ATTTTCAGTA 5221 GTCCAGTGTA ATATTTTTAT CATTAAAAA GAACTCTATT TGCTTTTGAT 5221 GCCAGTGTA ATATTTTTAT CATTAAAAA GAACTCTATT TGTAAAAACA TTTTTTCGTTA 5281 GCATGGATAT TGACGCACAT TAAATTTGTG GGATTTTGAT ATGTTTGAAAAAAAA	4321	ТАСТСАТСАС	ATGCTGATTG	TGTACAGAAG	AATTTGAGAG	GGGATTTTTA	AAAACTGACT
4441 TGTTTTAAA CTCCAACTCT TAAAAGACAA CAAGGTATAA ACTGAAATGA ATCAACTTTC 4501 CACTTAGTTT CCAATTTCC CCTAGTCCAC TAATTAAACT TAGGTAATTA TACTTCAGGT 4561 AGGGAAGTAC AATATGTTAA ACTCCCTC TAAGGACAA ACACTGAAAACA ACACTGAAACA ACACTGAAACA ACACTGAAACA ACACTGAAACA ACACAGCAT TATATTTTCTG GAGAAACACACT TTAACAACACACACACACACACACACACAC	4321	TABCACACC	AGAAAGGCAG	CTAACAGCTA	TATATATATA	TAAATTTCAG	CCCAAACTCA
4501 CACTTAGTTT CCAATTTTCC CCTAGTCCAC TAATTAAACT TAGGTAATTA TACTTCAGGT 4561 AGGGAAGTAC AATATGTTTA GTTCAGGCT GATGTGTGT ATAAAAAAAAAA	4301	TAACACACCC	CTCCAACTCT	TAAAAGACAA	CAAGGTATAA	ACTGAAATGA	ATCAACTTTC
4561 AGGGAAGTAC AATATGTTTA GTTTCAGGCT GATGTGTGT ATAAAAAACA ACACTGAAAA 4621 ATAAAAAATGT ACTTCCCTTC TAAGGAGCAA GCAGGTGATG GTCATTCAAA GAGATGTCAC 4681 ATTGAATTAT GAGAGAAACA ATTTAGAGGT TTTTTTCCTG GCTTCATGAA TTGTTCTATA 4741 GAGTGGATGA AGTCTAAGGA AAAGTCCTCT TCATATATTT CCATTTATAA GCGTCTTGTT 4801 TTTGAAAGTCA CAATTTGCTG TTTTTTCAG GAGAGAAAG GGAACCTCCT TACTATATCT CAGTGAAAGT ATCACAGCAT ATACTGTTGC CAGTGAAAAG GGAACCTCCT TACTATATCT CAGTGAAAAG ACACCACCATTGAA ATCTACTCT AATCAGCTT ATACTGTTGC CAGTGAAAAG ACACCACCATTGAA ATCTACTTCT TTAAGAGTTC CAGTGAATAT TTTTGCTGTAA ACCACCATTGAAAG ACACCACATTG AATCACTATC TAGAGAGAAA GGATGGCCTT TCTACAGCAC ATTTTCAGTA ACCACCATTGAAAAAG GGATGGCCTT TCTACAGCAC ATTTTCAGTA ACCACCATTGAAAAT GGATGAGAAAA TCACTATTC GGATTTTTTACAGAAAAA GAACTCTATTTTTTACAGAGAAAAAAAAAA	4501		CCAATTTTCC	CCTAGTCCAC	TAATTAAACT	TAGGTAATTA	TACTTCAGGT
4621 ATAAAAATGT ACTTCCTTC TAAGGAGCAA GCAGGTGATG GTCATTCAAA GAGATGTCAC 4681 ATTGAATTAT GAGAGAAACA ATTTAGAGGT TTTTTTCTG GCTTCATGAA TTGTTCTATA 4741 GAGTGGATGA AGTCTAAGGA AAAGTCCTCT TCATATATTT CCATTTATAA GCGTCTTGTT 4801 TTTGAAAGTG ATCACAGCAT GAAAATGACT GTGCTGCTTT TTAGTGTCTG GCTGCATAAT 4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTGCTG TTTTTTTCAG GAGGAGAAAG GGAACCTCCT TTACTATTCT 4921 ATATCCTAAA ATCTACTTCT AATCAGCTTT ATACTGTTGC CTGTACAGCT CAGTGAATGT 4981 ACTTTCATCT TTAAGAGTTC AGATATATGC CAGTGAATAT TTTTGCTGTA GAGGAGAAAG 5041 TAAAAACTCC ACAGCGGGGA TCTTTTTCTT TGCTTTTAAA ACCACCATTG AATCACTATC 5101 GTTTTGCAGA CTTTGCACAA CTGTACAGGA GAGTGGCCTT TCTACAGCAC ATTTTCAGTA 5161 ATCCTATATT TAGTCAAAAT GGATGAGAAA TCATTGATA ATGTTTGTAT GGAATTTTGG 5221 GTCCAGTGTA ATATTTTAT CATTTAAAAA GAACTCTATT TGTAAAAACA TTTATTTACT 5281 GCATGGATAT TGACGCACAT TAAATTTGTG GGATTTTGTA TATGTAAAAA AAAAAAAA	4501	ACCCAACTAC	ΔΑΠΔΠΩΤΉΤΑ	GTTTCAGGCT	GATGTGTGTT	ATAAAAAACA	ACACTGAAAA
4681 ATTGAATTAT GAGAGAACA ATTTAGAGGT TTTTTCCTG GCTTCATGAA TTGTTCTATA 4741 GAGTGGATGA AGTCTAAGGA AAAGTCCTCT TCATATATTT CCATTTATAA 4801 TTTGAAAGTG ATCACAGCAT GAAAATGACT GTGCTGCTTT TTAGTGTCTG GCTGCATAAT 4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTGCTG TTTTTTTCAG GAGGAGAAAG GGAACCTCCT TTACTATTCT 4921 ATATCCTAAA ATCTACTTCT AATCAGCTTT ATACTGTTGC CTGTACAGCT CAGTGAATGT 4981 ACTTTCATCT TTAAGAGTTC AGATATATGC CAGTGAATAT TTTTGCTGTA GAGGAGAAAG 5041 TAAAAACTCC ACAGCGGGA TCTTTTTCTT TGCTTTTGAA ACCACCATTG AATCACTATC 5101 GTTTTGCAGA CTTTGCACAA CTGTACAGGA GAGTGGCCTT TCTACAGCAC ATTTTCAGTA 5161 ATCCTATATT TAGTCAAAAT GGATGAGAAA TCATGTATTA ATGTTTGTAT GGAATTTTGG 5221 GTCCAGTGTA ATATTTTTAT CATTTAAAAA GAACTCTATT TGTAAAAACA TTTATTTACT 5281 GCATGGATAT TGACGCACAT TAAATTTGTG GGATTTTGTA TATGTAAAAA AAAAAAAA	4501	AGGGAAGIAC	ACTITIOTITI	TAAGGAGCAA	GCAGGTGATG	GTCATTCAAA	GAGATGTCAC
4741 GAGTGGATGA AGTCTAAGGA AAAGTCCTCT TCATATATTT CCATTTATAA GCGTCTTGTT 4801 TTTGAAAGTG ATCACAGCAT GAAAATGACT GTGCTGCTTT TTAGTGTCTG GCTGCATAAT 4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTGCTG TTTTTTTCAG GAGGAGAAAG GGAACCTCCT TTACTATTCT 4921 ATATCCTAAA ATCTACTTCT AATCAGCTTT ATACTGTTGC CAGTGAATGT 4981 ACTTTCATCT TTAAGAGTTC AGATATATGC CAGTGAATAT TTTTGCTGTA GAGGAGAAAG 5041 TAAAAACTCC ACAGCGGGGA TCTTTTTCTT TGCTTTTGAA ACCACCATTG AATCACTATC 5101 GTTTTGCAGA CTTTGCACAA CTGTACAGGA GAGTGGCCTT TCTACAGCAC ATTTTCAGTA 5161 ATCCTATATT TAGTCAAAAT GGATGAGAAA TCATGTATTA ATGTTTGTAT GGAATTTTGG 5221 GTCCAGTGTA ATATTTTAT CATTTAAAAA GAACTCTATT TGTAAAAACA TTTATTTACT 5281 GCATGGATAT TGACGCACAT TAAATTTGTG GGATTTTGTA TATGTAAAAA AAAAAAAA	4621	VULUA VULUALI OL	GAGAGAAACA	ΔጥጥጥΔGAGGጥ	TTTTTTCCTG	GCTTCATGAA	TTGTTCTATA
4801 TTTGAAAGTG ATCACAGCAT GAAAATGACT GTGCTGCTTT TTAGTGTCTG GCTGCATAAT 4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTGCTG TTTTTTTCAG GAGGAGAAAG GGAACCTCCT TTACTATTCT 4921 ATATCCTAAA ATCTACTTCT AATCAGCTTT ATACTGTTGC CTGTACAGCT CAGTGAATGT 4981 ACTTTCATCT TTAAGAGTTC AGATATATGC CAGTGAATAT TTTTGCTGTA GAGGAGAAAG 5041 TAAAAACTCC ACAGCGGGGA TCTTTTTCTT TGCTTTTGAA ACCACCATTG AATCACTATC 5101 GTTTTGCAGA CTTTGCACAA CTGTACAGGA GAGTGGCCTT TCTACAGCAC ATTTTCAGTA 5161 ATCCTATATT TAGTCAAAAT GAATCACTATT TGTAAAAAACAA TTTATTTACT 5221 GTCCAGTGTA ATATTTTAT CATTTAAAAA GAACTCTATT TGTAAAAAACA TTTATTTACT 5281 GCATGGATAT TGACGCACAT TAAATTTGTG GGATTTTGTA TATGTAAAAA AAAAAAAA	4701	ATIGAATIAT	A CTCTA A CCA	AAAGTCCTCT	TCATATATTT	CCATTTATAA	GCGTCTTGTT
4861 GTACAAGTCA CAATTTGCTG TTTTTTTCAG GAGGAGAAAG GGAACCTCCT TTACTATTCT 4921 ATATCCTAAA ATCTACTTCT AATCAGCTTT ATACTGTTGC CTGTACAGCT CAGTGAATGT 4981 ACTTTCATCT TTAAGAGTTC AGATATATGC CAGTGAATAT TTTTGCTGTA GAGGAGAAAG 5041 TAAAAACTCC ACAGCGGGGA TCTTTTTCTT TGCTTTTGAA ACCACCATTG AATCACTATC 5101 GTTTTGCAGA CTTTGCACAA CTGTACAGGA GAGTGGCCTT TCTACAGCAC ATTTTCAGTA 5161 ATCCTATATT TAGTCAAAAT GGATGAGAAA TCATGTATTA ATGTTTGTAT GGAATTTTGG 5221 GTCCAGTGTA ATATTTTAT CATTTAAAAA GAACTCTATT TGTAAAAAACA TTTATTTACT 5281 GCATGGATAT TGACGCACAT TAAATTTGTG GGATTTTGTA TATGTAAAAA AAAAAAAA	4/41	THE CANAGE OF TH	AUTCACACCAT	GAAAATGACT	GTGCTGCTTT	TTAGTGTCTG	
4921 ATATCCTAAA ATCTACTTCT AATCAGCTT ATACTGTTGC CTGTACAGCT CAGTGAATGT 4981 ACTTTCATCT TTAAGAGTTC AGATATATGC CAGTGAATAT TTTTGCTGTA GAGGAGAAAG 5041 TAAAAACTCC ACAGCGGGGA TCTTTTCTT TGCTTTTGAA ACCACCATTG AATCACTATC 5101 GTTTTGCAGAA CTGTACAGGA GAGTGGCCTT TCTACAGCAC ATTTTCAGTA 5161 ATCCTATATT TAGTCAAAAT GGATGAGAAA TCATGTATTA ATGTTTGTAT GGAATTTTGG 5221 GTCCAGTGTA ATATTTTAT CATTTAAAAA GAACTCTATT TGTAAAAACA TTTATTTACT 5281 GCATGGATAT TGACGCACAT TAAATTTGTG GGATTTTGTA TATGTAAAAA AAAAAAAA	4001	CUNCANAGIG	CAATTTCCTC	արդարարարը Մարդարարարը	GAGGAGAAAG	GGAACCTCCT	TTACTATTCT
4981 ACTTTCATCT TTAAGAGTTC AGATATATGC CAGTGAATAT TTTTGCTGTA GAGGAGAAAG 5041 TAAAAACTCC ACAGCGGGA TCTTTTCTT TGCTTTTGAA ACCACCATTG AATCACTATC 5101 GTTTTGCAGA CTTTGCACAA CTGTACAGGA GAGTGGCCTT TCTACAGCAC ATTTTCAGTA 5161 ATCCTATATT TAGTCAAAAT GGATGAGAAA TCATGTATTA ATGTTTGTAT GGAATTTTGG 5221 GTCCAGTGTA ATATTTTAT CATTTAAAAA GAACTCTATT TGTAAAAACA TTTATTTACT 5281 GCATGGATAT TGACGCACAT TAAATTTGTG GGATTTTGTA TATGTAAAAA AAAAAAAA	4001	AMAMCCANGICA		ል ልጥር ልርር ርጥጥጥ	ATACTGTTGC	CTGTACAGCT	CAGTGAATGT
5041 TAAAAACTCC ACAGCGGGA TCTTTTCTT TGCTTTTGAA ACCACCATTG AATCACTATC 5101 GTTTTGCAGA CTTTGCACAA CTGTACAGGA GAGTGGCCTT TCTACAGCAC ATTTTCAGTA 5161 ATCCTATATT TAGTCAAAAT GGATGAGAAA TCATGTATTA ATGTTTGTAT GGAATTTTGG 5221 GTCCAGTGTA ATATTTTAT CATTTAAAAA GAACTCTATT TGTAAAAAACA TTTATTTACT 5281 GCATGGATAT TGACGCACAT TAAATTTGTG GGATTTTGTA TATGTAAAAA AAAAAAAA							GAGGAGAAAG
5101 GTTTTGCAGA CTTTGCACAA CTGTACAGGA GAGTGGCCTT TCTACAGCAC ATTTTCAGTA 5161 ATCCTATATT TAGTCAAAAT GGATGAGAAA TCATGTATTA ATGTTTGTAT GGAATTTTGG 5221 GTCCAGTGTA ATATTTTTAT CATTTAAAAA GAACTCTATT TGTAAAAACA TTTATTTACT 5281 GCATGGATAT TGACGCACAT TAAATTTGTG GGATTTTGTA TATGTAAAAA AAAAAAAA	4981	ACTITICATO	1 TAAGAGI IC	արարարարարարարարարարարարարարարարարարար	ТССТОТИТЕТА		
5161 ATCCTATATT TAGTCAAAAT GGATGAGAAA TCATGTATTA ATGTTTGTAT GGAATTTTGG 5221 GTCCAGTGTA ATATTTTTAT CATTTAAAAA GAACTCTATT TGTAAAAACA TTTATTTACT 5281 GCATGGATAT TGACGCACAT TAAATTTGTG GGATTTTGTA TATGTAAAAA AAAAAAAA	5041	TAAAAACTCC	CERECCACAA	CTCTACAGGA	GAGTGGCCTT	TCTACAGCAC	ATTTTCAGTA
5221 GTCCAGTGTA ATATTTTAT CATTTAAAAA GAACTCTATT TGTAAAAACA TTTATTTACT 5281 GCATGGATAT TGACGCACAT TAAATTTGTG GGATTTTGTA TATGTAAAAA AAAAAAAA	2101	A TO COM A TO A TO	. CITIGCACAA	CIGIACACOA	בדים בים בים בים בים בים בים בים בים בים ב	ATGTTTGTAT	GGAATTTTGG
5281 GCATGGATAT TGACGCACAT TAAATTTGTG GGATTTTGTA TATGTAAAAA AAAAAAAA	2101	ATCCIAIATT	TAGICAAAAT	GATGAGAAA	CAACTCTATT	TGTAAAAACA	TTTATTTACT
5341 AAAAAAAAC AAAAAACCTC TTGTCCTAAA ATGAAGTGTG CTTGTTAACA GGTGTTTAGA 5401 CTTATTGATG TTTACTAGAC CAAATGTGTA TGTTCACTTA AAAATATATG TACCTGATGG 5461 ATGTGTCATG TTTACAGTGG CCAGGTTGTG GCCTGTAAAC AGCAAGCAGT TGACGGGAAG 5521 ACTAGCTCTG TTGCTACTAA GCAGCTTTTA CTTTTGTAAA GTCAGCTCTG TTGTTTTAAA 5581 TGGTAAAAAT TAAACTAATG AATTTGACAA GACTCGTGGC TAGCCTAGCA TGAAAGAGAC 5641 CTTTTAACAC TATATAATAT CTGTACATTT TATTGCATTC GTTTCAAATC TAGGAGAGAG	5221	GTCCAGTGTA	. MINITITAL	CETTIVE		ТАТСТААААА	AAAAAAAAA
5401 CTTATTGATG TTTACTAGAC CAAATGTGTA TGTTCACTTA AAAATATATG TACCTGATGG 5461 ATGTGTCATG TTTACAGTGG CCAGGTTGTG GCCTGTAAAC AGCAAGCAGT TGACGGGAAG 5521 ACTAGCTCTG TTGCTACTAA GCAGCTTTTA CTTTTGTAAA GTCAGCTCTG TTGTTTTAAA 5581 TGGTAAAAAT TAAACTAATG AATTTGACAA GACTCGTGGC TAGCCTAGCA TGAAAGAGAC 5641 CTTTTAACAC TATATAATAT CTGTACATTT TATTGCATTC GTTTCAAATC TAGGAGAGAG	5281	GCATGGATAT	TGACGCACAT	THAMILLAND	AUGN ACTOUR	СТТСТТАВСА	GGTGTTTAGA
5461 ATGTGTCATG TTTACAGTGG CCAGGTTGTG GCCTGTAAAC AGCAAGCAGT TGACGGGAAG 5521 ACTAGCTCTG TTGCTACTAA GCAGCTTTTA CTTTTGTAAA GTCAGCTCTG TTGTTTTAAA 5581 TGGTAAAAAT TAAACTAATG AATTTGACAA GACTCGTGGC TAGCCTAGCA TGAAAGAGAC 5641 CTTTTAACAC TATATAATAT CTGTACATTT TATTGCATTC GTTTCAAATC TAGGAGAGAG	5341	AAAAAAAAAAC	MAAAAACCTC	LIGICCIAAA	TOTOLOGIO	ΔΔΔΔΤΔΤΔΤΩ	TACCTGATGG
5521 ACTAGCTCTG TTGCTACTAA GCAGCTTTTA CTTTTGTAAA GTCAGCTCTG TTGTTTTAAA 5581 TGGTAAAAAT TAAACTAATG AATTTGACAA GACTCGTGGC TAGCCTAGCA TGAAAGAGAC 5641 CTTTTAACAC TATATAATAT CTGTACATTT TATTGCATTC GTTTCAAATC TAGGAGAGAG	5401	CTTATTGATG	TTTACTAGAC	CHAMIGIGIA	GCCTCTCTTA	<u>አርሮ</u> አርሮ አርሮ	TGACGGGAAG
5581 TGGTAAAAAT TAAACTAATG AATTTGACAA GACTCGTGGC TAGCCTAGCA TGAAAGAGAC 5641 CTTTTAACAC TATATAATAT CTGTACATTT TATTGCATTC GTTTCAAATC TAGGAGAGAG	5461	ATGTGTCATG	TTTACAGTGG	CCAGGITGIG	CALCIGINATO ACCIGINATO	CTCACCTCTC	TTGTTTTAAA
5641 CTTTTAACAC TATATAATAT CTGTACATTT TATTGCATTC GTTTCAAATC TAGGAGAGAG	5521	ACTAGCTCTG	TIGCTACTAA	CAGCTTTTA	CITITGIMAN	TACCCTACCA	TGAAAGAGAC
5641 CTTTTACAC TATATAATAT CTGTACATTT TATTGCATTC GTTTCAAATC TAGGAGAGAG 5701 GCAGCACTGT AAACTGAAGT CAAATAAATT CAGCTCTTAA TGAATCCTT	5581	TGGTAAAAAT	TAAACTAATG	AATTIGACAA	MARKICGIGGC		TAGGAGAGAG
5701 GCAGCACTGT AAACTGAAGT CAAATAAATT CAGCTCTTAA IGAATCCTT	5641	CTTTTAACAC	TATATAATAT	CTGTACATTI	TATIGCATIC	TO DUCCUM	
	5701	GCAGCACTGT	AAACTGAAGT	CAAATAAATI	CAGCICITAA	TOWNICCII	



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## Fig. 14: SEQ ID NO. 6: nucleotide sequence of human MAGUIN-2 cDNA

Length: 4350 bp

1	GTGCTCGGGG	CTTCACTCCC	GCGCGTGAGG	CGAGCGGGCA	AGTTGGCTGA
51	GGGCGTGCGG	CAGAGGCTGC	TTCCCTCGGC	GACGCGACCC	CTCAGCAACT
101	CAAGCTATGA	ACTGAAGCTC	CCTAGGGACG	GAGACCGGAG	CGGAGCGGCG
151	GAGGCAGCAG	CAGCAGCAGC	AGCAGCAGCA	GCAGCAGCAG	
201	CGCCGCCTTA	GCGGGAACTG	AGCAGACCCG	GCGCGGAGCC	ACGACTCCTG
251	CACGTTTACC	TCCCTGTCGC	CGTTCCTGCC	GGCGGTTGGC	TAAAAGACGT
301	TACAGCCGCG	AGACCCGACA	CACAAAAGCC	GCTTTCTCCG	CGCCGCCCGC
351	CCAGGGAGGC	TGCGGCCAGC	AAGGGACCCC	ACCTGAGAGC	AGCTCGGGCT
401	GCTGAGTTCG	TTTTGTGTCT	GAGCTCTGCG	CTCTGCACGG	AACCGACCCC
451	GTACCCATGG	CTCTGATAAT	GGAACCGGTG	AGCAAATGGT	CTCCGAGTCA
501	AGTAGTGGAC	TGGATGAAAG	GTCTTGATGA	CTGTTTGCAG	CAGTATATTA
551	AGAACTTTGA	GAGGGAGAAG	ATCAGTGGGG	ACCAGCTGCT	GCGCATTACA
601	CATCAGGAGC	TAGAAGATCT	GGGGGTCAGC	CGCATTGGCC	ATCAGGAACT
651	GATCTTGGAA	GCAGTTGACC	TTCTGTGTGC	ATTGAATTAT	GGCTTGGAAA
701	CAGAAAATCT	AAAAACCCTT	TCTCACAAGT	TGAATGCATC	TGCCAAAAAT
751	CTGCAGAATT	TTATAACAGG	AAGGAGAAGG	AGTGGCCATT	ATGATGGGAG
801	GACCAGCCGA	AAATTGCCAA	ACGACTTTCT	GACCTCAGTT	GTGGATCTGA
851	TTGGAGCAGC	CAAGAGTCTG	CTTGCCTGGT	TGGACAGGTC	ACCATTTGCT
901	GCTGTGACAG	ACTATTCAGT	TACAAGAAAT	AATGTCATAC	AACTCTGCCT
951	GGAGTTAACA	ACAATTGTGC	AACAGGATTG	TACTGTATAT	GAAACAGAGA
1001	ATAAAATTCT	TCACGTGTGT	AAAACTCTTT	CTGGAGTCTG	TGACCACATC
1051	ATATCCCTGT	CGTCAGATCC	TCTGGTTTCA		ACCTGGAAGT
1101	GATTCAGCTG	GCAAACATTA	AACCAAGCGA		ATGTATATTA
1151	AATCTACATA	TGATGGCCTC	CATGTAATTA		AGAAAATTCA
1201	CCTGCAGATC	GGTGCAAGAA	AATCCATGCT		
1251	TAATCATCAG	ACTGTGGTGG	GGTGGCAGTT		
1301	TACGAGAGGA	CCCGAGTGGT	GTTATCTTAA		
1351	AGCATGCTTA	CCTCAGCACC	AGCTTTACTG		
1401	CCTTGCTCTG	CAGCCTCTTA	TACCTAGAAG		
1451	CGCCTTCCAG	CACCATCAGT	ACACCCACCA		
1501	CAGGATCTCT	ACATTCCCCC	TCCTCCTGCA		
1551	TGAAAAAGGA	AACCTTCCTT	GTGAAGACCT		
1601	AGCCAGTGCA	TAAGGGATCT	GAATCACCAA		<u>_</u>
1651	TATCGAAAGA	GATTTAATAT			
1701	TGAATATGAA	AAAGGAAGAT	CAAGTAGTCA		
1751	CAACTTATGG	CAAGCTACGA	CCTATATCTA		
1801	GTGGGGGACT	ATGAAGATCC	AAATAAGATG		
1851	AAACTCTCTA	CTTCGGTATA	TGAGCAATGA		
1901	ACATGTTTCA	GAGAAACAGC	AAAAAGGACA		
1951	AAGGGTGATA	AGAGTAATAG	CCCAACTCAC		
2001	ACAAATGGAT	GCACTGAGAC			
2051	CCACACTATA	CCATACATTT			
2101	AAGAAAAACA				
2151	CAAAGATCTT	GGCCGTGGTG			
2201	ATGCGAAGAG				
2251	AAGGATGCAT	CCCTTTATTG	GTATATTAAT	GAGGAGGATO	, AAAAAGCAGA



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2301	AGGATTCATT	AGCCTGCCTG	AATTTAAAAT	TGATAGAGCC	AGTGAATGCC
2351	GCAAAAAATA	TGCATTCAAA		CTAAAATCAA	
2351	GCHAMANIA	100:1110:11			
2401	TTTGCTGCTG	AACATCTTGA	TGATATGAAC	AGGTGGCTTA	ACAGAATTAA
2401 2451	TATGCTGACT	GCAGGATATG		GAGGATTAAG	CAGGAACAAG
	ATTACTGGAG	TGAGAGTGAC	AAGGAAGAAG	CAGATACTCC	ATCAACACCA
2501	AAACAAGATA	GCCCTCCACC	CCCATATGAT	ACATACCCAC	GACCTCCCTC
2551 2601	GATGAGTTGC	GCCAGTCCTT	ATGTGGAAGC	AAAACATAGC	CGACTTTCCT
	CCACGGAGAC	TTCTCAGTCT	CAGTCTTCTC	ATGAGGAGTT	TCGCCAGGAA
2651	GTAACTGGGA	GCAGTGCAGT	GTCTCCCATT	CGCAAGACAG	CCAGTCAGCG
2701	CCGCTCCTGG	CAGGATTTAA	TTGAGACGCC	ACTGACAAGT	TCAGGCTTAC
2751 2801	ACTATCTTCA	GACTCTGCCC	CTGGAGGATT	CTGTCTTCTC	TGACTCCGCG
2851	GCCATCTCCC	CAGAGCACAG	GCGGCAGTCT	ACCCTGCCAA	CTCAGAAATG
	CCACCTGCAG	GATCACTATG	GGCCATACCC	CTTAGCTGAG	AGTGAGAGGA
2901	TGCAAGTGCT	AAATGGAAAT	GGGGGCAAGC	CTCGAAGTTT	TACTCTGCCT
2951	CGAGATAGCG		TTGCTGTCTG	AaTGCTCCAG	TTAGTGCCTG
3001	TGACCCACAG		AACCCCCAGA	GGTGGAGGAA	GAGGAGGAGG
3051		GGAAGGGGAG	GCAGCAGGGG	AAAACATAGG	AGAAAAAAGC
3101	TAATACACTG		TAGAACCTCT	CCATGCCAAA	TCGGATCCAC
3151 3201	TTCTGTTGGC	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		AGATTGATAA	GCTAATGTTT
3251	AGAGAATTTA		AGTCGGTACG		
	TCTTGCAAGC				
3301	AGACTTGTAA				GGGGCCTCCC
3351	AAAGGGATAT				
3401	ACATTGGGAC				GCACAGTAAC
3451	AGAAAACTGC				GTCTTAACTG
3501	GGAAAGGGCT				TGACACCAGG
3551	AAAAGAGAGA				TGTTTAATGG
3601	ACTCTTTGGT				ATTATGTATT
3651	ACTCTTTGGT				TACTAAATTA
3701	AGTGTAATCT				AAACTTACTA
3751	TGTTTATTCI				A GACTGCTTTC
3801	GGTGACATTA				TATAGAATCT
3851	TCAGCTAAAA	- ···			GTATACAAGT
3901	GGTGTTGCCT				TTTATAAAAT E
3951	TGAATCTATA				
4001	TCTTTCAAAC				A CTGGGTCCCC
4051	TATGGCTCA				ATGTGAAATT
4101	TCCTTTAGT				
4151	TATTTCATAC			:	
4201	TATTTTTTCT				
4251	TGTAAAAAT			A ATATGACCA	
4301	IGIAAAAAIX	4 IMMUTIMOT			

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## Figure 15: SEQ ID NO. 7

Length: 50 bp

1 GGAGAGAGGCAGCACTGTAAACTGAAGTCAAATAAATTCAGCTCTTAATG

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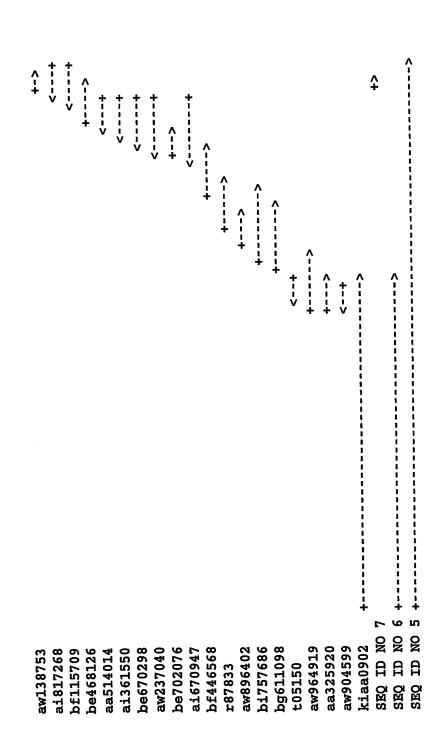
# Fig. 16: Alignment of SEQ ID NO. 7 with human MAGUIN-1 cDNA

Length: 50 bp



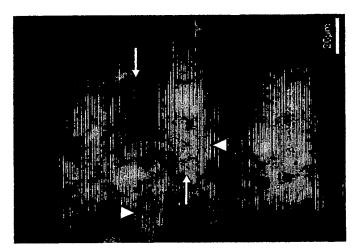
-21/26-

Fig. 17: Schematic alignment of SEQ ID NO. 5, SEQ ID NO. 6 and SEQ ID NO. 7 with Genome Database EST-cluster

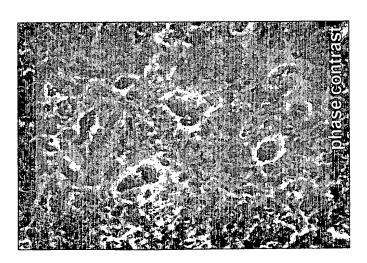


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Fig. 18: Images of the human cerebral cortex labeled with anti-Maguin-1 antiserum and with DAPI



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## Table 1:

sample	Δ (fold) (frontal / temporal cortex)
patient P01	2 2.46
patient P01	<b>6</b> 2.78
patient P01	0 4.14
patient P01	
patient P01	•
patient P01	•
patient P01	
control C01	1.28
control C01	1.29
control C01	14 0.30
control C00	1.36
control C00	)8

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## Table 2:

sample (fronta	Δ (fold) al cortex / hippocampus)
patient P012	1.37
patient P016	3.07
patient P010	2.99
patient P011	2.28
patient P014	1.21
patient P019	1.48
control C005	1.74
control C008	0.39
control C004	0.87

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#### Table 3:

sample (fro	Δ (fold) ontal / temporal cortex)
patient P012	2.68
patient P016	2.72
patient P010	11.73
patient P011	2.44
patient P014	1.77
patient P017	3.43
patient P019	4.02
control C011	1.42
control C012	1.22
control C014	0.30
control C005	0.92
control C008	0.81

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## Table 4:

sample (front	Δ (fold) al cortex / hippocampus)
patient P012	1.57
patient P016	4.38
patient P010	9.08
patient P011	4.53
patient P014	0.72
patient P019	1.37
control C005	1.84
control C008	0.46
control C004	1.69



#### SEOUENCE LISTING

- <110> Evotec NeuroSciences GmbH
- <120> DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC USE OF HUMAN MAGUIN PROTEINS AND NUCLEIC ACIDS FOR NEURODEGENERATIVE DISEASES
- <130> 030640wo ME/BM
- <140> 02006353.3
- <141> 2002-03-21
- <160> 24
- <170> PatentIn Ver. 2.1
- <210> 1
- <211> 1034
- <212> PRT
- <213> Homo sapiens
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- Asn Phe Glu Arg Glu Lys Ile Ser Gly Asp Gln Leu Leu Arg Ile Thr 40 35
- His Gln Glu Leu Glu Asp Leu Gly Val Ser Arg Ile Gly His Gln Glu
- Leu Ile Leu Glu Ala Val Asp Leu Leu Cys Ala Leu Asn Tyr Gly Leu 70 65
- Glu Thr Glu Asn Leu Lys Thr Leu Ser His Lys Leu Asn Ala Ser Ala 90
- Lys Asn Leu Gln Asn Phe Ile Thr Gly Arg Arg Ser Gly His Tyr 105
- Asp Gly Arg Thr Ser Arg Lys Leu Pro Asn Asp Phe Leu Thr Ser Val 120 115
- Val Asp Leu Ile Gly Ala Ala Lys Ser Leu Leu Ala Trp Leu Asp Arg 135
- Ser Pro Phe Ala Ala Val Thr Asp Tyr Ser Val Thr Arg Asn Asn Val 150
- Ile Gln Leu Cys Leu Glu Leu Thr Thr Ile Val Gln Gln Asp Cys Thr 170 165



Val :	Fyr	Glu	Thr 180	Glu	Asn	Lys		Leu 185	His	Val	Сув	Lys	Thr 190	Leu	Ser
Gly '	Val	Cys 195	qaA	His	Ile	Ile	Ser 200	Leu	Ser	Ser	Asp	Pro 205	Leu	Val	Ser
Gln	Ser 210	Ala	His	Leu	Glu	Val 215	Ile	Gln	Leu	Ala	Asn 220	Ile	ГÀЗ	Pro	Ser
Glu ( 225					230					235					240
Ile				245					250					255	
His			260					265					270		
		275					280					<b>∠</b> 0⊃			
	290		Thr			295					300				
305			Leu		310					315					320
				325	;				330	)				333	
			340	)				345					350	,	Тут
		355	5				360	)				365	•		Gly
	370	)				375	5				380	)			val
385					390	)				39:	•				Arg 400
				405	5				41	0				41:	
			42	0				42	5				43	U	r Pro
		43	5				44	0				44	5		n Trp
Val	45		р Ту	r Gl	u As	p Pr 45		n Ly	s Me	t Ly	s Ar 46	g As	p Se	r Ar	g Arg



Glu 465	Asn	Ser	Leu	Leu	Arg ' 470	Tyr	Met	Ser	Asn	Glu 475	ГÀз	Ile	Ala	Gln	Glu 480
Glu	Tyr	Met	Phe	Gln 485	Arg	Asn	Ser	Lys	Lув 490	Asp	Thr	Gly	Lys	<b>Lys</b> 495	Ser
Lys	Lys	ГЛа	Gly 500	Asp	ГÀв	Ser	Asn	Ser 505	Pro	Thr	His	Tyr	Ser 510	Leu	Leu
Pro	Ser	Leu 515	Gln	Met	Asp	Ala	Leu 520	Arg	Gln	Asp	Ile	Met 525	Gly	Thr	Pro
Val	Pro 530	Glu	Thr	Thr	Leu	Tyr 535	His	Thr	Phe	Gln	Gln 540	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gln
His 545	Lys	Ser	Lys	Lys	<b>L</b> уs 550	Asn	ГÀв	Gly	Pro	Ile 555	Ala	Gly	Ьys	Ser	Lys 560
Arg	Arg	Ile	Ser	Cys 565	Lys	Asp	Leu	Gly	Arg 570	Gly	Asp	Cys	Glu	Gly 575	Trp
Leu	Trp	Lys	Lys 580		Asp	Ala	Lys	Ser 585	Tyr	Phe	Ser	Gln	. Lys 590	Trp	Lys
Ьys	туг	Tr:		val	Leu	ГЛ	Asp 600	Ala	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Trp 605	Туг	·Ile	: Asn
Glu	1 Glu 610		o Glu	ı Lys	Ala	Glu 615	Gly	Phe	: Ile	e Ser	620	Pro	Glu	ı Phe	e Lys
Ile 625		Ar	g Ala	a Ser	Glu 630	Сув	arç	ј Гуз	з Ьуз	63!	c Ala	Phe	e Lys	s Ala	640
Hi	s Pro	э Гу	s Il	e Lys 645	s Ser	Phe	э Туг	: Phe	e Ala 650	a Ala	a Glu	n His	s Le	1 Asj 65!	o Asp
Me	t As:	n Ar	g Tr 66		ı Asr	ı Arş	g Ile	66!	n Me	t Le	u Thi	c Ala	a Gl	у Ту: 0	r Ala
Gl	u Ar	g Gl 67		g Il	е Ьуя	s Gl	n Gl	ս Gl: 0	n As	р Ту	r Tr	p Se: 68	r Gl	u Se	r Asp
Lу	s Gl 69		u Al	a As	p Thi	r Pr 69	o Se	r Th	r Pr	о Гу	s Gl:	n As	p Se	r Pr	o Pro
Pr 70		ю Ту	r As	p Th	r Ty:	r Pr 0	o Ar	g Pr	o Pr	o Se 71	r Me	t Se	r Cy	s Al	a Ser 720
Pı	ю Ту	r Va	al Gl	lu Al 72	а <b>L</b> y 5	s Hi	s Se	r Ar	g Le 73	u Se 10	er Se	r Th	r Gl	u Th. 73	r Ser 35
G]	ln Se	er G		er Se 10	er Hi	s Gl	u Gl	u Ph 74	ie Ar 15	g G	ln Gl	u Va	11 Th 75	nr G] 50	ly Ser

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- Gln Asp Leu Ile Glu Thr Pro Leu Thr Ser Ser Gly Leu His Tyr Leu 770 780
- Gln Thr Leu Pro Leu Glu Asp Ser Val Phe Ser Asp Ser Ala Ala Ile 785 790 795 800
- Ser Pro Glu His Arg Arg Gln Ser Thr Leu Pro Thr Gln Lys Cys His 805 810 815
- Leu Gln Asp His Tyr Gly Pro Tyr Pro Leu Ala Glu Ser Glu Arg Met 820 825 830
- Gln Val Leu Asn Gly Asn Gly Gly Lys Pro Arg Ser Phe Thr Leu Pro 835 840 845
- Arg Asp Ser Gly Phe Asn His Cys Cys Leu Asn Ala Pro Val Ser Ala 850 855
- Cys Asp Pro Gln Asp Asp Val Gln Pro Pro Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Glu 865 870 875 880
- Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Gly Glu Ala Gly Glu Asn Ile Gly Glu 885 890 895
- Lys Ser Glu Ser Arg Glu Glu Lys Leu Gly Asp Ser Leu Gln Asp Leu 900 905 910
- Tyr Arg Ala Leu Glu Gln Ala Ser Leu Ser Pro Leu Gly Glu His Arg 915 920 925
- Ile Ser Thr Lys Met Glu Tyr Lys Leu Ser Phe Ile Lys Arg Cys Asn 930 940
- Asp Pro Val Met Asn Glu Lys Leu His Arg Leu Arg Ile Leu Lys Ser 945 950 955 960
- Thr Leu Lys Ala Arg Glu Gly Glu Val Ala Ile Ile Asp Lys Val Leu 965 970 975
- Asp Asn Pro Asp Leu Thr Ser Lys Glu Phe Gln Gln Trp Lys Gln Met 980 985 990
- Tyr Leu Asp Leu Phe Leu Asp Ile Cys Gln Asn Thr Thr Ser Asn Asp 995 1000 1005
- Pro Leu Ser Ile Ser Ser Glu Val Asp Val Ile Thr Ser Ser Leu Ala 1010 1015 1020
- His Thr His Ser Tyr Ile Glu Thr His Val 1025 1030

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Ala Gly Ile Asn Pro Arg Thr Glu Ile Asn Leu Glu Asn Gly Thr His

Ala Ala Met Ala Leu Ile Met Glu Pro Val Ser Lys Trp Ser Pro Ser 55

Gln Val Val Asp Trp Met Lys Gly Leu Asp Asp Cys Leu Gln Gln Tyr

Ile Lys Asn Phe Glu Arg Glu Lys Ile Ser Gly Asp Gln Leu Leu Arg

Ile Thr His Gln Glu Leu Glu Asp Leu Gly Val Ser Arg Ile Gly His 105

Gln Glu Leu Ile Leu Glu Ala Val Asp Leu Leu Cys Ala Leu Asn Tyr 120

Gly Leu Glu Thr Glu Asn Leu Lys Thr Leu Ser His Lys Leu Asn Ala 135 130

Ser Ala Lys Asn Leu Gln Asn Phe Ile Thr Gly Arg Arg Ser Gly

His Tyr Asp Gly Arg Thr Ser Arg Lys Leu Pro Asn Asp Phe Leu Thr 165

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Asp Arg Ser Pro Phe Ala Ala Val Thr Asp Tyr Ser Val Thr Arg Asn 200

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Leu Ser Gly Val Cys Asp His Ile Ile Ser Leu Ser Ser Asp Pro Leu

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CT/EP03/02857

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4	International Potent Classification (IP)	C) or to both national classific	ation and IPC					
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC  B. FIELDS SEARCHED								
Minimum do	cumentation searched (classification s	system followed by classificati	on symbols)					
IPC 7 C12N C07K G01N C12Q A61K								
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched								
Electronic data base consulted during the International search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)								
GENSEQ, EMBL, EPO-Internal, WPI Data								
C. DOCUME	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVA							
Category °	Citation of document, with indication	, where appropriate, of the re	levant passages	Relevant to claim No.				
x	DATABASE EMBL 'C	Online!		11,13,				
"	16 January 2002 (	(2002-01-16)		14,16, 20,26,				
	LANIGAN,T.M. AND connector enhance	GUAN, K.L.: "HO	mo sapiens complete	28,29				
	cds."		, сопртсос					
	Database accession no. AF418269 XP002210679							
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X Fur	ther documents are listed in the conti	nuation of box C.	Patent family membe	ers are listed in annex.				
1 '	alegories of cited documents:		or priority date and not in	after the international filing date conflict with the application but				
"A" docum	ent defining the general state of the a dered to be of particular relevance	art which is not	cited to understand the p	rinciple or theory underlying the				
"E" earlier document but published on or after the international			"X" document of particular rela	evance; the claimed invention vel or cannot be considered to				
filing date  "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another  ""			involve an inventive step	when the claimed invention				
*O* docum	on or other special reason (as specific nent referring to an oral disclosure, us	ea)	cannot be considered to	Involve an inventive step when the rith one or more other such docu- being obvious to a person skilled				
other means			in the art.	in the art.  8 document member of the same patent family				
	actual completion of the internationa	l search	Date of mailing of the inte					
	18 June 2003		30/06/2003					
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International Ron No
PCT/EP 03/02857

		FC1/E1 03/02837
	ion) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	Relevant to ctaim No.
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Helevani to Claim No.
X	DATABASE GENSEQ 'Online!  8 November 2000 (2000-11-08)  TAKAI,Y. ET AL.: "Rat MAGUIN 1 protein"  Database accession no. AAY92942  XP002210736  -& DATABASE WPI Section Ch, Week 200033  Derwent Publications Ltd., London, GB;  Class B04, AN 2000-387785  XP002210680  & WO 00 29572 A (KAGAKU GIJUTSU SHINKO JIGYODAN), 25 May 2000 (2000-05-25)  abstract	11,13, 14,16, 20,26, 28,29
	DATABASE GENSEQ 'Online!  8 November 2000 (2000-11-08)  TAKAI, Y. ET AL.: "Rat MAGUIN 2 protein"  Database accession no. AAY92943  XP002210737  -& DATABASE WPI Section Ch, Week 200033  Derwent Publications Ltd., London, GB;  Class B04, AN 2000-387785  XP002210680  & WO 00 29572 A (KAGAKU GIJUTSU SHINKO JIGYODAN), 25 May 2000 (2000-05-25)  abstract	11,13, 14,16, 20,26, 28,29

#### FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.2

Claims Nos.: 12-15 (in part) and 19, 21-25 (complete)

Present claim 12 relates to a method of treating or preventing a neurodegenerative disease, said method comprising adminstering to said subject an amount of an agent, wherein said agent is defined by reference to a desirable characterisite or property, namely, that said agent directly or indirectly modulates the activity or level of the (i) gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2; and/or (ii) a transcription product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 or human MAGUIN-2 and/or (iii) a translation product of a gene coding for human MAGUIN-1 and/or human MAGUIN-2 and/or a fragment, or derivative, or variant of (1) to (iii). The claims cover the methods that involve the adminastration of an agent having this characteristic or property, whereas the application provides support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT for only a very limited number of such agents. In the present case, the claims so lack support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search of the claimed scope is impossible. Independent of the above reasoning, the claims also lack clarity (Article 6 PCT). An attempt is made to define the agent by reference to a result to be achieved. Again, this lack of clarity in the present case is such as to render a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope impossible. Consequently, the search has been carried out for those parts of the claims which appear to be clear, supported and disclosed, namely those parts relating to the methods which make use of the agent, wherein the agent comprises the human MAGUIN-1 or MAGUIN-2 polypeptide sequences or the corresponding polynucleotide sequence in sense or antisense orientation (see page 14 from the description).

The same objection applies to claim 13, which refers to the above mentioned agent or modulator as such, to claim 14 which refers to pharmaceutical compositions comprising said modulator and to claim 15, which refers to the second medical use of said modulator.

Present claim 19 relates to a method for the identification of a compound for inhibition of binding between a ligand and human MAGUIN-1 or MAGUIN-2, wherein said method implies contacting MAGUIN-1 or MAGUIN-2 with a detectable ligand in the presence of the compound to be tested. The claim cover all possible MAGUIN ligands, whereas the application does not provides support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT for any of such MAGUIN ligandss. In the present case, the claim so lacks support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search of the claim is impossible. Independent of the above reasoning, the claim also lack clarity (Article 6 PCT). An attempt is made to define the product by reference to a result to be achieved. Again, this lack of clarity in the present case is such as to render a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope impossible. Consequently, the search has been not carried out for those claims.

Claims 21-25 relate to methods of producing medicaments and medicaments

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#### FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

obtained by said method, wherein said medicaments contain a compound which is defined by reference to a desirable characterisitic or property, namely, that the compund can be identified by the methods of claim 18-20. The claims cover all compounds having this characteristic or property, whereas the application provides support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT for none of such compounds. In the present case, the claims so lack support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope is impossible. Independent of the above reasoning, the claims also lack clarity (Article 6 PCT). An attempt is made to define the compound by reference to a result to be achieved. Again, this lack of clarity in the present case is such as to render a meaningful search of the claim impossible. Consequently, the search has not been carried out for those claims.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.





Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of Item 1 of first sheet)					
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:					
1. X Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:					
Although claims 12 and 17 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.					
2. X Claims Nos.: 12-15 (in part) and 19, 21-25 (complete) because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:					
see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210					
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).					
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of Item 2 of first sheet)					
This international Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:					
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.					
As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.					
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:					
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:					
Remark on Protest  The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.  No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.					

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